# STATE OF HAWAII

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



DOUGLAS MURDOCK
COMPTROLLER

# **HAWAII**

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



DOUGLAS MURDOCK

Prepared by Accounting Division Department of Accounting and General Services

Independent Audit Contracted and Administered by Office of the State Auditor

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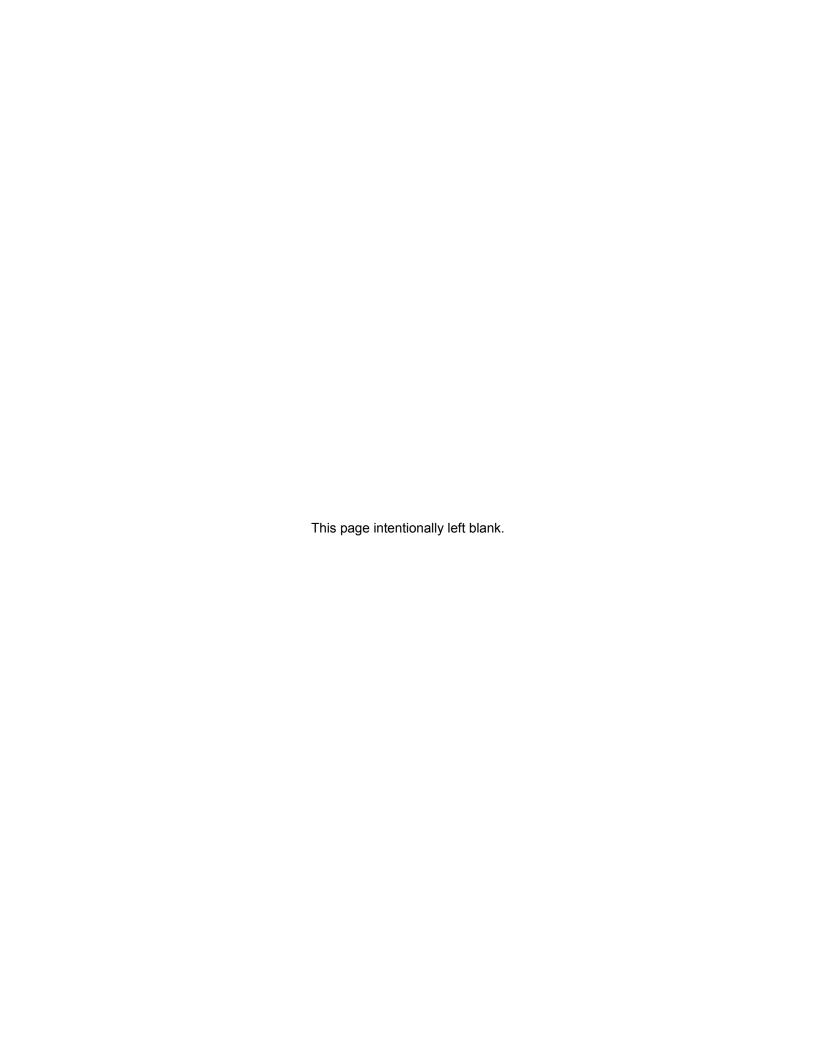
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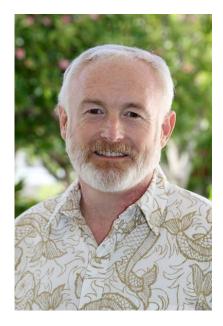
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Douglas Murdock Comptroller



**Director of Taxation** 

Comptroller

**Deputy Comptroller** 



Audrey Hidano Deputy Comptroller

David Y. Ige

Wesley K. Machida

Maria E. Zielinski

**Douglas Murdock** 

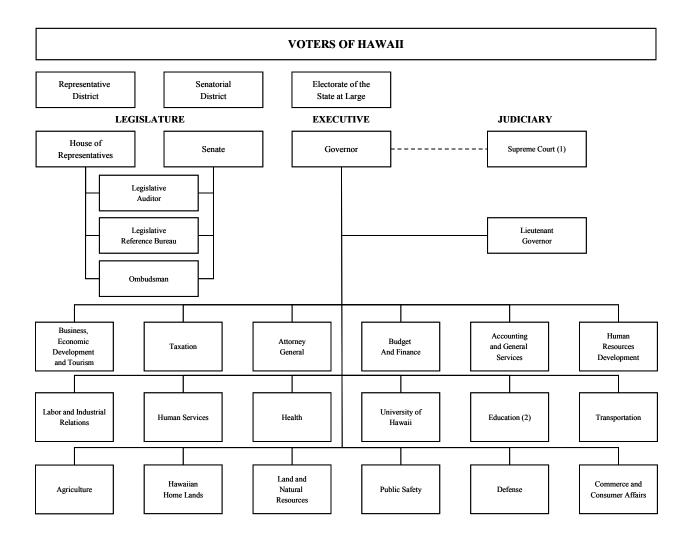
**Audrey Hidano** 

#### Notes:

The Director of Finance is also department head of the Department of Budget and Finance.

The Comptroller is also department head of the Department of Accounting and General Services.

An organizational chart including those and other departments and agencies of the State of Hawaii government is presented on the following page.



(1) The Governor's appointment of justices of the Supreme Court confirmed by the Senate.

DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR



DOUGLAS MURDOCK Comptroller

AUDREY HIDANO Deputy Complroller

# STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING AND GENERAL SERVICES

P.O. BOX 119, HONOLULU, HAWAII 96810-0119

December 30, 2015

To the Honorable Governor of the State of Hawaii To the Honorable Members of the Twenty-Eighth State Legislature of the State of Hawaii

In accordance with the provisions of Section 40-5 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, it is our privilege to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of Hawaii (the State) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The State's Department of Accounting and General Services has prepared this report. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the State: We believe the information, as presented, is fairly stated in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the State as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all the information necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the State's financial affairs has been included.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The State's MD&A is included in Part II of this report.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

With Hawaii's highly centralized state government, the State provides a full range of services as mandated by statute. These services include, but are not limited to, education (lower and higher), welfare, transportation (highways, airports, and harbors), health, hospitals, public safety, housing, culture and recreation, economic development, and conservation of natural resources.

This report includes the various funds comprising the State, including all entities that are accountable to the State. The Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii, which is administered on behalf of public employees for both the state and county governments, and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs, which exists for the betterment of the conditions of native Hawaiians, are not included in the State's basic financial statements because those agencies, based on their fiscal independence and/or separate legal entity status, are not accountable to the State.

#### **FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION**

The information presented in the basic financial statements is perhaps best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the State operates.

#### State of the Economy

#### Overview

During the third quarter of 2015 Hawaii's economic indicators for the tourism industry, tax revenues, the construction industry, and unemployment were mostly positive. State general fund tax revenues, visitor arrivals and expenditures, wage and salary jobs, personal income, government contracts awarded, and private building permits all increased, with only State construction in progress expenditures decreasing.

#### Labor

Since the fourth quarter of 2010, Hawaii's jobs increased for the 20th consecutive quarter. During the first nine months of 2015, Hawaii's total civilian employment averaged 648,850 persons, an increase of 11,150 persons or 1.7% over the same period in 2014. The number of wage and salary jobs was up 7,400 to 637,500 for an increase of 1.2%. Job increases were most notable in retail trade (1,700), health care and social assistance (1,700), professional and business services (1,600) and food services and drinking places (1,500). A few sectors experienced declines including state government (800), federal government (500) and accommodation (300). Hawaii's civilian unemployment rate (not seasonally adjusted) averaged 3.9% for the first nine months of 2015, compared to 4.5% for the same period in 2014.

#### Taxes

The State General Fund tax revenues increased \$444.2 million, or 10.8%, during the first nine months of 2015 compared to the same period in 2014. Among its components, net individual income tax collections increased \$234.8 million or 17.8%, general excise and use tax (GET) collections increased \$145.1 million or 6.5%, transient accommodations tax (TAT) collections were up \$21.3 million or 6.7%, and net corporate income tax revenues increased \$21.1 million or 45.1%.

#### Personal Income

Total nominal personal income, not adjusted for inflation, increased \$5.7 billion, or 4.4% in the first half of 2015 compared to the same period in 2014. Among its components, the fastest growth was seen in wages and salaries which increased \$2.6 billion or 4.0%, personal current transfer receipts which increased \$1.1 billion or 5.5%, and dividends, interest, and rent which increased \$1.0 billion or 3.6%. Contributions for government social insurance, which are subtracted from personal income, increased by 1.4%.

#### **Prices**

Honolulu's consumer price index (CPI) increased 0.7% for the first half of 2015 compared to the same period in 2014, higher than the 0.1% United States (U.S.) average CPI-U decrease. The Honolulu increase was primarily due to increases in other goods and services (5.3%), medical care (4.8%), food and beverages (4.2%), and education and communication (3.1%). Prices also increased for housing (1.0%) and recreation (0.9%). The price decreased for transportation and apparel (8.6% and 2.1% respectively).

#### Recent Developments in Hawaii's Major Industries

#### Visitor Industry

In the first nine months of 2015, total visitor arrivals by air increased 262,000 or 4.3% compared to the same period of 2014. Domestic arrivals (visitors on flights originating inside of the U.S.) increased 5.3% while international arrivals increased 2.2%. Total visitor days (visitor arrivals multiplied by average length of stay) increased 3.8% in the first nine months of 2015 compared to the same period of 2014 and total visitor spending increased \$294.5 million or 2.7% over the same

period. Statewide hotel occupancy rate averaged 79.1% in the first half of 2015, 1.6% higher than the average rate during the same period of 2014.

#### Construction

Hawaii's construction industry has been one of the steady contributors to job growth over the past few years. In the first nine months of 2015, the construction sector added 1,100 jobs or 3.5% from the same period of 2014. Before the recession, specifically the period from 2002 to 2007, construction job growth averaged 8.0% per year. The strength of the current construction job market is a sharp contrast to the recession period. From the second quarter of 2008 until the second quarter of 2011, construction job growth was negative.

#### Outlook for Hawaii's Economy

The latest Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT) forecast for Hawaii's economy is continued positive growth for the rest of 2015 and into 2016. Hawaii's economy depends significantly on conditions in the U.S. economy and key international economies, especially Japan. The November 2015 Blue Chip Economic Consensus Forecasts expects real GDP growth in 2016 to increase 2.6% for the U.S. and 1.1% for Japan.

For 2016, the growth rate of visitor arrivals, visitor days and visitor expenditures are expected to be 1.7%, 1.8% and 3.5%, respectively.

DBEDT projects total non-agricultural wage and salary jobs to increase 1.2% in 2016. Real Personal Income is expected to increase 3.0% in 2016 with real GDP projected to increase 2.3% in the same period.

DBEDT projects Hawaii's inflation, as measured in terms of changes in the Honolulu CPI, to increase 2.3% in 2016. The State GDP deflator is forecast to grow 1.6% in 2016.

#### ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

In developing and maintaining the State's accounting system, consideration is given to the effectiveness of internal control, which is designed to accomplish certain objectives of management, including:

- 1. Transactions are executed in accordance with management's general and specific authorization.
- 2. Transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and to maintain accountability for assets.
- 3. Access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's authorization.

Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the above objectives were accomplished. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from that control. The evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. We believe that the State's internal controls are effective in accomplishing management's objectives.

By statutory provision, the State prepares a biennial budget for its programs. Budgeted expenditures are derived primarily from the General Appropriations Act of 2013 (Act 134, SLH 2013), and as amended by the Supplemental Appropriations Act of 2014 (Act 122, SLH 2014), and from other authorizations contained in the State Constitution, the Hawaii Revised Statutes, and other specific appropriations acts in various Session Laws of Hawaii. Revenue estimates are provided to the State Legislature at the time of budget consideration and are revised and updated periodically during the fiscal year.

An allotment system and encumbrance accounting are utilized by the State for budgetary control purposes. Obligations in the form of purchase orders or contracts are recorded as encumbrances at the time purchase orders or contracts are awarded and executed. To the extent not expended or encumbered, General Fund and Special Revenue Fund appropriations subject to budgetary control generally lapse at the end of the fiscal year for which the appropriations were made. The State Legislature specifies the lapse date and any other particular conditions relating to terminating the authorizations for other appropriations.

#### **EMPLOYEE UNION CONTRACTS**

The State Constitution grants public employees in Hawaii the right to organize for the purpose of collective bargaining as provided by law. In 2013, the Legislature created a new bargaining unit. This bargaining unit is composed of State and county employees, relocating individuals from two existing collective bargaining units into the new Bargaining Unit 14. An arbitration hearing was held in November 2015 and an arbitration award subject to Legislative approval is expected in January 2016 for the initial collective bargaining agreement for this new unit.

Of the other 13 collective bargaining units, 12 include State employees. All 12 units have collective bargaining agreements in effect through June 30, 2017.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Although the State statutes do not require an annual audit of the State's financial statements, the State engaged a firm of independent certified public accountants to audit the State's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The independent auditors' report has been included in Part II of this report.

#### **CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

We extend our appreciation to the staff of the various State agencies whose dedicated time and effort made the preparation of this report possible. Their combined efforts have produced a report that we believe will serve as a helpful source of information for anyone having an interest in the financial operations of the State.

Respectfully submitted,

DOUGLAS MURDOCK Comptroller, State of Hawaii



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

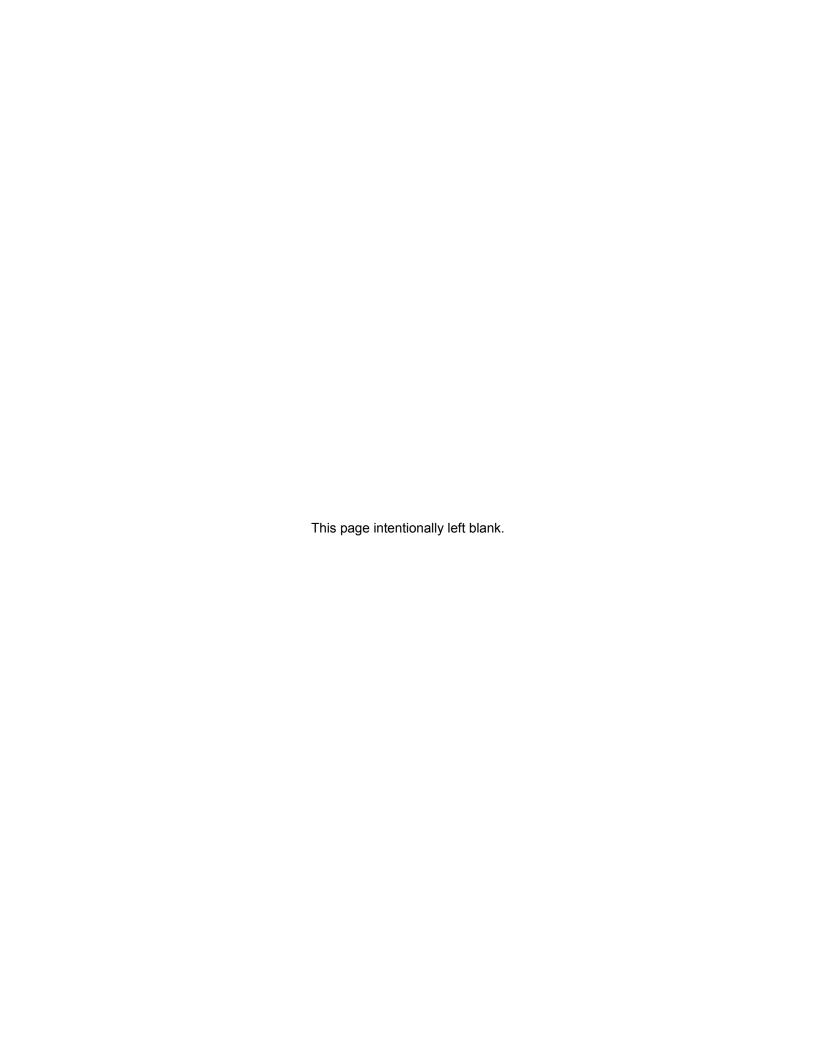
Presented to

State of Hawaii

For its Comprehensive Annual. Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO







#### **Report of Independent Auditors**

The Auditor State of Hawaii

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Hawaii (the State) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State of Hawaii's basic financial statements (pages 30–110) as listed in the accompanying table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these respective financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Department of Transportation – Airports and Harbors Divisions, which are major enterprise funds; the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund, the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund and the Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund, which are nonmajor enterprise funds; the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund, an agency of the State; and the Hawaii Public Housing Authority, the Hawaii Tourism Authority, the Hawaii Community Development Authority, and the Hawaii Health Systems Corporation which are discretely presented component units, which represent the following percentages of total assets and revenues and additions for the indicated opinion units.

Opinion Unit	Percent of Opinion Unit's Total Assets	Opinion Unit's  Total  Revenues/Additions
Business-Type Activities	92%	76%
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	27%	38%
Fiduciary Funds	64%	6%



999 Bishop Street, Suite 1900 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Telephone: 808 531 3400 Facsimile: 808 531 3433

Darsant of

Those financial statements listed above were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Department of Transportation – Airports and Harbors Divisions, the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund, the Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund, the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund, the Hawaii Public Housing Authority, the Hawaii Tourism Authority, the Hawaii Community Development Authority, and the Hawaii Health Systems Corporation, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The reports on the Department of Transportation – Airports and Harbors Divisions, the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund, the Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund, the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund, the Hawaii Public Housing Authority, the Hawaii Tourism Authority, and the Hawaii Health Systems Corporation contain an emphasis-of-matter paragraph relating to the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Hawaii, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 14–27), budgetary comparison information (pages 113–116 and 126–132), Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (page 117), Schedule of Contributions (page 118), and Schedules of Funding Progress (page 119) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic

financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Hawaii's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements (pages 122–125 and 133–137), introductory section (pages 1–8) and statistical section (pages 140–173) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of the State of Hawaii's management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2015, the State adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2015, on our consideration of the State of Hawaii's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the State of Hawaii's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Honolulu, Hawaii December 30, 2015

Accenty LLP

As management of the State of Hawaii (the State), we offer readers of the State's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the State for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that has been furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3–7 of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

#### Implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71

During fiscal year 2015, the State implemented GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

The adoption of Statement Nos. 68 and 71 has no impact on the State's governmental fund financial statements, which continue to report expenditures in the amount statutorily required. However, adoption has resulted in the restatement of the State's fiscal year 2014 government-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of net pension liability in accordance with the provisions of Statement No. 68 and contributions after the measurement date in accordance with Statement No. 71.

Net position as of July 1, 2014 was decreased by \$4,024,656,000 to \$645,611,000 reflecting the retrospective effect of adoption.

Net pension liability of \$4,047,882,000, deferred outflow of resources related to pensions of \$504,356,000, and deferred inflows of resources of \$473,909,000 were reported as of June 30, 2015. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the State recognized pension expense of \$438,288,000. Refer to Note 11 for more information regarding the State's pension.

#### **Government-Wide Highlights**

The assets of the State exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2015 by \$888.8 million (net position). Unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the State's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, was a negative \$6.4 billion, a decrease of \$4.3 billion from the previous year. Net position of governmental activities and business-type activities decreased by \$3.9 billion and increased by \$130.8 million, respectively, due to implementation of Statement Nos. 68 and 71, in addition to current year activity. The combined decrease to the State was \$3.8 billion from the prior fiscal year.

#### **Fund Highlights**

At June 30, 2015, the State's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2.5 billion, an increase of \$484.9 million from the prior fiscal year. Of this amount, \$1.6 billion, or 63.7%, of total fund balances was in the General Fund, and the remaining \$907.2 million represent amounts in other funds designated for specific purposes. The Proprietary Funds reported net fund position of \$4.0 billion at June 30, 2015, an increase of \$266.2 million during the fiscal year.

#### Liabilities

The State's liabilities increased due primarily to the adoption of Statement Nos. 68 and 71 during the current fiscal year to \$18.6 billion, an increase of \$5.0 billion. During fiscal 2015, the State issued General Obligation Refunding bonds in the amount of \$209.0 million to advance refund \$416.9 million of previously issued outstanding General Obligation bonds and \$199.8 million in taxable General Obligation Refunding bonds for financing capital projects. In addition, the State issued \$575.0 million in General Obligation bonds and \$25.0 million in taxable General Obligation bonds. During fiscal 2015, the State issued Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$60.3 million to refund previously issued outstanding Revenue Bonds, \$150.0 million to provide funds for environmentally beneficial projects and \$103.4 million for financing capital projects.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting By Employers For Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the State increased the liability for postemployment benefits other than pension, to \$3.7 billion, an increase of \$284.3 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

#### **Overview of the Basic Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the State's basic financial statements. The State's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Government-Wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by GASB and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The Government-Wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the State's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the State's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the State is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the State's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and unused vacation leave).

Both of the Government-Wide financial statements distinguish functions of the State that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the State include general government, public safety, conservation of natural resources, highways, health, welfare, education, culture and recreation, urban redevelopment and housing, economic development and assistance, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the State include the Department of Transportation – Airports Division (Airports), Department of Transportation – Harbors Division (Harbors), and the Unemployment Compensation Fund, which are considered to be major funds, while the remaining business-type activities are combined into a single aggregate presentation.

The Government-Wide financial statements include not only the State itself (known as the Primary Government), but also the activities of seven legally separate Component Units: the Hawaii Community Development Authority, the Hawaii Health Systems Corporation, the Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation, the Hawaii Hurricane Relief Fund, the Hawaii Public Housing Authority, the Hawaii Tourism Authority, and the University of Hawaii, comprised of the State's public institutions of higher education, for which the State is financially accountable. Financial information for these Component Units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the Primary Government itself. The Component Units issue separate financial statements containing management's discussion and analysis.

The Government-Wide financial statements can be found on pages 30–32 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The State, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the State can be divided into three categories: (1) Governmental Funds, (2) Proprietary Funds, and (3) Fiduciary Funds.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide financial statements, Governmental Funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the State's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of Governmental Funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for Governmental Funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the State's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds balance sheet and the Governmental Funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between Governmental Funds and governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements.

Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds balance sheet and in the Governmental Funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other Governmental Funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor Governmental Funds is provided in the form of combining financial statements in the supplementary information section of this report.

The State adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund is located in the required supplementary information and the budgetary comparison statements for each of the Special Revenue Funds are located in the supplementary information section of this report.

The basic Governmental Funds financial statements can be found on pages 34–37 of this report.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary Funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. They are known as Enterprise Funds because they charge fees for services provided to outsiders. They are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-Wide financial statements. The State uses Enterprise Funds to account for the operations of Airports, Harbors, the Unemployment Compensation Fund, and its other business-type activities.

Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Proprietary Funds financial statements provide separate information for Airports, Harbors, and the Unemployment Compensation Fund, each of which are considered to be major funds of the State. Conversely, the other business-type activities are combined into a single, aggregate presentation in the Proprietary Funds financial statements.

The basic Proprietary Funds financial statements can be found on pages 38-42 of this report.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the State. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the Government-Wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the State's own programs. The accounting used for Fiduciary Funds is much like that used for Proprietary Funds.

The basic Fiduciary Funds financial statements can be found on pages 43-44 of this report.

#### Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes to basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 52–110 of this report.

#### **Other Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents a section of required supplementary information other than management's discussion and analysis, which contains budget-to-actual schedules for the State's General and Med-Quest Special Revenue Funds as well as accompanying notes. This section also includes a Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions, and Schedules of Funding Progress.

The combining financial statements referred to earlier are presented in the required supplementary information (RSI) immediately following the required supplemental information other than management's discussion and analysis. These combining statements provide details about the nonmajor Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds. The total columns of these combining financial statements carry to the applicable fund financial statements.

The statistical section containing information regarding financial trends, revenue capacity and debt capacity, as well as demographic, economic and operating information follows immediately after the RSI.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The following financial analysis focuses on the Primary Government (governmental and business-type activities of the State). Separate financial statements for each of the State's Component Units, including their respective management's discussion and analysis, can be obtained from the Department of Accounting and General Services.

Net position is a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the State, total assets exceed liabilities by \$888.8 million as of June 30, 2015, and net position decreased \$3.8 billion, or 81.0% from June 30, 2014 balances as previously reported. The net position of the governmental activities decreased by \$3.9 billion, or 486.1%, and business-type activities had an increase of \$130.8 million, or 3.4%. In addition to the fiscal year 2015 activity, net position was affected by the retrospective implementation of Statement Nos. 68 and 71. The following table was derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

#### Summary Schedule of Net Position June 30, 2015 and 2014 (Amounts in thousands)

	Primary Government								
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities	To	otal			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014			
Assets									
Current and other assets	\$ 4,218,887	\$ 3,522,709	\$ 2,923,501	\$ 2,978,774	\$ 7,142,388	\$ 6,501,483			
Capital assets, net	9,176,892	8,978,930	2,989,332	2,671,775	12,166,224	11,650,705			
Total assets	\$ 13,395,779	\$ 12,501,639	\$ 5,912,833	\$ 5,650,549	\$ 19,308,612	\$ 18,152,188			
Deferred outflows of resources									
Deferred loss on refunding	\$ 97,768	\$ 96,843	\$ 7,839	\$ 9,334	\$ 105,607	\$ 106,177			
Deferred outflows on net pension liability	485,333		19,023		504,356				
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 583,101	\$ 96,843	\$ 26,862	\$ 9,334	\$ 609,963	\$ 106,177			
Liabilities									
Long-term liabilities	\$ 15,144,447	\$ 10,001,076	\$ 1,720,396	\$ 1,610,731	\$ 16,864,843	\$ 11,611,807			
Other liabilities	1,483,387	1,792,573	207,592	183,718	1,690,979	1,976,291			
Total liabilities	\$ 16,627,834	\$ 11,793,649	\$ 1,927,988	\$ 1,794,449	\$ 18,555,822	\$ 13,588,098			
Deferred inflows of resources									
Deferred inflows on net pension liability	\$ 458,463	\$ -	\$ 15,446	\$ -	\$ 473,909	\$ -			
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 458,463	\$ -	\$ 15,446	\$ -	\$ 473,909	\$ -			
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,826,649	\$ 2,772,220	\$ 1,773,613	\$ 1,653,902	\$ 4,600,262	\$ 4,426,122			
Restricted	1,445,824	1,128,678	1,227,441	1,160,551	2,673,265	2,289,229			
Unrestricted	(7,379,890)	(3,096,065)	995,207	1,050,981	(6,384,683)	(2,045,084)			
Total net position	\$ (3,107,417)	\$ 804,833	\$ 3,996,261	\$ 3,865,434	\$ 888,844	\$ 4,670,267			

#### Analysis of Net Position

By far, the largest portion of the State's net position (\$4.6 billion or 517.6%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The State uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the State's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the State's net position (\$2.7 billion or 300.8%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions or enabling legislation on how they may be used. The remaining balance of negative \$6.4 billion or negative 718.3% represents unrestricted net position.

At June 30, 2015, the State is able to report positive balances in two of the categories of net position for governmental activities and all three categories for business-type activities. The negative balance of unrestricted net position for governmental activities is primarily attributed to the State's other postemployment benefit liability of \$3.6 billion and pension liability of \$3.9 billion.

### Changes in Net Position

The State's net position increased by \$243.2 million, or 37.7%, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Approximately 56.8% of the State's total revenues came from taxes, while 28.0% resulted from grants and contributions (including federal aid). Charges for various goods and services provided 14.9% of the total revenues. The State's expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were for higher and lower education, welfare, health, general government, public safety, and highways.

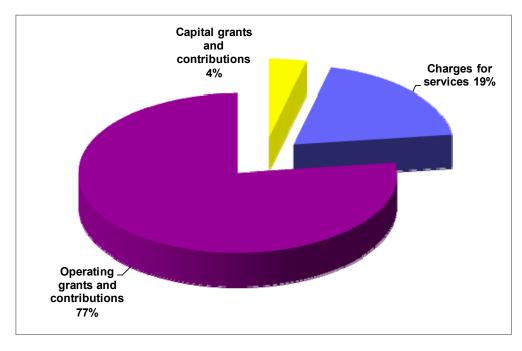
The following financial information was derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the State's net position changed during the fiscal year.

### Summary Schedule of Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (Amounts in thousands)

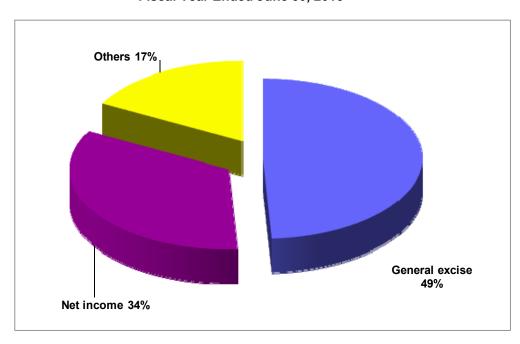
	Primary Government								
	Governmen	tal Activities		pe Activities	To	Total			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014			
Revenues									
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 699,561	\$ 641,341	\$ 912,716	\$ 961,967	\$ 1,612,277	\$ 1,603,308			
Operating grants and contributions	2,809,460	2,660,770	-	-	2,809,460	2,660,770			
Capital grants and contributions	139,977	97,290	72,140	98,628	212,117	195,918			
General revenues									
Taxes	6,134,818	5,698,560	-	-	6,134,818	5,698,560			
Investment income and other	16,024	13,163	17,567	12,805	33,591	25,968			
Total revenues	9,799,840	9,111,124	1,002,423	1,073,400	10,802,263	10,184,524			
Expenses									
General government	595,278	567,941	-	-	595,278	567,941			
Public safety	504,343	533,727	-	-	504,343	533,727			
Highways	426,142	554,039	-	-	426,142	554,039			
Conservation of natural resources	89,176	101,587	-	-	89,176	101,587			
Health	871,563	849,493	-	-	871,563	849,493			
Welfare	3,196,602	2,879,813	-	-	3,196,602	2,879,813			
Lower education	2,729,789	2,685,037	-	-	2,729,789	2,685,037			
Higher education	761,837	693,292	-	-	761,837	693,292			
Other education	21,664	21,766	-	-	21,664	21,766			
Culture and recreation	84,265	104,303	-	-	84,265	104,303			
Urban redevelopment and housing	115,653	137,160	-	-	115,653	137,160			
Economic development and assistance	179,485	166,455	-	-	179,485	166,455			
Interest expense	247,059	239,760	-	-	247,059	239,760			
Airports	-	-	350,041	346,699	350,041	346,699			
Harbors	-	-	87,031	89,327	87,031	89,327			
Unemployment compensation	-	-	186,893	244,947	186,893	244,947			
Nonmajor proprietary fund			112,209	87,031	112,209	87,031			
Total expenses	9,822,856	9,534,373	736,174	768,004	10,559,030	10,302,377			
Change in net position	(23,016)	(423,249)	266,249	305,396	243,233	(117,853)			
Net position									
Beginning of year, as previously reported	804,833	1,228,082	3,865,434	3,560,038	4,670,267	4,788,120			
Adjustment for change in accounting principle	(3,889,234)		(135,422)		(4,024,656)				
Beginning of year, as restated	(3,084,401)	1,228,082	3,730,012	3,560,038	645,611	4,788,120			
End of year	\$ (3,107,417)	\$ 804,833	\$ 3,996,261	\$ 3,865,434	\$ 888,844	\$ 4,670,267			

The following charts depict revenues of the governmental activities for the fiscal year:

Program Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015



Tax Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015



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#### Analysis of Changes in Net Position

The State's net position increased by \$243.2 million during the current fiscal year. This is explained in the governmental and business-type activities discussion, and is primarily due to decrease in net position of governmental activities of \$23.0 million offset by increases in net position of Unemployment Compensation Fund of \$62.7 million, Airports of \$127.5 million, Harbors of \$37.9 million, and Nonmajor Proprietary Funds of \$38.1 million.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities decreased the State's net position by \$23.0 million. The elements of this decrease are reflected below:

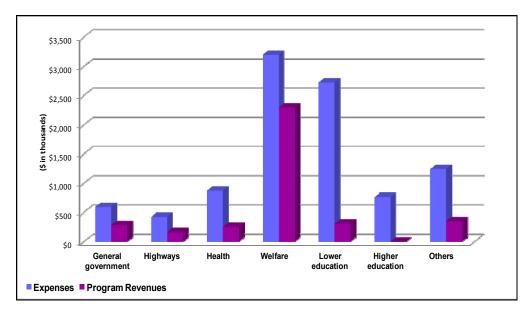
	<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
	(Amounts in thousands)					
	2015	2014				
General revenues						
Taxes	\$ 6,134,818	\$ 5,698,560				
Interest and investment income and other	16,024	13,163				
Total general revenues	6,150,842	5,711,723				
Expenses, net of program revenues						
General government	310,796	313,079				
Public safety	395,423	423,136				
Highways	266,363	354,953				
Conservation of natural resources	(1,459)	14,412				
Health	618,597	593,900				
Welfare	903,414	876,936				
Lower education	2,423,324	2,341,385				
Higher education	761,837	693,292				
Other education	21,664	21,766				
Culture and recreation	70,274	87,011				
Urban redevelopment and housing	67,994	96,056				
Economic development and assistance	88,572	79,286				
Interest expense	247,059	239,760				
Total governmental activities expenses,						
net of program revenues	6,173,858	6,134,972				
Decrease in governmental activities net position	\$ (23,016)	\$ (423,249)				

Tax revenues increased by \$436.3 million, or 7.7%, from the previous fiscal year. The increase was primarily due to increase in general excise taxes of \$205.1 million and corporations and individuals net income taxes of \$232.1 million due to growth in the State economy.

Lower education net expenses increased \$81.9 million or 3.5%. This change is primarily due to the decrease in revenues for the school based budgeting and instructional support programs.

A comparison of the cost of services by function of the State's governmental activities is shown below, along with the revenues used to cover the net expenses of the governmental activities. This format identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing through fees and intergovernmental aid or draws from the general revenues of the State:

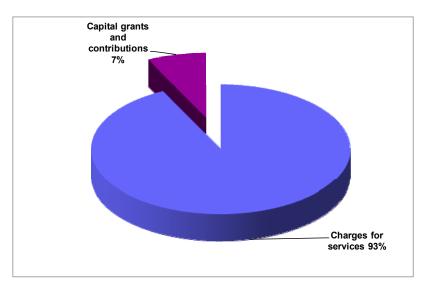
Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

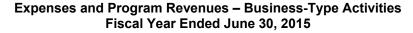


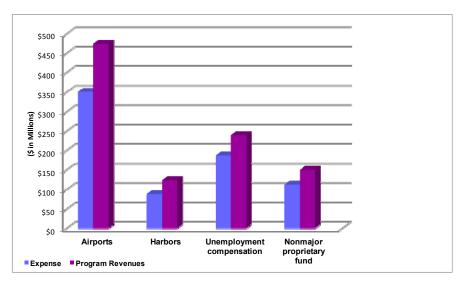
#### **Business-Type Activities**

The following charts depict revenues and expenses of the business-type activities for the fiscal year:

Program Revenues by Source – Business-Type Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015







Business-type activities increased the State's net position by \$266.2 million in fiscal 2015, compared to an increase of \$305.4 million in fiscal 2014. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Airport's net position increased \$127.5 million compared to an increase of \$125.9 million in the prior fiscal year. Charges for current services increased by \$30.0 million primarily due to the increase in landing fees, aeronautical revenues and concession revenues from an increase in passenger traffic. Operating and capital grants and contributions decreased \$26.1 million mainly due to the decrease in federal capital grants.
- Harbor's net position increased \$37.9 million in fiscal 2015 compared to an increase of \$32.4 million in fiscal 2014. Charges for current services increased by \$2.2 million, while expenses decreased \$2.3 million.
- The Unemployment Compensation Fund's net position increased \$62.7 million compared
  to an increase of \$116.0 million in the prior fiscal year. The change was primarily due to
  a decrease in unemployment benefits paid of \$58.1 million offset by a decrease in
  unemployment tax revenues of \$114.2 million.
- The Nonmajor Proprietary Fund's net position increased \$38.1 million in fiscal 2015 compared to an increase of \$31.1 million in fiscal 2014.
- Key elements of the State's business-type activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

								Business-Ty	pe /	Activities								
								(Amounts in	1 the	usands)								
	_				Program											_	_	
		Charges f	or Se	ervices	Operating		_	To	otal		_	Exp	ense	s	_	Program Net of E		
		2015	_	2014	2015	 2014	_	2015		2014		2015		2014	_	2015		2014
Airports	\$	434,489	\$	404,442	\$ 38,239	\$ 64,303	\$	472,728	\$	468,745	\$	350,041	\$	346,699	\$	122,687	\$	122,046
Harbors		123,209		121,038	284	-		123,493		121,038		87,031		89,327		36,462		31,711
Unemployment compensation		239,375		353,546	-	-		239,375		353,546		186,893		244,947		52,482		108,599
Nonmajor proprietary funds		115,643	_	82,941	33,617	 34,325	_	149,260	_	117,266	_	112,209	_	87,031	_	37,051		30,235
Total	\$	912,716	\$	961,967	\$ 72,140	\$ 98,628	\$	984,856	\$	1,060,595	\$	736,174	\$	768,004	\$	248,682	\$	292,591

#### Financial Analysis of the State's Individual Funds

As noted earlier, the State uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the State's Governmental Funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the State's financing requirements. The fund balance classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent the State is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts can be spent.

At the end of the fiscal year, the State's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2.5 billion. Of this amount, \$25.4 million is restricted for specific programs by external constraints, constitutional provisions or contractual obligations. An additional \$449.3 million has been committed to specific purposes. An additional \$1.2 billion has been assigned to specific purposes by management. The unassigned fund balance was \$807.1 million at fiscal year end. This amount includes a deficit of a negative unrestricted fund balance of \$538.7 million in the Capital Projects Fund, which indicates that the fund spent or committed more than what was expendable.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. At the end of the fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$1.6 billion compared to \$1.3 billion in fiscal 2014. This increase is mainly attributed to the increase in tax revenues. The fund balance of the State's Capital Projects Fund increased \$6.9 million during the fiscal year. The Capital Projects Fund deficit is the result of the State's policy of recording expenditures upon the allotment of general obligation bond appropriations expended by component units and incurring general obligation bond expenditures in excess of cash available. The deficit caused by the recording of expenditures when funds are allotted is \$643.0 million and is reflected on the balance sheet as Due to Component Units. The fund balance of the Med-Quest Special Fund decreased \$9.7 million and other Nonmajor Governmental Funds increased \$234.1 million.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The State's Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information found in the Government-Wide financial statements, but in more detail. At the end of the current fiscal year, Airports had an increase in net position of \$127.5 million, Harbors had an increase in net position of \$37.9 million, the Unemployment Compensation Fund had an increase in net position of \$62.7 million, and the Nonmajor Proprietary Funds had an increase in net position of \$38.1 million. Other factors concerning the finances of Airports, Harbors, the Unemployment Compensation Fund, and the Nonmajor Proprietary Funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the State's business-type activities.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund revenues were \$166.3 million, or 2.6%, more than the final budget. The positive variance was attributed to higher tax revenues of \$70.1 million and non-tax revenues of \$96.2 million. Individual income taxes collected was \$100.4 million more than what was projected offset by lower collections in corporate income and franchise taxes of \$24.0 million and \$23.6 million, respectively. The increase in other revenues was mainly comprised of reimbursements to the General Fund by the Medquest program which totaled \$78.9 million in fiscal 2015 compared to \$10.7 million in fiscal 2014. \$21.8 million of the \$31.3 million positive variance in charges for current services was related to assessments for health fund premiums charged to non-general funded programs.

The difference between the final budget and actual expenditures on a budgetary basis was \$266.9 million. The large positive variance in general government of \$162.8 million was mostly due to \$69.4 million savings in health premiums and retirement payments due to lower than projected employee growth and enrollment in the State's health plans.

Also contributing to the positive variance was \$42.0 million in savings due to debt restructuring and \$18.3 million of appropriations made to the State Legislature that can be carried over to the next fiscal year. As in previous years, the positive variance in lower education resulted when the Department of Education carried over \$45.9 million of unencumbered appropriations into the next fiscal year. The Department of Education is allowed by statute to carry up to 5% of its unencumbered appropriations. Spending restrictions of \$37.7 million imposed on all executive branch departments resulted in positive variances across all functions of government

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The State's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015, amounted to \$12.2 billion (net of accumulated depreciation of \$10.9 billion), an increase of \$515.5 million from fiscal 2014. The increase is due to an increase in governmental activities assets of \$628.5 million and in business-type assets of \$424.7 million offset by increases in governmental activities and business-type activities accumulated depreciation of \$430.6 million and \$107.1 million, respectively. Major capital improvement projects, which received funding in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, included the following:

- \$282.9 million for various capital improvement projects and repairs and maintenance of public school facilities throughout the State.
- \$171.0 million for various construction, maintenance and renovation projects at various University of Hawaii campuses.
- \$40.4 million for various health and safety renovation projects at state community hospitals.
- \$26.0 million for renovations and improvements to federal and state low income housing projects.
- \$30.0 million for the planning, design, development and hardware for the modernization of the enterprise resource project and tax system.

Additional information on the State's capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Debt Administration**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the State had total bonded debt outstanding of \$8.4 billion. Of this amount, \$6.5 billion comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the State and \$1.9 billion (i.e., revenue bonds) is revenue bonded debt that is payable from and secured solely by the specified revenue sources. A breakdown of the State's total bonded debt is shown below:

#### Long-Term Debt June 30, 2015 and 2014 (Amounts in thousands)

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Total					
	2015	2014	2014	2015	2014					
General obligation bonds	\$ 6,503,281	\$ 5,784,139	\$ 29,332	\$ 31,176	\$ 6,532,613	\$ 5,815,315				
Revenue bonds	666,202	412,725	1,218,943	1,278,137	1,885,145	1,690,862				
Total	\$ 7,169,483	\$ 6,196,864	\$ 1,248,275	\$ 1,309,313	\$ 8,417,758	\$ 7,506,177				

The State's total long-term debt increased by \$911.6 million, or 12.1%, during the current fiscal year. The increase resulted from declining principal balances in revenue bonds of the State's business-type activities, and partially offset by issuances of GO bonds (see Notes 4 and 5 to the basic financial statements).

As of June 30, 2015, the State's underlying general obligation bond ratings were Moody's Investors Service (Aa2), Standard and Poor's Corporation (AA) and Fitch Ratings (AA) based on the credit of the State.

The State Constitution limits the amount of general obligation bonds that may be issued. As required by law, the Director of Finance has confirmed that the State was within its legal debt limit. The legal debt margin at June 30, 2015 was \$470.6 million.

Additional information on the State's long-term debt can be found in Notes 4, 5 and 6 to the basic financial statements.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The State implemented provisions of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

The latest actuarial valuation studies were completed as of July 1, 2013 for the Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (EUTF) and the University of Hawaii. These studies determined the State's combined unfunded actuarial accrued liability to be approximately \$8.5 billion. The State's combined annual OPEB cost for fiscal 2015 was \$789.0 million and its OPEB contributions were \$393.4 million, resulting in an increase in the net OPEB obligation of \$395.6 million. The total net OPEB obligation balance at fiscal year-end increased to \$4.7 billion.

In July 2013, Act 268 was signed into law, which established the Hawaii EUTF Trust Fund Task Force to examine further steps to address the unfunded liability. The law also requires the State beginning in fiscal 2015 to pay additional amounts towards reducing the unfunded liability until fiscal 2019 when 100% of the annual required contribution must be paid. Commencing fiscal year 2019, general excise tax revenues will be used to fund any difference between the annual required contribution and the payment made by the State. In June 2014 and 2015, the state made additional payments in the amount of \$100 million and \$117 million, respectively.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The statewide seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for November 2015 was 3.2% while the seasonally adjusted national unemployment rate was 5.0%. One year ago, the State's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate stood at 4.0% while the seasonally adjusted national unemployment rate was 5.8%.

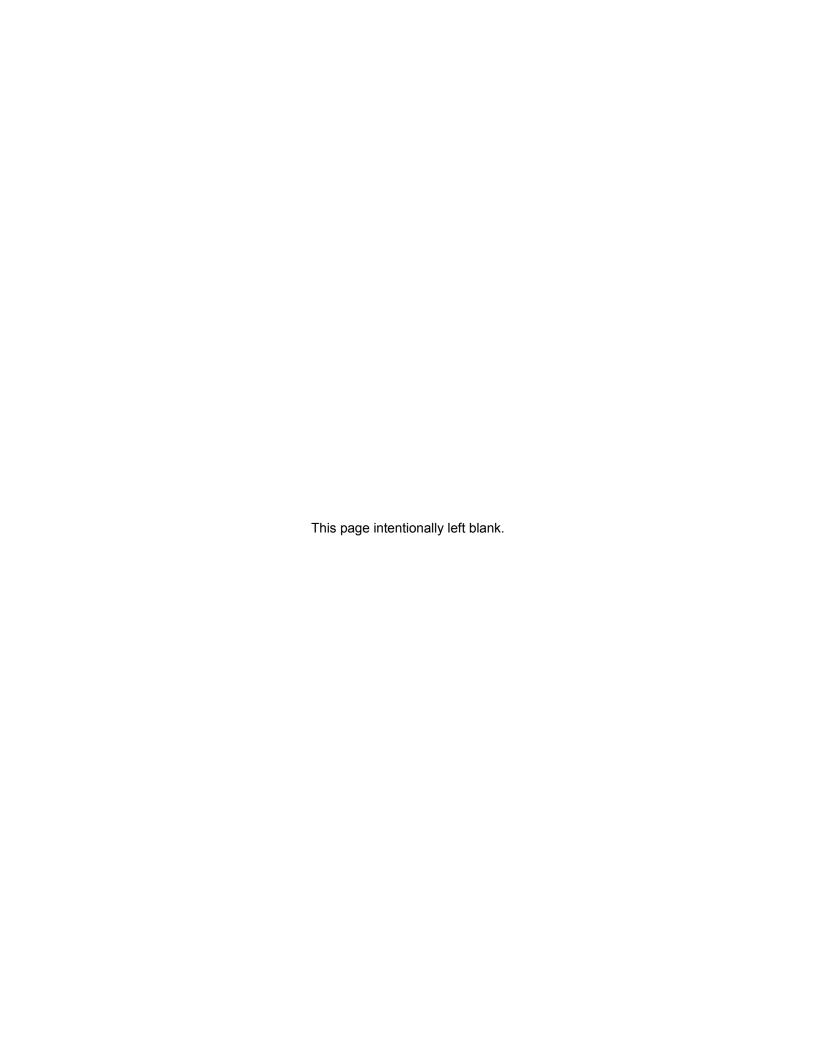
The Council of Revenues in September 2015 revised the State's General Fund tax revenue growth rate for fiscal year 2016 from 2.7% to 6.0% and also adjusted the revenue growth rate for fiscal year 2017 to 5.5%.

Cumulative general fund tax revenues for the first five months of fiscal 2015 was \$2.5 billion, an increase of \$213.7 million from the same period last fiscal year. General excise and use tax collections, which are the largest source of revenue and a good measure of economic growth, increased 4.9%.

The State is optimistic about the recovery of Hawaii's economy but remains cautious about its sustainability in the face of numerous uncertainties. Therefore, the Governor has imposed a 10% spending restriction on discretionary operating expenses of general funds for all departments and agencies of the Executive Branch for fiscal year 2016.

#### **Requests for Information**

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Comptroller, Department of Accounting and General Services, P.O. Box 119, Honolulu, Hawaii 96810-0119. General information about the State can be found at the State's website: http://www.hawaii.gov.





# State of Hawaii Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

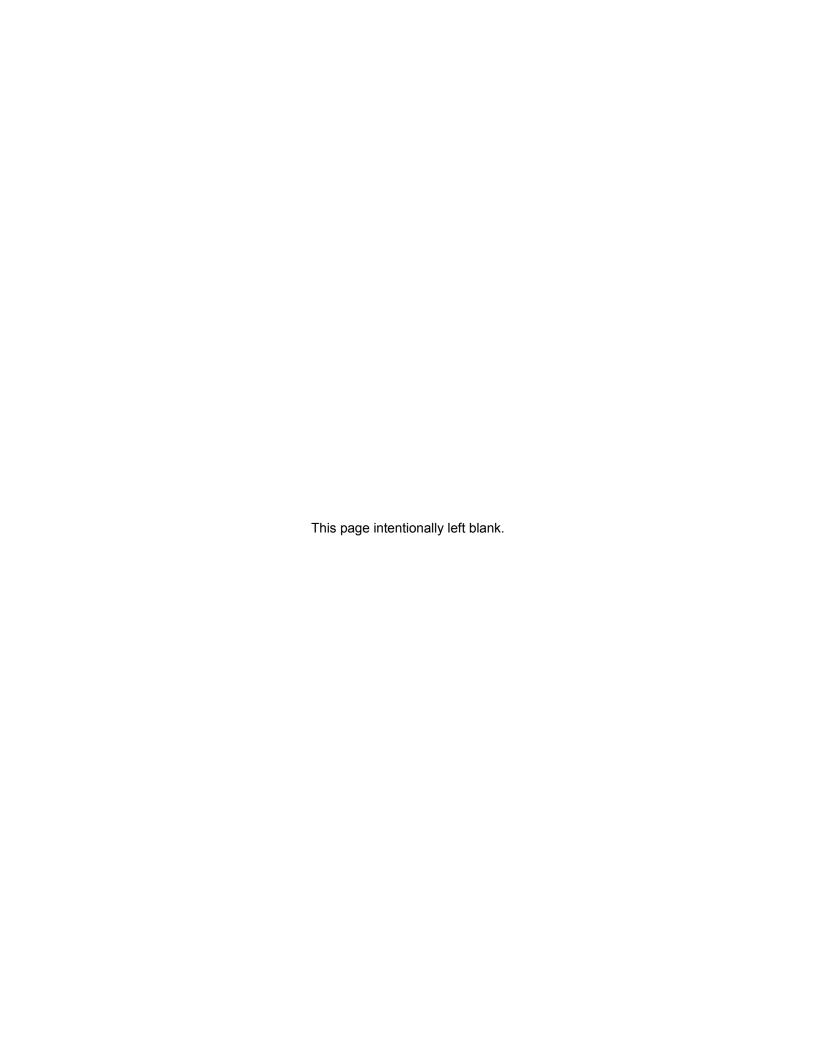
	Primary Government									
		ernmental		siness-Type			С	omponent		
		ctivities		Activities	_	Total		Units		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	692,851	\$	1,386,755	\$	2,079,606	\$	545,406		
Receivables	<u> </u>	002,001	Ψ	1,000,100	Ψ_	2,070,000	Ψ	0 10, 100		
Taxes		524,236		58,185		582,421		_		
Accounts and accrued interest, net		-		36,135		36,135		197,924		
Notes, loans, mortgages and contributions, net		72,874		450,583		523,457		594,301		
Federal government		164,480		6,865		171,345		2,284		
Premiums		-		85,368		85,368		-		
Drug rebate		35,536		-		35,536		-		
Other, net		38,026		12,791	_	50,817		11,175		
Total receivables		835,152		649,927	_	1,485,079		805,684		
Internal balances		1,617		(1,617)		-		-		
Due from component units		288,637		-		288,637		-		
Due from primary government		-		-		-		653,683		
Investments		2,369,290		12,643		2,381,933		974,266		
Inventories										
Materials and supplies		-		257		257		30,175		
Developments in progress and dwelling units		-			_			10,483		
Total inventories	-	-		257		257		40,658		
Restricted assets		-		853,060		853,060		160,920		
Other assets										
Prepaid expenses		5,211		5,414		10,625		15,960		
Other		26,129	-	17,062	_	43,191		20,921		
Total other assets		31,340	-	22,476	_	53,816	_	36,881		
Capital assets		0.007.040		1 007 040		4 454 450		E00 700		
Land and land improvements Infrastructure		2,267,218 9,333,014		1,887,240		4,154,458 9,333,014		509,702 218,690		
Construction in progress		1,050,026		824,834		1,874,860		321,344		
Buildings, improvements and equipment		4,944,853		2,613,974		7,558,827		4,510,984		
Intangible assets – software		113,457		-		113,457		-		
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(8,531,676)		(2,336,716)		(10,868,392)		(2,361,649)		
Total capital assets, net		9,176,892		2,989,332		12,166,224		3,199,071		
Total assets		13,395,779		5,912,833		19,308,612		6,416,569		
Deferred outflows of resources										
Deferred loss on refunding		97,768		7,839		105,607		5,754		
Deferred outflows on net pension liability		485,333		19,023		504,356		207,928		
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	583,101	\$	26,862	\$	609,963	\$	213,682		

# State of Hawaii Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	Primary Government								
	Governmental			Component					
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units					
Liabilities									
Vouchers and contracts payable	\$ 352,212	\$ 41,324	\$ 393,536	\$ 164,361					
Other accrued liabilities	358,728		476,760	101,418					
Due to component units	653,683		653,683	-					
Due to primary government	-	-	-	288,637					
Due to federal government	30,987	-	30,987	-					
Unearned revenue	· -	4,278	4,278	49,460					
Premiums payable	-	43,958	43,958	-					
Other	87,777	-	87,777	16,430					
Long-term liabilities									
Due within one year									
Payable from restricted assts – revenue bonds payable, net	-	50,190	50,190	=					
Prepaid airport use charge fund	-	4,000	4,000	-					
General obligation (GO) bonds payable	483,696	1,932	485,628	-					
Notes, mortgages and installment contracts payable	-	-	-	1,726					
Accrued vacation and retirement benefits payable	78,605	4,380	82,985	49,005					
Revenue bonds payable, net	48,765	_	48,765	36,313					
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment costs	28,361	1,272	29,633	9,151					
Capital lease obligations	6,984	-	6,984	9,484					
Due more than one year									
Prepaid airport use charge fund	-	9,245	9,245	-					
GO bonds payable	6,019,585	27,400	6,046,985	-					
Notes, mortgages and installment contracts payable	-	-	-	63,401					
Accrued vacation and retirement benefits payable	141,268	9,386	150,654	67,775					
Revenue bonds payable, net	617,437	1,168,753	1,786,190	845,279					
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment costs	121,815	3,373	125,188	20,140					
Capital lease obligations	89,191	-	89,191	14,455					
Lease revenue certificates of participation	-	172,864	172,864	-					
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	21,713					
Estimated future costs of land sold	-	-	-	37,540					
Loan payable	-	34,910	34,910	-					
Net pension liability	3,910,574	137,308	4,047,882	1,710,443					
Other postemployment benefit liability	3,597,751	95,383	3,693,134	1,015,084					
Other	415		415	50,740					
Total liabilities	16,627,834	1,927,988	18,555,822	4,572,555					
Deferred inflows of resources									
Deferred inflows on net pension liability	458,463	15,446	473,909	222,698					
·									
Total deferred inflows of resources	458,463	15,446	473,909	222,698					
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	2,826,649	1,773,613	4,600,262	2,311,648					
Restricted for									
Capital maintenance projects	201,250	_	201,250	_					
Health and welfare	157,844		157,844	_					
Natural resources	138,897		138,897	_					
Native Hawaiian programs	319,622		319,622	_					
Education	147,043		147,043	_					
Regulatory and economic development	264,795		264,795	_					
Administrative support	178,395		178,395	_					
Other purposes	37,943		37,943	- -					
Bond requirements and other	37,943		1,227,476	1,059,482					
•									
Unrestricted	(7,379,890	_	(6,384,683)	(1,536,132)					
Total net position	\$ (3,107,417	) \$ 3,996,261	\$ 888,844	\$ 1,834,998					

# State of Hawaii Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

			Program Revenu	ies	Net Reven	ue (Expense) and	Position	
			Operating	Capital		imary Governmen		
		Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Primary government								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 595,278	\$ 248,915	\$ 35,567	\$ -	\$ (310,796)	\$ -	\$ (310,796)	
Public safety	504,343	49,188	59,732	-	(395,423)	-	(395,423)	
Highways	426,142	11,727	8,075	139,977	(266,363)	-	(266,363)	
Conservation of natural resources	89,176	57,118	33,517	-	1,459	-	1,459	
Health	871,563	136,547	116,419	-	(618,597)	-	(618,597)	
Welfare	3,196,602	89,450	2,203,738	-	(903,414)	-	(903,414)	
Lower education	2,729,789	46,965	259,500	-	(2,423,324)	-	(2,423,324)	
Higher education	761,837	-	-	-	(761,837)	-	(761,837)	
Other education	21,664	-	-	-	(21,664)	-	(21,664)	
Culture and recreation	84,265	8,704	5,287	-	(70,274)	-	(70,274)	
Urban redevelopment and housing	115,653	22,197	25,462	-	(67,994)	-	(67,994)	
Economic development and assistance	179,485	28,750	62,163	-	(88,572)	-	(88,572)	
Interest expense	247,059				(247,059)		(247,059)	
Total governmental activities	9,822,856	699,561	2,809,460	139,977	(6,173,858)	-	(6,173,858)	
Business-type activities								
Airports	350,041	434,489	-	38,239	-	122,687	122,687	
Harbors	87,031	123,209	-	284	-	36,462	36,462	
Unemployment compensation	186,893	239,375	-	-	-	52,482	52,482	
Nonmajor proprietary funds	112,209	115,643		33,617		37,051	37,051	
Total business-type activities	736,174	912,716	-	72,140	-	248,682	248,682	
Total primary government	\$ 10,559,030	\$ 1,612,277	\$ 2,809,460	\$ 212,117	(6,173,858)	248,682	(5,925,176)	
Component units								
University of Hawaii	\$ 1,653,892	\$ 400,543	\$ 452,404	\$ -				\$ (800,945)
Hawaii Housing Finance	φ 1,000,092	φ 400,545	φ 432,404	φ -				\$ (600,945)
and Development Corporation	46,582	74,092	9,465	_				36,975
Hawaii Public Housing Authority	141,525	19,906	80,031	10,877				(30,711)
Hawaii Health Systems Corporation	765,578	620,538	2,261	48,163				(94,616)
Hawaii Tourism Authority	106,189	6,367	2,201	-10,100				(99,822)
Hawaii Community Development Authority	9,610	9,929						319
Hawaii Hurricane Relief Fund	5	3,323	_	-				(5)
Total component units	\$ 2,723,381	\$ 1,131,375	\$ 544,161	\$ 59,040				(988,805)
General revenues								
Taxes								
General excise tax					3,021,418		3,021,418	
Net income tax – corporations and individuals					2,073,015		2,073,015	
Public service companies tax					163,481		163,481	
Transient accommodations tax					202,345		202.345	115,000
Tobacco and liquor tax					165,137	_	165,137	110,000
Liquid fuel tax					88,449	_	88,449	_
Tax on premiums of insurance companies					147,767	-	147,767	
Vehicle weight and registration tax					125,113	-	125,113	-
Rental motor/tour vehicle surcharge tax					51,941	-	51.941	-
Franchise tax					19,930	_	19,930	_
Other tax					76,222	_	76,222	_
Interest and investment income					16,024	17,567	33,591	8,032
Payments from the primary government, net					-	-	-	980,204
Gifts and subsidies					_	_	_	45,409
Other					-	-	-	(8,754)
Total general revenues					6,150,842	17,567	6,168,409	1,139,891
Change in net position					(23,016)	266,249	243,233	151,086
Net position					(,)		,	,
Beginning of year, as previously reported					804,833	3,865,434	4,670,267	3,413,846
Adjustment for change in accounting principle					(3,889,234)	(135,422)	(4,024,656)	(1,729,934)
Beginning of year, as restated					(3,084,401)	3,730,012	645,611	1,683,912
·								•
End of year					\$ (3,107,417)	\$ 3,996,261	\$ 888,844	\$ 1,834,998



# **State of Hawaii Governmental Funds Balance Sheet** June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

Assets Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 203,687         \$ 33,855         \$ 12,923         \$ 442,366         \$ 692,851           Receivables         Taxes         524,236         524,236         524,236         524,236         524,236         524,236         524,236         524,236			General Fund	 Capital Projects Fund	Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund		Other Governmenta Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Receivables         524,236         -         -         -         524,236           Notes and loans, net of allowance for dubtful accounts of \$44,489         1,433         -         71,441         72,874           Federal government         -         -         164,480         -         164,480           Drug rebate         -         -         35,536         -         35,536           Medical assistance         -         -         2,801         -         2,801           Other         8,025         -         -         35         35,738           Medical assistance         327,382         -         -         -         36,025           Due from other funds         327,382         -         -         -         1,617           Due from component units         35,200         -         -         -         1,617           Due from component units         920,042         264,069         58,872         1,126,307         2,369,290           Other assets         \$2,036,056         \$299,521         \$274,612         \$1,60,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities and Fund Balances         \$2,036,056         \$299,521         \$27,612         \$1,60,169         \$35,201 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>										
Taxes         524,236         -         -         -         524,236           Notes and loans, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$44,489         1,433         -         164,480         71,441         72,874           Federal government         -         -         35,536         -         164,480           Drug rebate         -         -         35,536         -         2,801           Medical assistance         -         -         -         -         8,025           Due from other funds         327,382         -         -         -         8,025           Due from proprietary funds         20         1,597         -         -         1,1617           Due from component units         35,200         -         -         -         35,200           Investments         920,042         264,069         58,872         1,126,307         2,369,290           Other assets         16,031         -         -         -         -         160,311           Total assets         \$2,036,056         \$299,521         \$27,612         \$1,640,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities         \$200,000         \$29,522         \$27,612         \$1,640,169         \$352,212		\$	203,687	\$ 33,855	\$	12,923	\$	442,386	\$	692,851
Notes and loans, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$44,489   1,433   - 1										
doubtful accounts of \$44,489         1,433         -         71,441         72,874           Federal government         -         -         164,480         -         164,480           Drug rebate         -         -         35,536         -         35,536           Medical assistance         -         -         -         2,801         -         -         8,025           Due from other funds         327,382         -         -         -         35         327,417           Due from proprietary funds         20         1,597         -         -         -         1,617           Due from component units         35,200         -         -         -         -         35,200           Investments         920,042         264,069         58,872         1,126,307         2,369,290           Other assets         16,031         -         -         -         -         16,031           Total assets         2,036,056         2,99,521         \$27,612         \$1,640,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities           Liabilities           Vouchers and contracts payable         \$162,667         \$105,223         \$2,789         \$81,533			524,236	-		-		-		524,236
Federal government										
Drug rebate Medical assistance Medical assistance Other         1         35,536         -         35,536 Medical assistance         35,536 Medical assistance         -         2,801 Medical assistance         -         2,801 Medical assistance         -         -         2,801 Medical assistance         -         -         2,801 Medical assistance         -         -         -         2,801 Medical assistance         -			1,433	-		-		71,441		,
Medical assistance         -         -         2,801         -         2,801           Other         8,025         -         -         -         8,025           Due from other funds         327,382         -         -         -         35         327,417           Due from component units         35,200         -         -         -         -         35,200           Investments         920,042         264,069         58,872         1,126,307         2,369,290           Other assets         16,031         -         -         -         -         16,031           Total assets         \$2,036,056         \$299,521         \$274,612         \$1,640,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities and Fund Balances           Liabilities and Fund Balances           Liabilities and Fund Balances           Vouchers and contracts payable         \$162,667         \$105,223         \$2,789         \$81,533         \$352,212           Other accrued liabilities         243,289         -         79,269         36,481         359,039           Due to other funds         35         89,900         191,793         45,689         327,417           Due to other funds	•		-	-				-		,
Other Due from other funds         8,025         -         -         -         -         8,025         35         327,417         20         1,597         -         -         3,500         -         -         -         35,200         -         -         -         35,200         -         -         -         35,200         -         -         -         -         35,200         -         -         -         -         35,200         -         -         -         -         35,200         -         -         -         -         -         -         35,200         -	3		-	-				-		
Due from other funds         327,382         -         -         35         327,417           Due from proprietary funds         20         1,597         -         -         1,617           Due from component units         35,200         -         -         -         35,200           Investments         920,042         264,069         58,872         1,126,307         2,369,290           Other assets         16,031         -         -         -         -         16,031           Total assets         \$2,036,056         \$299,521         \$274,612         \$1,640,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities and Fund Balances           Liabilities         ***         **			-	-		2,801		-		,
Due from proprietary funds         20         1,597         -         -         1,617           Due from component units         35,200         -         -         -         35,200           Investments         920,042         264,069         58,872         1,126,307         2,369,290           Other assets         16,031         -         -         -         -         -         16,031           Total assets         \$2,036,056         \$299,521         \$274,612         \$1,640,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities and Fund Balances           Liabilities         8         \$105,667         \$105,223         \$2,789         \$81,533         \$352,212           Outher sand contracts payable         \$162,667         \$105,223         \$2,789         \$81,533         \$352,212           Other accrued liabilities         243,289         -         79,269         36,481         359,039           Due to federal government         -         -         79,269         36,481         359,039           Due to component units         1,546         643,040         -         -         -         644,586           Unearmed revenue         39,224         -         -         -         415			,	-		-		-		,
Due from component units         35,200         -         -         -         -         35,200           Investments         920,042         264,069         58,872         1,126,307         2,369,290           Other assets         16,031         -         -         -         -         -         -         16,031           Total assets         \$2,036,056         \$299,521         \$274,612         \$1,640,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities         S         2036,056         \$299,521         \$274,612         \$1,640,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities         S         S         299,521         \$274,612         \$1,640,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities         S         S         299,521         \$274,612         \$1,640,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities         S         20,366,667         \$105,223         \$2,748         \$81,533         \$352,212           Other accrued liabilities         \$243,289         -         79,269         36,481         359,039           Due to federal government         \$1,546         643,040         \$1,793         \$45,689         327,417           Due to component units         \$1,546         643,040         \$2,70         \$2,70<			- ,			-		35		,
Divestments   920,042   264,069   58,872   1,126,307   2,369,290   16,031				1,597		-		-		,
Other assets         16,031         -         -         -         -         16,031         *         -         1,040,169         \$4,250,358           Liabilities and Fund Balances           Liabilities           Vouchers and contracts payable         \$162,667         \$105,223         \$2,789         \$81,533         \$352,212           Other accrued liabilities         243,289         -         79,269         36,481         359,039           Due to federal government         -         -         -         30,987         30,987           Due to other funds         35         89,900         191,793         45,689         327,417           Due to component units         1,546         643,040         -         -         -         644,586           Unearned revenue         39,224         -         -         -         39,224           Payable from restricted assets         -         -         -         415         415           Matured bonds and interest payable         -         -         -         -         415         415           Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balanc			,	-				-		,
Liabilities and Fund Balances         \$ 2,036,056         \$ 299,521         \$ 274,612         \$ 1,640,169         \$ 4,250,358           Liabilities and Fund Balances         Liabilities           Vouchers and contracts payable         \$ 162,667         \$ 105,223         \$ 2,789         \$ 81,533         \$ 352,212           Other accrued liabilities         243,289         -         79,269         36,481         359,039           Due to efderal government         -         -         -         30,987         30,987           Due to other funds         35         89,900         191,793         45,689         327,417           Due to component units         1,546         643,040         -         -         -         644,586           Unearned revenue         39,224         -         -         -         39,224           Payable from restricted assets         Matured bonds and interest payable         -         -         -         415         415           Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balances         -         -         -         -         25,370         25,370           Committed         -         -			,	264,069		58,872		1,126,307		, ,
Liabilities and Fund Balances         Liabilities       \$ 162,667       \$ 105,223       \$ 2,789       \$ 81,533       \$ 352,212         Other accrued liabilities       \$ 243,289       -       79,269       36,481       359,039         Due to federal government       -       -       -       30,987       30,987         Due to other funds       35       89,900       191,793       45,689       327,417         Due to component units       1,546       643,040       -       -       644,586         Unearmed revenue       39,224       -       -       -       39,224         Payable from restricted assets       Matured bonds and interest payable       -       -       -       415       415         Total liabilities       446,761       838,163       273,851       195,105       1,753,880         Fund balances         Restricted       -       -       -       25,370       25,370         Committed       -       -       -       449,290       449,290         Assigned       205,242       -       761       1,008,742       1,214,745         Unassigned       1,384,053       (538,642)       -       (38,338)       807,073 <td>Other assets</td> <td></td> <td>16,031</td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>16,031</td>	Other assets		16,031	 			_		_	16,031
Liabilities         Vouchers and contracts payable         \$ 162,667         \$ 105,223         \$ 2,789         \$ 81,533         \$ 352,212           Other accrued liabilities         243,289         -         79,269         36,481         359,039           Due to federal government         -         -         -         30,987         30,987           Due to other funds         35         89,900         191,793         45,689         327,417           Due to component units         1,546         643,040         -         -         644,586           Unearned revenue         39,224         -         -         -         39,224           Payable from restricted assets         Matured bonds and interest payable         -         -         -         415         415           Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balances           Restricted         -         -         -         25,370         25,370           Committed         -         -         -         449,290         449,290           Assigned         205,242         -         761         1,008,742         1,214,745           Unassigned	Total assets	\$	2,036,056	\$ 299,521	\$	274,612	\$	1,640,169	\$	4,250,358
Other accrued liabilities         243,289         -         79,269         36,481         359,039           Due to federal government         -         -         -         -         30,987         30,987           Due to other funds         35         89,900         191,793         45,689         327,417           Due to component units         1,546         643,040         -         -         644,586           Unearned revenue         39,224         -         -         -         39,224           Payable from restricted assets         Matured bonds and interest payable         -         -         -         415         415           Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balances         Restricted         -         -         -         25,370         25,370           Committed         -         -         -         -         449,290         449,290           Assigned         205,242         -         761         1,008,742         1,214,745           Unassigned         1,384,053         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538										
Due to federal government         -         -         -         30,987         30,987           Due to other funds         35         89,900         191,793         45,689         327,417           Due to component units         1,546         643,040         -         -         644,586           Unearned revenue         39,224         -         -         -         39,224           Payable from restricted assets         Matured bonds and interest payable         -         -         -         415         415           Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balances         Restricted         -         -         -         25,370         25,370           Committed         -         -         -         -         449,290         449,290           Assigned         205,242         -         761         1,008,742         1,214,745           Unassigned         1,384,053         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538,642)         761         1,445,064         2,496,478		\$	162,667	\$ 105,223	\$	2,789	\$	81,533	\$	352,212
Due to other funds         35         89,900         191,793         45,689         327,417           Due to component units         1,546         643,040         -         -         644,586           Unearned revenue         39,224         -         -         -         39,224           Payable from restricted assets         Matured bonds and interest payable         -         -         -         -         415         415           Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balances         Restricted         -         -         -         25,370         25,370           Committed         -         -         -         449,290         449,290           Assigned         205,242         -         761         1,008,742         1,214,745           Unassigned         1,384,053         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538,642)         761         1,445,064         2,496,478	Other accrued liabilities		243,289	-		79,269		36,481		359,039
Due to component units         1,546         643,040         -         -         644,586           Unearned revenue         39,224         -         -         -         39,224           Payable from restricted assets         Matured bonds and interest payable         -         -         -         415         415           Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balances           Restricted         -         -         -         25,370         25,370           Committed         -         -         -         449,290         449,290           Assigned         205,242         -         761         1,008,742         1,214,745           Unassigned         1,384,053         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538,642)         761         1,445,064         2,496,478	Due to federal government		-	-		-		30,987		30,987
Unearned revenue         39,224         -         -         -         39,224           Payable from restricted assets         Matured bonds and interest payable         -         -         -         415         415           Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balances           Restricted         -         -         -         25,370         25,370           Committed         -         -         -         449,290         449,290           Assigned         205,242         -         761         1,008,742         1,214,745           Unassigned         1,384,053         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538,642)         761         1,445,064         2,496,478	Due to other funds		35	89,900		191,793		45,689		327,417
Payable from restricted assets         Autored bonds and interest payable         -         -         -         415         415           Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balances           Restricted         -         -         -         25,370         25,370           Committed         -         -         -         449,290         449,290           Assigned         205,242         -         761         1,008,742         1,214,745           Unassigned         1,384,053         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538,642)         761         1,445,064         2,496,478	Due to component units		1,546	643,040		-		-		644,586
Matured bonds and interest payable         -         -         -         415         415           Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balances           Restricted         -         -         -         25,370         25,370           Committed         -         -         -         449,290         449,290           Assigned         205,242         -         761         1,008,742         1,214,745           Unassigned         1,384,053         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538,642)         761         1,445,064         2,496,478	Unearned revenue		39,224	-		-		-		39,224
Total liabilities         446,761         838,163         273,851         195,105         1,753,880           Fund balances         Restricted         -         -         -         -         25,370         25,370         25,370         25,370         25,370         249,290         449,290         449,290         449,290         449,290         449,290         449,290         449,290         449,290         449,290         449,290         449,290         449,290         439,295         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538,642)         761         1,445,064         2,496,478	Payable from restricted assets									
Fund balances Restricted 25,370 25,370 Committed 4449,290 449,290 Assigned 205,242 - 761 1,008,742 1,214,745 Unassigned 1,384,053 (538,642) - (38,338) 807,073 Total fund balances 1,589,295 (538,642) 761 1,445,064 2,496,478	Matured bonds and interest payable	_					_	415		415
Restricted         -         -         -         25,370         25,370           Committed         -         -         -         -         449,290         449,290           Assigned         205,242         -         761         1,008,742         1,214,745           Unassigned         1,384,053         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538,642)         761         1,445,064         2,496,478	Total liabilities		446,761	 838,163		273,851	_	195,105		1,753,880
Committed         -         -         -         449,290         449,290           Assigned         205,242         -         761         1,008,742         1,214,745           Unassigned         1,384,053         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538,642)         761         1,445,064         2,496,478	Fund balances									
Assigned       205,242       -       761       1,008,742       1,214,745         Unassigned       1,384,053       (538,642)       -       (38,338)       807,073         Total fund balances       1,589,295       (538,642)       761       1,445,064       2,496,478	Restricted		-	-		-		25,370		25,370
Unassigned         1,384,053         (538,642)         -         (38,338)         807,073           Total fund balances         1,589,295         (538,642)         761         1,445,064         2,496,478	Committed		-	-		-		449,290		449,290
Total fund balances 1,589,295 (538,642) 761 1,445,064 2,496,478	Assigned		205,242	-		761		1,008,742		1,214,745
(***)	Unassigned	_	1,384,053	(538,642)			_	(38,338)	_	807,073
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 2,036,056 \$ 299,521 \$ 274,612 \$ 1,640,169 \$ 4,250,358	Total fund balances		1,589,295	(538,642)		761		1,445,064		2,496,478
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,036,056	\$ 299,521	\$	274,612	\$	1,640,169	\$	4,250,358

# **State of Hawaii**

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

Total fund balance – Governmental funds	\$	2,496,478
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position		
are different because  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of		
Land and land improvements		2,267,218
Infrastructure		9,333,014
Construction in progress		1,050,026
Buildings, improvements and equipment		4,944,853
Intangible assets – software		113,457
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	_	(8,531,676)
	_	9,176,892
Accrued interest and other payables are not recognized in governmental funds.		(87,776)
Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and are not recognized in governmental funds, such as unearned revenue and settlement		
receivables.		335,480
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and		
therefore are not reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of		
General obligation bonds payable		(6,503,281)
Accrued vacation payable		(219,873)
Revenue bonds payable		(666,202)
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment costs		(150,176)
Other postemployment benefit liability		(3,597,751)
Net pension liability Long-term transactions with component units		(3,910,574) (9,097)
Capital lease obligations		(96,175)
Capital loade Usingationic		(15,153,129)
Deferred outflows of recovered banefit figure positions and are not reported in		10,100,120)
Deferred outflows of resources benefit future periods and are not reported in the funds. Those deferred outflows consist of		
Deferred loss on refunding		97,768
Deferred outflows on net pension liability		485,333
,		583,101
Deferred inflows of resources benefit future periods and are not reported in		· · ·
the funds. Those deferred inflows consist of deferred inflows on the net		
pension liability.		(458,463)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	
	Ť	(-, , )

# State of Hawaii Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	General P Fund		Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Taxes		•	•	•	<b>A</b> 0.004.440
General excise tax	\$ 3,021,418 2,047,327	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,021,418
Net income tax – corporations and individuals Public service companies tax	163,481	-	-	-	2,047,327 163,481
Transient accommodations tax	202,345	_	_	_	202,345
Tobacco and liquor tax	133,110	_	_	32,027	165,137
Liquid fuel tax	-	_	_	88,449	88,449
Tax on premiums of insurance companies	145,672	_	-	2,095	147,767
Vehicle weight and registration tax	· -	-	-	125,113	125,113
Rental motor/vehicle surcharge tax	1	-	-	51,940	51,941
Franchise tax	17,930	-	-	2,000	19,930
Other	38,539			37,683	76,222
Total taxes	5,769,823			339,307	6,109,130
Interest and investment income	7,531	_	_	8,493	16,024
Charges for current services	135,168	-	-	249,212	384,380
Intergovernmental	14,192	-	1,338,883	1,450,914	2,803,989
Rentals	176	-	-	30,951	31,127
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	22,874	-	-	14,327	37,201
Licenses and fees	1,091	-	-	41,372	42,463
Revenues from private sources	3,389	-	57,664	60,313	121,366
Other	45,960		54,920	90,592	191,472
Total revenues	6,000,204		1,451,467	2,285,481	9,737,152
Expenditures					
Current	440.000	70.440		E0 000	F70 000
General government	440,602	73,412	-	59,806	573,820
Public safety	343,368	17,024	-	124,568 236,129	484,960
Highways Conservation of natural resources	42,706	219,434 36,359	-	66,451	455,563 145,516
Health	587,358	62,731	_	205,708	855,797
Welfare	1,092,243	2,787	1,389,180	708,597	3,192,807
Lower education	2,040,751	188,123	-	390,282	2,619,156
Higher education	600,015	161,822	_	-	761,837
Other education	6,902	-	_	14,762	21,664
Culture and recreation	43,770	12,686	_	40,220	96,676
Urban redevelopment and housing	11,764	358	-	59,262	71,384
Economic development and assistance	28,889	47,071	-	100,959	176,919
Housing	20,835	27,730	-	-	48,565
Other	7,247	-	-	7,932	15,179
Debt service	<del></del>			734,315	734,315
Total expenditures	5,266,450	849,537	1,389,180	2,748,991	10,254,158
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	733,754	(849,537)	62,287	(463,510)	(517,006)
, , ,		(0.10,00.7)		(100,010)	(011,000)
Other financing sources (uses) Issuance of GO and refunding GO bonds – par		600,000	_	408,775	1,008,775
Issuance of GO and refunding GO bonds – par	131,187	-	_	41,893	173,080
Issuance of revenue and refunding revenue bonds – par	101,107	103,375	_	210,305	313,680
Issuance of revenue and refunding revenue bonds – premium	_	17,309	_	5,865	23,174
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	_	-	_	(516,839)	(516,839)
Transfers in	138,955	166,863	8,060	857,394	1,171,272
Transfers out	(750,264)	(31,150)	(80,052)	(309,806)	(1,171,272)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(480,122)	856,397	(71,992)	697,587	1,001,870
Net change in fund balances	253,632	6,860	(9,705)	234,077	484,864
Fund balances		,	, , , , ,	•	•
Beginning of year	1,335,663	(545,502)	10,466	1,210,987	2,011,614
End of year	\$ 1,589,295	\$ (538,642)	\$ 761	\$ 1,445,064	\$ 2,496,478

# **State of Hawaii**

### Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts in thousands)

Total net change in fund balances – Governmental funds	\$ 484,864
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because  Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  In the current period, these amounts are  Capital outlay, net of disposals	657,372
Depreciation expense	 (459,410) 197,962
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense  Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds;	 197,902
however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  In the current period, this is the amount of proceeds received from general obligation and revenue bonds issued.	 (1,476,793)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  In the current year, these amounts consist of Bond principal retirement	924,281
Capital lease additions, net	6,447
Total long-term debt repayment	930,728
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the State's fiscal year end, they are not considered available revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds.	25,688
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	
Change in postemployment liability	(270,438)
Change in accrued vacation payable	6,925
Change in reserve for losses and loss adjustment costs	(3,056)
Change in accrued interest on bonds payable	(7,389)
Change in accrued interest on capital leases	(1,746)
Amortization of bond premium and deferred amount on refunding	84,710
Net pension activity	 5,529
Total	 (185,465)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (23,016)

# State of Hawaii Proprietary Funds Statement of Fund Net Position June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	Airports	Harbors	Unemployment Compensation	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 550,385	\$ 204,477	\$ 435,534	\$ 196,359	\$ 1,386,755
Investments	-	-	-	12,643	12,643
Restricted assets – cash and short-term investments	75,689	34,250	-	-	109,939
Receivables					
Taxes	395	-	57,790	-	58,185
Accounts and accrued interest, net of allowance	04.405	10.000		754	00.405
for doubtful accounts of \$5,196	24,495	10,886	-	754	36,135
Promissory note receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,786				25.060	25.060
Federal government	6,563	-	-	35,060 302	35,060 6,865
Premiums	0,303	_		85,368	85,368
Other	2,570	489	_	9,732	12,791
Materials and supplies inventory	194	63	_		257
Prepaid expenses and other assets	-	22	-	5,392	5,414
Total current assets	660,291	250,187	493,324	345,610	1,749,412
Noncurrent assets Capital assets Land and land improvements Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Equipment	1,352,308 726,750 1,833,970 290,858 4,203,886	534,932 98,084 457,530 19,109	- - - -	12,507 12,507	1,887,240 824,834 2,291,500 322,474 5,326,048
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,998,093)	(329,165)		(9,458)	(2,336,716)
•				3,049	
Net capital assets	2,205,793	780,490	-	,	2,989,332
Promissory note receivable	-	-	-	415,523	415,523
Restricted assets – net direct financing leases	21,878	-	-	-	21,878
Restricted assets – cash and cash equivalents	424,896	164,633	-	-	589,529
Restricted assets – investments	131,714 9.624	-	-	7 400	131,714
Other				7,438	17,062
Total noncurrent assets	2,793,905	945,123		426,010	4,165,038
Total assets	3,454,196	1,195,310	493,324	771,620	5,914,450
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred loss on refunding Deferred outflows on net pension liability	3,949 15,203	3,890 2,743		1,077	7,839 19,023
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 19,152	\$ 6,633	\$ -	\$ 1,077	\$ 26,862

# State of Hawaii Proprietary Funds Statement of Fund Net Position June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	Airports		Harbors		Unemployment Compensation		Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		Total Proprietary Funds	
Liabilities										
Current liabilities										
Vouchers and contracts payable	\$	29,220	\$	6,666	\$	4,338	\$	1,100	\$	41,324
Payable from restricted assets –										
contracts payable, accrued interest and other		69,851		24,321		-		-		94,172
Other accrued liabilities		16,605		-		-		2,797		19,402
Due to primary government		-		1,617		-		-		1,617
Benefit claims payable		-		-		-		4,458		4,458
Prepaid airport use charge fund		4,000		-		-		-		4,000
Unearned revenue		4,278		-		-		-		4,278
General obligation bonds payable, current portion		-		1,932		-		-		1,932
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment costs		1,201		71		-		_		1,272
Accrued vacation, current portion		3,483		675		-		222		4,380
Payable from restricted assets – revenue bond payable		35,725		14,465		-		-		50,190
Premiums payable		· -		, _		-		43,958		43,958
Total current liabilities	1	64,363		49,747		4,338		52,535		270,983
Noncurrent liabilities										,
General obligation bonds payable				27,400		_		_		27,400
Accrued vacation		7,255		1,558		_		573		9,386
Revenue bonds payable, net of unamortized bond		1,255		1,556		-		575		9,300
premium and bond discount	0	44.990		323.763						1.168.753
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment cost	O	3,061		312		-		-		3,373
Lease revenue certificates of participation	1	72.864		312		-		-		172.864
·		34,910		-		-		-		34,910
Loans payable Net pension liability		08,698		21,595		-		7,015		137,308
		,		,		-		,		,
Other postemployment benefit liability		75,430 9,245		15,292		-		4,661		95,383
Prepaid airport use charge fund										9,245
Total long-term liabilities		256,453		389,920				12,249		1,658,622
Total liabilities	1,4	20,816		439,667		4,338		64,784		1,929,605
Deferred inflows of resources										
Deferred inflows on net pension liability		11,831		2,520		-		1,095		15,446
Total deferred inflows of resources		11,831		2,520		-		1,095		15,446
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets	1 2	41,986		528,581		_		3,046		1,773,613
Restricted for bond requirements and other	,	10,518		73,587		-		643,336		1,773,613
Unrestricted		10,516		157,588		488,986		60,436		995,207
Net position		40,701	\$	759,756	\$	488,986	\$	706,818	\$ 3	3,996,261

# State of Hawaii Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	Airports	Harbors	Unemployment Compensation	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
Operating revenues					
Concession fees	\$ 148,835	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 148,835
Unemployment compensation	-	-	239,375	-	239,375
Aviation fuel tax	4,455	-	-	-	4,455
Airport use charges	59,659		-	-	59,659
Rentals	112,670	23,413	-	-	136,083
Services and others	-	98,435	-		98,435
Administrative fees	-	-	-	3,434	3,434
Premium revenue – self insurance	-	-	-	73,141	73,141
Increase in premium reserves	-	-	-	36,527	36,527
Other	6,320	1,361		2,541	10,222
Total operating revenues	331,939	123,209	239,375	115,643	810,166
Operating expenses					
Personnel services	142,661	17,687	-	7,138	167,486
Depreciation and amortization	88,434	23,336	-	1,570	113,340
Repairs and maintenance	45,665	2,243	-	122	48,030
Airports operations	46,907	-	-	-	46,907
Harbors operations	-	18,541	-	-	18,541
Fireboat operations	-	33	-	-	33
General administration	17,646	8,301	-	4,624	30,571
Unemployment compensation	-	-	186,893	-	186,893
Claims	-	-	-	78,890	78,890
Other	675			19,865	20,540
Total operating expenses	341,988	70,141	186,893	112,209	711,231
Operating income (loss)	(10,049)	53,068	52,482	3,434	98,935
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest and investment income	4,819	1,454	10,235	1,059	17,567
Interest expense	(24,071)	(16,890)	-	-	(40,961)
Federal grants	1,558	-	-	-	1,558
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(2,482)	-	-	-	(2,482)
Rental car customer and passenger facility charges	103,154	-	-	-	103,154
Debt service support charges	18,500	-	-	-	18,500
Other	(604)		<del></del>		(604)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	100,874	(15,436)	10,235	1,059	96,732
Income before capital contributions	90,825	37,632	62,717	4,493	195,667
Capital contributions	36,681	284		33,617	70,582
Change in net position	127,506	37,916	62,717	38,110	266,249
Net position		<b>-</b> 40.0-:			
Beginning of year, as previously reported	2,020,599	743,291	426,269	675,275	3,865,434
Adjustment for change in accounting principle	(107,404)	(21,451)		(6,567)	(135,422)
Beginning of year, as restated	1,913,195	721,840	426,269	668,708	3,730,012
End of year	\$ 2,040,701	\$ 759,756	\$ 488,986	\$ 706,818	\$ 3,996,261

# State of Hawaii Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

		Airports		<u> Harbors</u>		mployment npensation				
Cash flows from operating activities										
Cash received from customers	\$	331,688	\$	121,800	\$	_	\$	_	\$	453,488
Cash received from taxes	•	-	•	-	•	240,464		-	•	240,464
Cash received from employees for premiums and benefits		_		-				522.997		522,997
Cash paid to suppliers		(171,586)		(28,342)		_		(6,717)		(206,645)
Cash paid to employees		(64,545)		(15,713)		_		(3,937)		(84,195)
Cash paid for unemployment compensation		-		-		(183,915)		-		(183,915)
Cash paid for premiums and benefits payable		_		_		-		(536,452)		(536,452)
Other cash receipts		_		-		9,702		-		9,702
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		95,557		77,745		66,251		(24,109)		215,444
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities										
State capital contributions		_		-		_		4,025		4,025
Proceeds from federal operating grants		_		-		_		29,174		29,174
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_		_		_		_	33,199	_	33,199
	_						_	00,100	_	00,100
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities										
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(276,502)		(52,844)		-		-		(329,346)
Repayment of general obligation and revenue bonds principal		(34,210)		(15,349)		-		-		(49,559)
Interest paid on bonds		(42,013)		(19,181)		-		-		(61,194)
Interest paid on loan payable		(442)		-		-		-		(442)
Net proceeds from loan payable		34,910		-		-		-		34,910
Proceeds from passenger facility charges program		36,939		-		-		-		36,939
Proceeds from rental car customer facility charges program		64,367		-		-		-		64,367
Payments for rental car customer facility charges program		(44,458)		-		-		-		(44,458)
Payments for passenger facility charges program		(26,801)		-		-		-		(26,801)
Interest paid on lease revenue certificates of participation		(9,316)		-		-		-		(9,316)
Payments – other		(602)		-		-				(602)
Purchase of equipment						-		(500)		(500)
Proceeds from federal, state, and capital grants and contributions	_	41,629		285	_					41,914
Net cash used in capital										
and related financing activities		(256,499)		(87,089)				(500)		(344,088)
Cash flows from investing activities										
Purchase of investments		(193,786)		-		_		(5,852)		(199,638)
Principal repayments on notes receivable		-		-		_		33.517		33,517
Disbursement of note receivable proceeds		_		-		_		(75,045)		(75,045)
Interest income from notes receivable		_		-		_		2,436		2.436
Administrative loan fees		_		-		_		3,395		3,395
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		309,032		-		_		, <u> </u>		309,032
Interest from and change in fair value of investments		3,035		1,178		10,236		1,002		15,451
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		118,281		1,178		10,236		(40,547)		89,148
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(42,661)		(8,166)		76,487		(31,957)		(6,297)
Cash and short-term investments,										
including restricted amounts										
Beginning of year		1,093,631		411,526		359,047		228,316		2,092,520
End of year	\$	1,050,970	\$	403,360	\$	435,534	\$	196,359	\$	2,086,223
Lita or your	Ψ	1,000,010	Ψ	+00,000	Ψ	<del>+00,00+</del>	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	_,000,220

(continued)

# State of Hawaii Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

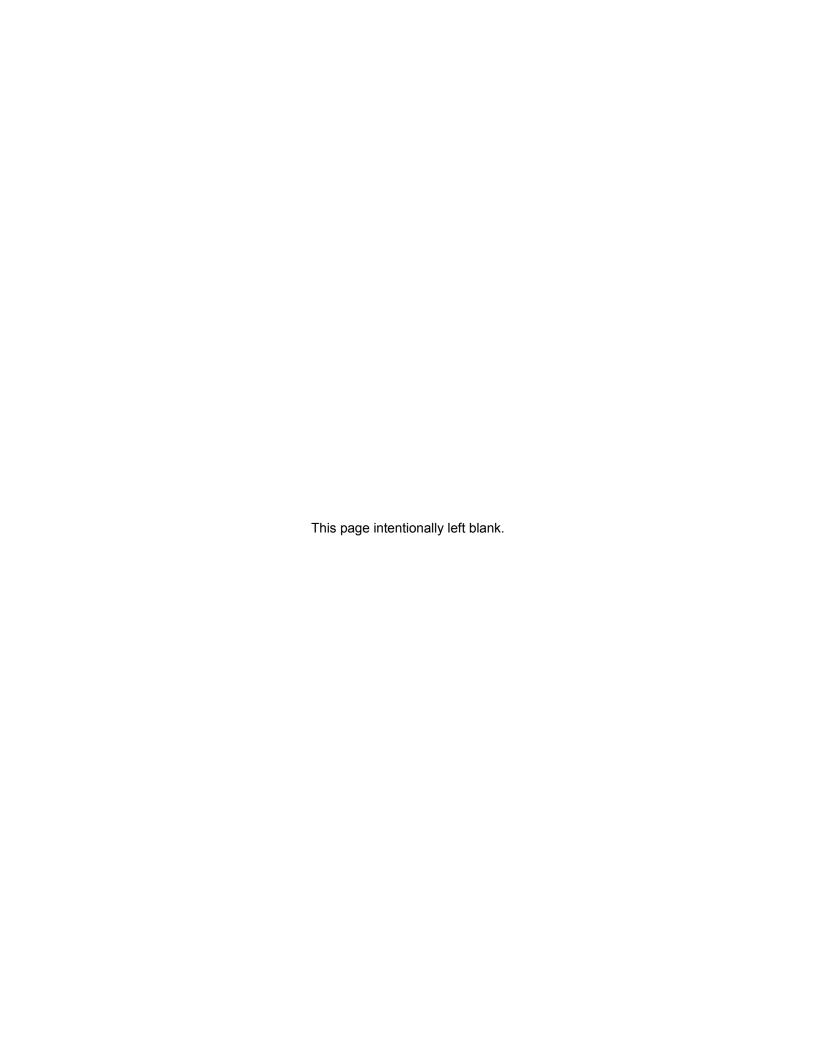
	Airports		Airports Harbors		Unemployment Compensation		Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		Pi	Total oprietary Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to										
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			_		_		_			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(10,049)	\$	53,068	\$	52,482	\$	3,434	\$	98,935
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to										
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				205						005
Provision for uncollectible accounts		-		625		-		4.570		625
Depreciation and amortization		88,434		23,336		-		1,570		113,340
Bad debt recovery		99		-		-		-		99
Overpayment of airport use charge to be transferred		4.054								4.054
to the prepaid airport use charge fund		4,654		-		-		(05.470)		4,654
Premium reserves held by insurance companies		-		-		-		(35,170)		(35,170)
Principal forgiveness of loans		-		-		-		10,606		10,606
Interest income from loans		-		-		-		(2,371)		(2,371)
Administrative loan fees		-		-		-		(3,434)		(3,434)
Pension expense Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities		-		-		-		592		592
and deferred inflows										
Receivables		(0.420)		(1.752)		10,791		(4,822)		(4,212)
Prepaid and other expenses		(8,428)		(1,753) 852		10,791		( <del>4</del> ,022) 7		( <del>4</del> ,212) 859
Net deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions		-		(224)		_		(605)		(829)
Vouchers and contracts payable		8,208		105		2,978		337		11,628
Net pension liability		(2,079)		144		2,970		56		(1,879)
Other postemployment benefit liability		10,842		2,116		_		897		13,855
Other posternployment benefit liability Other accrued liabilities		8,533		(524)		-		4,285		12,294
Prepaid airport use charge fund		(1,092)		(324)		_		4,200		(1,092)
Unearned revenue		(3,565)		_		_		_		(3,565)
Benefit claims payable		(3,303)		_		_		509		509
	_		_	<del></del>	_		_		_	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	95,557	\$	77,745	\$	66,251	\$	(24,109)	\$	215,444
Supplemental information										
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities										
Amortization of bond discount, bond premium and										
loss on refunding	\$	(2,684)	\$	(105)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,789)
Interest payments relating to special facility revenue bonds		1,722		-		-		-		1,722
Principal payments on special facility revenue bonds		7,405		-		-		-		7,405
Amortization of certificates of participation premium		(907)		-		-		-		(907)
Amounts included in contracts payable for the acquisition										
of capital assets		42,410		-		-		-		42,410
Interest capitalized in capital assets		24,318		-		-		-		24,318
Net book value of capital asset write-offs		2,482		-		-		-		2,482
Decrease in airports use charge fund for transfer to										
Airports to offset signatory airline requirement		18,500		-		-		-		18,500
Amortization of deferred outflows of resources related to										
pension contributions		3,171		-		-		-		3,171
									(	concluded)

# State of Hawaii Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	Agency Funds				Tr	OPEB rust Fund
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	181,211	\$	86,464		
Receivables – taxes		47,694		-		
Investments		515,480		757,270		
Other assets, primarily due from individuals,						
businesses and counties		108,790		_		
Total		853,175		843,734		
Liabilities and Net Position						
Liabilities						
Vouchers payable		61,719		-		
Due to individuals, businesses and counties		791,456		-		
Other accrued liabilities		_		214		
Total liabilities		853,175		214		
Net position held in trust for OPEB benefits	\$	-	\$	843,520		

# State of Hawaii Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – OPEB Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

Additions	
Employer contributions	\$ 199,790
Investment earnings	 18,422
	218,212
Deductions	
Administrative expenses	 760
Net increase in fiduciary net position	217,452
Net position	
Beginning of year	 626,068
End of year	\$ 843,520



# State of Hawaii Component Units Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	University of Hawaii	Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation	Hawaii Public Housing Authority	Hawaii Health Systems Corporation
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,811	\$ 209,636	\$ 67,384	\$ 86,485
Receivables				
Accounts and accrued interest, net of				
allowance for doubtful accounts of \$68,826	88,302	20,999	283	87,214
Notes, loans, mortgages and contributions, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,161	16 221	15 115		
Federal government	16,221	15,445	2,284	-
Other, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$136	_	2,208	2,20 <del>4</del> 95	7,567
Due from primary government	235	16,270	129,548	86,296
Investments	285,241	30	-	7,225
Inventories – materials and supplies	11,765	-	535	17,875
Prepaid expenses and other assets	13,252	422	2,249	
Total current assets	504,827	265,010	202,378	292,662
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	57,492	-	6,141
Investments	-	86,256	-	-
Deposits, funded reserves and other		472		
Total restricted assets		144,220		6,141
Capital assets				
Land and land improvements	166,609	43,228	25,340	7,771
Infrastructure	174,376	-	-	-
Construction in progress	249,788	-	33,990	32,120
Buildings, improvements and equipment	2,790,391	165,152	617,052	697,241
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,312,473)	(117,087)	(367,246)	(373,822)
Total capital assets, net	2,068,691	91,293	309,136	363,310
Other assets				
Notes, loans, mortgages and contributions,				
net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$6,698	48,155	488,763	8,717	-
Due from primary government	398,761	8,110 10,483	-	-
Inventories – developments in progress and dwelling units Investments	477,243	6,140	-	-
Other assets	19,541	-	_	1,010
Total other assets	943,700	513,496	8,717	1,010
Total assets	3,517,218	1,014,019	520,231	663,123
Deferred outflows of resources	5,5,210	.,0,0.0		
Deferred loss on refunding	5,251	503	_	_
Deferred outflows on net pension liability	134,848	793	3,137	68,293
Total deferred outflows of resources				
Total deletted outflows of resources	\$ 140,099	\$ 1,296	\$ 3,137	\$ 68,293

Hawaii Tourism Authority	Hawaii Community Development Authority	Hawaii Hurricane Relief Fund	Total Component Units
\$ 70,533	\$ 19,195	\$ 2,362	\$ 545,406
-	464	662	197,924
-	-	-	31,666 2,284
1 205	_	_	11,175
1,305	14.462	-	
-	14,463	404.057	246,812
-	-	181,857	474,353
36	1	-	30,175 15,960
		104.004	
71,874	34,123	184,881	1,555,755
10,559	-	-	74,192
-	-	-	86,256
		. <u> </u>	472
10,559			160,920
131,497	135,257	-	509,702
-	44,314	-	218,690
2,525	2,921	-	321,344
215,985	25,163	-	4,510,984
(133,339)	(57,682)		(2,361,649)
216,668	149,973		3,199,071
-	17,000	-	562,635
-	-	-	406,871
-	-	-	10,483
16,530	-	-	499,913
	370	·	20,921
16,530	17,370	<u> </u>	1,500,823
315,631	201,466	184,881	6,416,569
-	-	-	5,754
554	303	_	207,928
\$ 554	\$ 303	\$ -	\$ 213,682

(continued)

# State of Hawaii Component Units Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	University of Hawaii	Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation	Hawaii Public Housing Authority	Hawaii Health Systems Corporation	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Vouchers and contracts payable	\$ 56,702	\$ 616	\$ 4,289	\$ 92,488	
Other accrued liabilities	91,413	6,937	2,781	_	
Due to primary government	11,999	, <u>-</u>	· -	_	
Unearned revenue	48,361	476	380	_	
Notes, mortgages and installation contracts payable	· -	68	-	1,658	
Accrued vacation and retirement benefits payable	29,222	-	-	19,533	
Revenue bonds payable, net	17,115	19,198	_	-	
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment costs	5,586	-	_	3,565	
Capital lease obligations	-	-	-	9,484	
Other liabilities	9,649		1,373	1,550	
Total current liabilities	270,047	27,295	8,823	128,278	
Noncurrent liabilities					
Notes, mortgages and installment contracts payable	17,000	5,397	_	41,004	
Accrued vacation and retirement benefits payable	44,618	-	-	22,603	
Revenue bonds payable, net	564,442	280,837	-	-	
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment costs	9,926	-	-	10,214	
Capital lease obligations	-	-	-	14,455	
Due to primary government	195	-	-	13,300	
Unearned revenue	-	21,713	-	-	
Estimated future cost of land sold	-	37,540	-	-	
Net pension liability	1,089,882	6,554	23,356	583,997	
Other postemployment benefit liability	650,805	4,085	18,039	338,249	
Other liabilities	16,819	1,935	1,550	21,178	
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,393,687	358,061	42,945	1,045,000	
Total liabilities	2,663,734	385,356	51,768	1,173,278	
Deferred inflows of resources					
Deferred inflows on net pension liability	151,162	767	2,903	67,154	
Total deferred inflows of resources	151,162	767	2,903	67,154	
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	1,503,902	34,622	309,136	304,553	
Restricted	880,637	131,269	2,600	4,133	
Unrestricted	(1,542,118)	463,301	156,961	(817,702)	
Total net position	\$ 842,421	\$ 629,192	\$ 468,697	\$ (509,016)	

			Hawaii				
	Hawaii		ommunity		Hawaii		Total
	Tourism		velopment		lurricane	C	omponent
	Authority		Authority	Re	elief Fund		Units
\$	9,418	\$	848	\$	-	\$	164,361
	131		156		-		101,418
	30,517		-		-		42,516
	-		243		-		49,460
	-		-		-		1,726
	126		124		-		49,005
	-		-		-		36,313
	-		-		-		9,151
	-						9,484
_			1,418		2,440		16,430
	40,192		2,789		2,440		479,864
	-		-		-		63,401
	291		263		-		67,775
	-		-		-		845,279
	-		-		-		20,140
	-		-		-		14,455
	232,626		-		-		246,121
	-		-		-		21,713
	-		-		-		37,540
	4,239		2,415		-		1,710,443
	2,154		1,752		-		1,015,084
			9,258		-		50,740
	239,310		13,688		_		4,092,691
	279,502		16,477		2,440		4,572,555
	493		219				222,698
	493		219		_		222,698
	9,462		149,973		_		2,311,648
	26,728		14,115		_		1,059,482
	-		20,985		182,441	(	1,536,132)
\$	36,190	\$	185,073	\$	182,441	\$	1,834,998
_							

(concluded)

# State of Hawaii Component Units Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	University of Hawaii	Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation	Hawaii Public Housing Authority	Hawaii Health Systems Corporation	
Expenses	\$ 1,653,892	\$ 46,582	\$ 141,525	\$ 765,578	
Program revenues					
Charges for services	400,543	74,092	19,906	620,538	
Operating grants and contributions	452,404	9,465	80,031	2,261	
Capital grants and contributions			10,877	48,163	
Total program revenues	852,947	83,557	110,814	670,962	
Net program revenues (expenses)	(800,945)	36,975	(30,711)	(94,616)	
General revenues (expenses)					
Interest and investment income	4,659	-	-	169	
Transient accommodations tax	-	-	-	-	
Payments from State, net	765,528	7,863	25,558	118,440	
Gifts and subsidies	31,870	-	13,539	-	
Other	(7,425)		549	(1,881)	
Net general revenues	794,632	7,863	39,646	116,728	
Change in net position	(6,313)	44,838	8,935	22,112	
Net position					
Beginning of year, as previously reported	1,961,526	590,850	483,003	49,679	
Adjustment for change in accounting principle	(1,112,792)	(6,496)	(23,241)	(580,807)	
Beginning of year, as restated	848,734	584,354	459,762	(531,128)	
End of year	\$ 842,421	\$ 629,192	\$ 468,697	\$ (509,016)	

Hawaii Tourism Authority	Co Dev	Hawaii ommunity velopment authority	Н	Hawaii Iurricane elief Fund	Total Component Units
\$ 106,189	\$	9,610	\$	5	\$ 2,723,381
6,367		9,929		- - -	1,131,375 544,161 59,040
6,367		9,929			1,734,576
(99,822)		319		(5)	(988,805)
390 115,000 200 - 3		74 - 9,555 -		2,740 - 53,060 -	8,032 115,000 980,204 45,409 (8,754)
115,593		9,629		55,800	1,139,891
15,771		9,948		55,795	151,086
24,617 (4,198) 20,419		177,525 (2,400) 175,125	_	126,646 - 126,646	3,413,846 (1,729,934) 1,683,912
\$ 36,190	\$	185,073	\$	182,441	\$ 1,834,998

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the State of Hawaii (the State) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The State's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial activity of the State (Primary Government) and its Component Units, entities for which the Primary Government is considered to be financially accountable. Discretely presented Component Units are legally separate organizations for which the Primary Government is financially accountable or for which the nature and significance of their relationship to the Primary Government are such that exclusion would cause the State's reporting entity to be misleading or incomplete.

#### **Primary Government**

The following branches and departments are included in the State's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the State.

#### Executive:

Accounting and General Services

Agriculture

Attorney General

**Budget and Finance** 

Business, Economic Development and Tourism

Commerce and Consumer Affairs

Defense

Education

Hawaiian Home Lands

Health

**Human Resource Development** 

**Human Services** 

Labor and Industrial Relations

Land and Natural Resources

**Public Safety** 

Taxation

Transportation

Judicial

Legislative

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The Component Units column in the basic financial statements includes the financial data for the State's discretely presented Component Units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize their legal separation from the State. The discretely presented Component Units are:

*University of Hawaii* – The University of Hawaii (UH) is Hawaii's sole public higher education system. Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) Chapter 304 governs the activities of the UH.

The UH is comprised of ten campuses with approximately 60,000 students and 10,000 faculty and staff. The UH provides a broad range of 385 degree (baccalaureate to post-doctoral level) programs, through a framework of sixteen colleges and nine professional schools. Through its seven community colleges on Oahu, Hawaii, Maui and Kauai, the UH offers more than 279 certificate and associate degree programs and in certain areas, baccalaureate degrees. In addition to organized research institutes and administrative service and distance learning centers, the UH houses more than a hundred centers with a research, instruction, or public service purpose. The UH is also engaged in instructional research and service activities at hundreds of Hawaii schools, hospitals, and community sites, and carries out these activities across the Pacific Islands and in foreign countries.

The UH Board of Regents is appointed by the Governor of the State of Hawaii. The UH is a separate legal entity that is financially accountable to and fiscally dependent on the State and is therefore included as a discretely presented Component Unit. The UH's complete financial statements are available online at: <a href="http://www.hawaii.edu">http://www.hawaii.edu</a>.

Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation – The Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation (HHFDC) was established by Act 196, SLH 2005, as amended by Act 180, SLH 2006. The HHFDC is a corporate body placed within the Department of Business Economic Development and Tourism (DBEDT) for administrative purposes. The HHFDC's mission is to increase the supply of workforce and affordable homes by providing tools and resources to facilitate housing development. Tools and resources include housing tax credits, low interest construction loans, equity gap loans, developable land, and expedited land use approvals.

The HHFDC's Board of Directors is appointed by the Governor of the State of Hawaii. The HHFDC is a separate legal entity that is financially accountable to and fiscally dependent on the State and is therefore included as a discretely presented Component Unit. The HHFDC's complete financial statements are available online at: <a href="http://www.dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc">http://www.dbedt.hawaii.gov/hhfdc</a>.

**Hawaii Public Housing Authority** – The Hawaii Public Housing Authority (HPHA) was established by Act 196, SLH 2005, as amended by Act 180, SLH 2006. The HPHA is administratively attached to the Department of Human Services. Its mission is to provide safe, decent and sanitary dwelling for low and moderate income residents of the State of Hawaii and to operate its housing program in accordance with federal and State of Hawaii laws and regulations.

The HPHA's Board of Directors is appointed by the Governor of the State of Hawaii. The HPHA is a separate legal entity that is financially accountable to and fiscally dependent on the State and is therefore included as a discretely presented Component Unit. The HPHA's complete financial statements are available online at: <a href="http://www.hpha.hawaii.gov">http://www.hpha.hawaii.gov</a>.

# State of Hawaii **Notes to Basic Financial Statements** June 30, 2015

Hawaii Health Systems Corporation - Act 262, SLH 1996, transferred all facilities previously under the Department of Health - Division of Community Hospitals to the Hawaii Health System Corporation (HHSC). The HHSC is administratively attached to the Department of Health. Its mission is to provide and enhance accessible and comprehensive healthcare services that are quality-driven, customer-focused, and cost-effective. It operates the following facilities:

East Hawaii Region: Maui Region: Maui Memorial Medical Center

Hilo Medical Center Hale Hoʻola Hamakua

Ka'u Hospital

Yukio Okutsu Veterans Care Home

Kula Hospital Lanai Community Hospital

Oahu Region:

West Hawaii Region: Kona Community Hospital

Leahi Hospital Kohala Hospital Maluhia

Kauai Region: Kahuku Medical Center

Kauai Veterans Memorial Hospital Samuel Mahelona Memorial Hospital

The HHSC's Board of Directors is appointed by the Governor of the State of Hawaii. The HHSC is a public body corporate and politic and an instrumentality and agency of the State of Hawaii that is financially accountable to and fiscally dependent on the State and is therefore included as a discretely presented Component Unit. The HHSC's complete financial statements are available online at: http://www.hhsc.org.

Hawaii Tourism Authority - The Hawaii Tourism Authority (HTA) was established by Act 156, SLH 1998. The HTA is administratively attached to DBEDT. The HTA is responsible for developing and implementing a strategic tourism marketing plan and developing measures of effectiveness to assess the overall benefits and effectiveness of the marketing plan as it relates to the State's tourism industry, employment taxes and lesser known and underutilized destinations.

Effective July 2002, in accordance with Executive Order No. 3817, the HTA assumed control and management of the Hawaii Convention Center (Center). Effective July 1, 2002, the Center, by statute, became the responsibility of the HTA. The Center offers approximately 350,000 square feet of rentable space including 51 meeting rooms.

The HTA's Board of Directors is appointed by the Governor of the State of Hawaii. The HTA is a separate legal entity that is financially accountable to and fiscally dependent on the State and is therefore included as a discretely presented Component Unit. Information for obtaining the HTA's complete financial statements may be obtained from the Hawaii Tourism Authority, 1801 Kalakaua Avenue, Honolulu, Hawaii 96815.

Hawaii Community Development Authority – The Hawaii Community Development Authority (HCDA) was established by HRS Chapter 206E to join the strengths of private enterprise, public development and regulation into a form capable of long-term planning and implementation of improved community development in the urban areas of the State of Hawaii. The HCDA was established as a body corporate and a public instrumentality of the State and is administratively attached to DBEDT. The HCDA has three Community Development Districts: Kakaʻako, Kalaeloa, and Heʻeia.

The HCDA's Board of Directors is appointed by the Governor of the State of Hawaii. The HCDA is a separate legal entity that is financially accountable to and fiscally dependent on the State and is therefore included as a discretely presented Component Unit. Information for obtaining the HCDA's complete financial statements may be obtained from the Hawaii Community Development Authority, 547 Queen Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813.

**Hawaii Hurricane Relief Fund** – The Hawaii Hurricane Relief Fund (HHRF) was organized pursuant to, and operates in accordance with HRS Chapter 431P. The HHRF was established as a public body and a body corporate and politic and is administratively attached to the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs.

The HHRF was primarily organized to provide residential and commercial hurricane property insurance coverage to Hawaii consumers in situations where insurance companies will not underwrite such business in the State. Due to the increase in availability of hurricane insurance coverage from the private sector, the HHRF ceased writing policies effective December 1, 2000. Although the HHRF ceased writing policies, it was determined that the HHRF should not be dissolved as it may need to reenter the insurance market in the future.

In the event of dissolution of the HHRF, the net monies within the hurricane reserve trust fund shall revert to the State General Fund after any payments on behalf of licensed property and casualty insurers or the State that are required to be made pursuant to any federal disaster insurance program enacted to provide insurance or reinsurance for hurricane risks.

The HHRF's Board of Directors is appointed by the Governor of the State of Hawaii. The HHRF is financially accountable, poses a financial burden or benefit to the State, and is therefore included as a discretely presented Component Unit. Information for obtaining the HHRF's complete financial statements may be obtained from the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, 335 Merchant Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813.

The Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii (ERS), which is administered on behalf of public employees for both the State and county governments, and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs (OHA), which exists for the betterment of the conditions of native Hawaiians, are excluded from the State's reporting entity because those agencies, based on the fiscal independence and/or separate legal entity status, are not accountable to the State.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The Government-Wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information of all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Primary Government and its Component Units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these Government-Wide statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the Primary Government is reported separately from the legally separate Component Units for which the Primary Government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or component unit are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function, segment or component unit. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function, segment or component unit. Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function, segment or component unit. Taxes and other items not included in program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Resources that are dedicated internally are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. The State does not allocate general government (indirect) expenses to other functions.

Net position is restricted when legally enforceable enabling legislation places restrictions or when restrictions are externally imposed by citizens and/or public interest groups. Additionally, restricted net position is reevaluated if any of the resources raised by the enabling legislation are used for a purpose not specified by the enabling legislation or if the government has other cause for reconsideration. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the State's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Separate financial statements are provided for Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, Fiduciary Funds, and discretely presented Component Units. However, the Fiduciary Funds are not included in the Government-Wide financial statements. Major individual Governmental Funds and major individual Proprietary Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

#### Governmental Funds Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the State considers revenues other than federal grants and assistance awards to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Revenues susceptible to accrual include taxpayer-assessed tax revenues. Taxpayer-assessed tax revenues primarily consist of income and general excise taxes. Other revenues, which are not considered susceptible to accrual, and therefore, are not accrued include fines, forfeitures and penalties, licenses, permits, and franchises.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as revenue when available and entitlement occurs which is generally within 12 months of the end of the current fiscal year. All other federal reimbursement-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures or expenses are incurred as of fiscal year-end and funds are available.

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under-accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### Proprietary Funds, Fiduciary Funds and Component Units Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Proprietary Funds, Fiduciary Funds and Component Units are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the Government-Wide financial statements described above. The financial statements of the Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Trust Fund are reported as a fiduciary fund using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency Funds do not have a measurement focus and report only assets and liabilities.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The financial activities of the State are recorded in individual funds, each of which is deemed to be a separate accounting entity. The State uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

The financial activities of the State that are reported in the accompanying fund financial statements have been classified into the following major and nonmajor Governmental and Proprietary Funds. In addition, a description of the Fiduciary Funds and Component Units are as follows:

Governmental Fund Types – The State reports the following major Governmental Funds:

- General Fund This fund is the State's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Capital Projects Fund This fund accounts for substantially all of the financial resources obtained and used for the acquisition or construction of the State's capital assets and facilities. Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of general obligation and revenue bond issues, federal grants, and transfers from the Special Revenue Funds.
- Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund This fund accounts for the State's Medicaid program
  through which healthcare is provided to the low-income population. The Medicaid program
  is jointly financed by the State and the federal government.

The nonmajor Governmental Funds are comprised of the following:

- **Special Revenue Funds** These funds account for the financial resources obtained from specific revenue sources and used for restricted purposes.
- Debt Service Fund This fund accounts for the financial resources obtained and used for the payment of principal and interest on long-term bond obligations. This fund also accounts for financial resources obtained and used to refund existing debt.

**Proprietary Fund Type – Enterprise Funds** – The major Enterprise Funds are comprised of the following:

- Department of Transportation Airports Division (Airports) Airports operates the State's airports and air navigation facilities and is responsible for general supervision of aeronautics within the State.
- Department of Transportation Harbors Division (Harbors) Harbors maintains and operates the State's commercial harbors system.
- Unemployment Compensation Fund This fund accounts for the unemployment compensation benefits to qualified recipients.

The nonmajor Enterprise Funds are comprised of the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (EUTF), the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund (WPCF), and the Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund (DWTLF). The EUTF accounts for the benefits relating to active employees and beneficiaries, which includes medical, dental and life insurance coverage. The WPCF accounts for loans to county agencies for the construction of wastewater treatment facilities. The DWTLF accounts for loans to county agencies for construction of drinking water treatment facilities.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types -

- Agency Funds Agency Funds account for retiree healthcare benefits, which includes
  medical, dental and life insurance coverage as well as various taxes, deposits and property
  held by the State, pending distribution to other governments and individuals.
- **OPEB Trust Fund** This Fund accounts for plan assets and related expenses from the pre-funding contributions made by the State and counties. The OPEB Trust Fund meets the criteria for plans that are administered as trusts, or equivalent arrangements.

**Component Units** – Component Units are comprised of the following:

- UH, which is comprised of the State's public institutions of higher education;
- HHFDC, which finances housing programs for residents of the State;
- HPHA, which manages state housing programs;
- HHSC, which provides quality health care for the people of the State;
- HTA, which manages the State's convention center as well as markets the State's visitor industry;
- HCDA, which coordinates private and public community development for residents of the State;
   and
- HHRF, which funds, assesses and provides, when necessary, hurricane property insurance to residents of the State.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash, repurchase agreements, and U.S. government securities with original maturities of three months or less, and time certificates of deposit. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the State has defined cash equivalents to be all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### **Receivables and Payables**

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund receivables/interfund payables. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the Government-Wide financial statements as internal balances.

All tax and other receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and estimated refunds due.

#### Investments

Investments in U.S. government securities and time certificates of deposit are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices. Investments in repurchase agreements are carried at cost.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories of developments in progress and units available for sale are stated at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value, with cost being determined by the specific-identification method. All estimated carrying costs to the anticipated date of disposition are considered in the determination of estimated net realizable value. Units available for sale include constructed units, developed lots, and repurchased units available for sale. Developments in progress include construction in progress and land held for future development.

Materials and supplies inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost being determined principally using the first-in, first-out method.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Revenue bond indentures authorize the State's trustees to invest monies in time certificates of deposit, money market funds, and investment securities, including U.S. government or agency obligations, certain municipal bonds, and repurchase agreements. Uninsured time certificates of deposit are required to be collateralized by investment securities of an equal or greater market value. The underlying securities for repurchase agreements are required to be U.S. government or agency obligations of an equal or greater market value held by the State's agent in the State's name.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include land and land improvements, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), buildings and improvements, equipment, and computer software, are reported in the applicable governmental and business-type activities columns, as well as the Component Units column, in the Government-Wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed to the extent the State's capitalization thresholds are met. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned, on the invested proceeds over the same period.

The State's capitalization thresholds are \$5,000 for equipment, and \$100,000 for land and land improvements, infrastructure, and buildings and improvements. The primary government's capitalization threshold is \$1,000,000 for purchased and internally generated software and \$100,000 for other intangible assets. Component units and major enterprise funds establish separate capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives, as appropriate. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements, which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives, are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation, as applicable, are removed from the respective accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in the statement of activities.

Capital assets of the Primary Government, as well as the Component Units, are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure	12-50 years
Buildings and improvements	15–30 years
Equipment	5–7 years
Computer software	5–15 years
Other intangible assets	30 years

Works of art and historical treasures held for public exhibition, education or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain, are capitalized. These items are protected, kept encumbered, conserved and preserved by the State. It is the State's policy to utilize proceeds from the sale of these items for the acquisition of other items for collection and display.

#### **Compensated Absences**

It is the State's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since sick leave is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the Government-Wide, Proprietary Funds, and Component Units financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the Governmental Funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the Government-Wide financial statements, Proprietary Fund financial statements, and Component Unit financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, Proprietary Fund, or Component Units statement of net position. Initial-issue bond premiums and discounts, as well as prepaid insurance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective-interest method. The difference between the reacquisition price of refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of refunded debt (deferred amount on refunding) is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunding debt or the remaining life of the refunded debt. Bond issuance costs except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the period incurred. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts, prepaid insurance costs, and deferred amounts on refunding is included in interest expense.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Funds recognize bond premiums, discounts and prepaid insurance costs during the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Net Position and Fund Balance**

In the Government-Wide financial statements and Proprietary Funds and Component Units financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represents net position restricted by parties outside of the State (such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary), or imposed by law through enabling legislation, and includes unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The State classifies fund balance based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to follow constraints on how resources can be spent in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. Classifications include:

- Restricted Balances that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as
  creditors, grantors or other governments. Sources of these externally enforceable legal
  restrictions include creditors, grantors or other governments.
- Committed Balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (i.e., legislation) of the State's Legislature, the highest level of decision-making authority. Legislation is required to modify or rescind a fund balance commitment.
- Assigned Balances that are constrained by management to be used for specific purposes, as authorized by the Hawaii Revised Statutes, but are not restricted or committed. For general fund only, encumbrance balances at fiscal year-end are classified as assigned.
- Unassigned Residual balances that are not contained in the other classifications.

The State spends restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the State would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The following table presents the State's fund balance by major function at June 30, 2015:

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Restricted for Welfare	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,335	\$ 25,335	
Debt service				35	35	
	-	-	-	25,370	25,370	
Committed to						
General government	_	_	_	39,952	39,952	
Public safety	_	_	_	39,441	39,441	
Conservation of natural resources	_	_	_	97,270	97.270	
Health	-	_	_	168,340	168,340	
Welfare	_	_	_	1,748	1,748	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	2,320	2,320	
Urban development and housing	-	-	-	72,456	72,456	
Economic development	-	-	-	27,763	27,763	
				449,290	449,290	
Assigned to						
General government	20,265	-	-	133,195	153,460	
Public safety	10,811	-	-	48,839	59,650	
Highways	· -	-	-	201,250	201,250	
Conservation of natural resources	8,631	-	-	45,424	54,055	
Health	57,370	-	-	-	57,370	
Welfare	30,452	-	761	-	31,213	
Education	71,235	-	-	145,878	217,113	
Culture and recreation	3,376	-	-	8,636	12,012	
Urban development and housing	583	-	-	247,165	247,748	
Economic development	2,519		<u>-</u> _	178,355	180,874	
	205,242		761	1,008,742	1,214,745	
Unassigned	1,384,053	(538,642)		(38,338)	807,073	
Total	\$ 1,589,295	\$ (538,642)	\$ 761	\$ 1,445,064	\$ 2,496,478	

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the ERS and additions to/deductions from the ERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the ERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at their fair value.

#### **Nonexchange Transactions**

The Enterprise Funds and Component Units recognize contributed capital as nonoperating revenues.

#### **Medicare and Medicaid Reimbursements**

Revenues from services reimbursed under Medicare and Medicaid programs are recorded at the estimated reimbursable amounts. Final determination of the amounts earned is subject to review by the fiscal intermediary or a peer review organization. The State administration's opinion is that adequate provision has been made for any adjustments that may result from such reviews.

#### **Risk Management**

The State is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; and workers' compensation. The State generally retains the first \$1,000,000 per occurrence of property losses, the first \$4,000,000 with respect to general liability claims, and the first \$500,000 of losses due to crime. Losses in excess of those retention amounts are insured with commercial insurance carriers. The limit per occurrence for property losses is \$200,000,000, except for terrorism, which is \$50,000,000 per occurrence. The annual aggregate limit for general liability losses is \$15,000,000 per occurrence and for crime losses, the limit per

occurrence is \$10,000,000 with no aggregate limit. The State also has an insurance policy to cover medical malpractice risk in the amount of \$35,000,000 per occurrence and \$39,000,000 in the aggregate. The State is generally self-insured for workers' compensation and automobile claims.

The estimated reserve for losses and loss adjustment costs includes the accumulation of estimates for losses and claims reported prior to fiscal year-end, nonincremental estimates (based on projections of historical developments) of claims incurred but not reported, and nonincremental estimates of costs for investigating and adjusting all incurred and unadjusted claims. Amounts reported are subject to the impact of future changes in economic and social conditions. The State believes that, given the inherent variability in any such estimates, the reserves are within a reasonable and acceptable range of adequacy. Reserves are continually monitored and reviewed and, as settlements are made and reserves adjusted, the differences are reported in current operations. A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the basic financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable.

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The State offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all State employees, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All plan assets are held in a trust fund to protect them from claims of general creditors. The State has no responsibility for loss due to the investment or failure of investment of funds and assets in the plan, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the State's deferred compensation plan are not reported in the accompanying basic financial statements.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **Newly Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

#### GASB Statement Nos. 68 & 71

During fiscal year 2015, the State implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Statement No. 68 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions provided to the employees of state and local government employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements in which:

- Contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entities to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable.
- Pension plan assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.

Pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employer, nonemployer
contributing entities, and the pension plan administrator. If the plan is a defined benefit
pension plan, plan assets also are legally protected from creditors of the plan members.

Statement No. 68 replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25 and No. 27*, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statement Nos. 27 and 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not covered by the scope of this Statement.

Statement No. 71 is required to be implemented simultaneously with Statement No. 68 and amends the requirement related to certain pension contributions made to defined benefit pension plans prior to implementation of Statement No. 68 by employers and nonemployer contributing entities.

The adoption of Statement Nos. 68 and 71 has no impact on the State's governmental fund financial statements, which continue to report expenditures in the amount statutorily required. However, adoption has resulted in the restatement of the State's fiscal year 2014 government-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of a net pension liability in accordance with the provisions of Statement No. 68 and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in accordance with Statement No. 71. Net pension liability for governmental activities and business type activities of \$4,296,634,000 and \$150,840,000, respectively, and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for governmental activities and business type activities of \$319,827,000 and \$11,301,000, respectively, were reported as of July 1, 2014. Refer to Note 11 for more information regarding the State's pension.

#### **GASB Statement No. 69**

The GASB issued Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*, which became effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2013. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. This Statement did not have a material effect on the State's financial statements.

#### **GASB Statement No. 72**

The GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. The Statement will also enhance fair value application guidance and disclosure. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The State has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on its financial statements.

#### **GASB Statement No. 73**

The GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, and for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and reporting by employers and government nonemployer contributing entities for pensions are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions

are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The State has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on its financial statements.

#### **GASB Statement No. 74**

The GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans. The Statement replaces GASB Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended. The Statement addresses the financial reports of defined benefit other post-employment benefit plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The State has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on its financial statements.

#### **GASB Statement No. 75**

The GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Statement replaces GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended. The Statement will require governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for the other post-employment benefits that they provide. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The State has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on its financial statements.

#### **GASB Statement No. 76**

The GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The Statement supersedes GASB Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The Statement reduces generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The State has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on its financial statements.

#### **GASB Statement No. 77**

The GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. The Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the nature and magnitude of the tax abatements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The State is currently evaluating the impact that Statement No. 77 will have on its financial statements.

#### **GASB Statement No. 78**

The GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The Statement amends the scope and applicability of GASB Statement No. 68, to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that meet certain requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The State is currently evaluating the impact that Statement No. 78 will have on its financial statements.

#### **GASB Statement No. 79**

The GASB issued Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The Statement addresses how certain state and local government external investment pools – and participants in those pools – may measure and report their investments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015, except for the provisions in paragraphs 18, 19, 23–26 and 40, which are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This Statement is not expected to have a material effect on the State's financial statements.

#### 2. Cash and Investments

The Director of Finance is responsible for the safekeeping of all monies paid into the State Treasury. The Director of Finance pools and invests any monies of the State, which in the Director of Finance's judgment, are in excess of the amounts necessary for meeting the specific requirements of the State. Investment earnings are allocated to the Primary Government based on its equity interest in the pooled monies. Legally authorized investments include obligations of or guaranteed by the U.S. government, obligations of the State, federally-insured savings and checking accounts, time certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements with federally-insured financial institutions.

#### Cash

The State maintains approximately 20 bank accounts for various purposes at locations throughout the State and the nation. Bank deposits are under the custody of the Director of Finance. For financial statement reporting purposes, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, time certificates of deposit, and money market accounts. Cash and cash equivalents also include repurchase agreements and U.S. government securities with original maturities of three months or less.

The carrying amount of the State's unrestricted and restricted deposits (cash, time certificates of deposit, and money market accounts) as of June 30, 2015, was \$2,079,606,000 and \$853,060,000, respectively, for the Primary Government and unrestricted cash for the Fiduciary Funds as of June 30, 2015, was \$267,675,000.

Information relating to the bank balance, insurance and collateral of cash deposits is determined on a statewide basis and not for individual departments or divisions. Total bank balances of deposits for the Primary Government and Fiduciary Funds amounted to approximately \$2,238,408,000 at June 30, 2015. The entire amount represents bank balances covered by federal deposit insurance or by collateral held either by the State Treasury or by the State's fiscal agents in the name of the State. Bank balances of \$435,459,000 represent deposits with the U.S. Department of the Treasury for the State's Unemployment Trust Fund, which were uncollateralized, and the Special Revenue Funds' and Proprietary Funds' cash in bank, which was uninsured and uncollateralized. The Special Revenue Funds' and Proprietary Funds' cash balances were held by fiscal agents in the State's name for the purpose of satisfying outstanding bond obligations. Accordingly, these deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the State's deposits may not be returned to it. For demand or checking accounts and time certificates of deposit, the State requires that the depository banks pledge collateral based on the daily available bank balances to limit its exposure to custodial credit risk. The use of daily available bank balances to determine collateral requirements results in the available balances being under-collateralized at various times during the fiscal year. All securities pledged as collateral are held either by the State Treasury or by the State's fiscal agents in the name of the State. The State also requires that no more than 60% of the State's total funds available for deposit and on deposit in the State Treasury may be deposited in any one financial institution.

#### Investments

The State holds investments both for its own benefit and as an agent for other parties.

Further, the State pools all excess funds into an investment pool that is administered by the State Department of Budget and Finance (Budget and Finance). The pool's investment options are limited to investments listed in the HRS. As of June 30, 2015, the State had material investments in repurchase agreements. According to Budget and Finance, the repurchase agreement investment contracts are valued on the cost basis.

At the end of each year, Budget and Finance allocates the investment pool amount to each of the participants including those participants who are part of the Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds. The allocation is based on the average monthly investment balance of each participant in the investment pool.

The following table presents the State's investments and maturities at June 30, 2015 (amounts expressed in thousands).

			Maturity (in years)					
	Fair Value		Less than 1		1-5		>	•5
Investments – Primary government Certificates of deposit U.S. government securities Repurchase agreements	\$ 805,558 1,445,267 118,465 2,369,290		\$ 	779,202 611,840 103,815 1,494,857	\$ 	26,356 833,422 14,650 874,428	\$ 	- 5 - 5
Mutual funds  Total investments	\$	12,643	<u> </u>	.,,	<u>*</u>	0,.20	<del>*</del>	<u> </u>
Investments – Fiduciary funds Certificates of deposit U.S. government securities Repurchase agreements	\$	133,146 238,879 19,580	\$	128,790 101,127 17,159	\$	4,356 137,751 2,421	\$	- 1 -
		391,605	\$	247,076	\$	144,528	\$	1
Mutual funds		881,145						
Total investments	\$	1,272,750						

#### Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the State's investment policy generally limits maturities on investments to not more than five years from the date of investment.

#### Credit Risk

The State's investment policy limits investments in state and U.S. Treasury securities, time certificates of deposit, U.S. government or agency obligations, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, and money market funds maintaining a Triple-A rating.

#### **Custodial Risk**

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the State will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The State's investments are held at broker/dealer firms, which

are protected by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) up to a maximum amount. Excess-SIPC coverage is provided by the firms' insurance policies. In addition, the State requires the institutions to set aside in safekeeping certain types of securities to collateralize repurchase agreements. The State monitors the market value of these securities and obtains additional collateral when appropriate.

## Concentration of Credit Risk

The State's policy provides guidelines for portfolio diversification by placing limits on the amount the State may invest in any one issuer, types of investment instruments, and position limits per issue of an investment instrument.

## 3. Capital Assets

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, capital assets activity for the Primary Government (governmental activities and business-type activities) was as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Governmental Activities					
	Balance at					
	July 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2015		
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,236,891	\$ 30,327	\$ -	\$ 2,267,218		
Construction in progress	927,901	488,982	(366,857)	1,050,026		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,164,792	519,309	(366,857)	3,317,244		
Capital assets being depreciated						
Infrastructure	9,153,284	179,730	-	9,333,014		
Buildings and improvements	4,205,670	236,158	(9,544)	4,432,284		
Equipment	472,989	63,490	(23,910)	512,569		
Intangible assets – software	83,289	30,168		113,457		
Total capital assets being depreciated	13,915,232	509,546	(33,454)	14,391,324		
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization						
Infrastructure	(5,433,584)	(223,521)	438	(5,656,667)		
Buildings and improvements	(2,319,630)	(160,784)	5,962	(2,474,452)		
Equipment Intangible assets – software	(341,931) (5,949)	(54,080) (21,025)	22,428	(373,583) (26,974)		
•			20,020			
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(8,101,094)	(459,410)	28,828	(8,531,676)		
Total capital assets	\$ 8,978,930	\$ 569,445	\$ (371,483)	\$ 9,176,892		
		Business-ty	pe Activities			
	Balance at	Business-ty	pe Activities	Balance at		
	Balance at July 1, 2014	Business-ty Additions	pe Activities  Deductions	Balance at June 30, 2015		
Capital assets not being depreciated	July 1, 2014		Deductions	June 30, 2015		
Land and land improvements	July 1, 2014 \$ 625,937	Additions \$ 2,718	Deductions \$ (1)	June 30, 2015 \$ 628,654		
Land and land improvements Construction in progress	<b>July 1, 2014</b> \$ 625,937 564,863	* 2,718 428,721	Deductions	June 30, 2015 \$ 628,654 824,834		
Land and land improvements  Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated	July 1, 2014 \$ 625,937	Additions \$ 2,718	Deductions \$ (1)	June 30, 2015 \$ 628,654		
Land and land improvements  Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated	\$ 625,937 564,863 1,190,800	### Additions  \$ 2,718  ### 428,721  ### 431,439	\$ (1) (168,750) (168,751)	\$ 628,654 824,834 1,453,488		
Land and land improvements Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated Land and improvements	\$ 625,937 564,863 1,190,800	### Additions  \$ 2,718  428,721  431,439  24,549	\$ (1) (168,750) (168,751)	\$ 628,654 824,834 1,453,488		
Land and land improvements Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated Land and improvements Buildings and improvements	\$ 625,937 564,863 1,190,800 1,234,206 2,164,677	### Additions  \$ 2,718	\$ (1) (168,750) (168,751) (169) (1,236)	\$ 628,654 824,834 1,453,488 1,258,586 2,291,500		
Land and land improvements Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated  Land and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Equipment	\$ 625,937 564,863 1,190,800 1,234,206 2,164,677 311,672	\$ 2,718 428,721 431,439 24,549 128,059 16,868	\$ (1) (168,750) (168,751) (169) (1,236) (6,066)	\$ 628,654 824,834 1,453,488 1,258,586 2,291,500 322,474		
Land and land improvements Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated  Land and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Equipment  Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 625,937 564,863 1,190,800 1,234,206 2,164,677	### Additions  \$ 2,718	\$ (1) (168,750) (168,751) (169) (1,236)	\$ 628,654 824,834 1,453,488 1,258,586 2,291,500		
Land and land improvements  Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated  Land and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Equipment  Total capital assets being depreciated  Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 625,937 564,863 1,190,800 1,234,206 2,164,677 311,672 3,710,555	\$ 2,718 428,721 431,439 24,549 128,059 16,868 169,476	\$ (1) (168,750) (168,751) (169) (1,236) (6,066) (7,471)	\$ 628,654 824,834 1,453,488 1,258,586 2,291,500 322,474 3,872,560		
Land and land improvements  Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated  Land and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Equipment  Total capital assets being depreciated  Less: Accumulated depreciation  Land and improvements	\$ 625,937 564,863 1,190,800 1,234,206 2,164,677 311,672 3,710,555 (815,305)	\$ 2,718 428,721 431,439 24,549 128,059 16,868 169,476 (32,547)	\$ (1) (168,750) (168,751) (169) (1,236) (6,066) (7,471)	\$ 628,654 824,834 1,453,488 1,258,586 2,291,500 322,474 3,872,560 (847,730)		
Land and land improvements  Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated  Land and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Equipment  Total capital assets being depreciated  Less: Accumulated depreciation  Land and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Buildings and improvements	\$ 625,937 564,863 1,190,800 1,234,206 2,164,677 311,672 3,710,555 (815,305) (1,199,471)	\$ 2,718 428,721 431,439 24,549 128,059 16,868 169,476 (32,547) (60,864)	\$ (1) (168,750) (168,751) (169) (1,236) (6,066) (7,471) 122 244	\$ 628,654 824,834 1,453,488 1,258,586 2,291,500 322,474 3,872,560 (847,730) (1,260,091)		
Land and land improvements  Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated  Land and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Equipment  Total capital assets being depreciated  Less: Accumulated depreciation  Land and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Equipment	\$ 625,937 564,863 1,190,800 1,234,206 2,164,677 311,672 3,710,555 (815,305) (1,199,471) (214,804)	\$ 2,718 428,721 431,439 24,549 128,059 16,868 169,476 (32,547) (60,864) (19,791)	\$ (1) (168,750) (168,751) (168,751) (1,236) (6,066) (7,471) 122 244 5,700	\$ 628,654 824,834 1,453,488 1,258,586 2,291,500 322,474 3,872,560 (847,730) (1,260,091) (228,895)		
Land and land improvements  Construction in progress  Total capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets being depreciated  Land and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Equipment  Total capital assets being depreciated  Less: Accumulated depreciation  Land and improvements  Buildings and improvements  Buildings and improvements	\$ 625,937 564,863 1,190,800 1,234,206 2,164,677 311,672 3,710,555 (815,305) (1,199,471)	\$ 2,718 428,721 431,439 24,549 128,059 16,868 169,476 (32,547) (60,864)	\$ (1) (168,750) (168,751) (169) (1,236) (6,066) (7,471) 122 244	\$ 628,654 824,834 1,453,488 1,258,586 2,291,500 322,474 3,872,560 (847,730) (1,260,091)		

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was charged to functions/programs of the Primary Government as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Governmental activities	
Highways	\$ 206,289
Lower education	82,935
Urban redevelopment and housing	23,080
Public safety	20,153
General government	53,853
Conservation of natural resources	17,146
Welfare	23,008
Health	6,208
Economic development and assistance	23,274
Culture and recreation	 3,464
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 459,410
Business-type activities	
Airports	\$ 88,434
Harbors	23,198
EUTF	1,365
DWTLF	194
WPCF	 11
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 113,202

## 4. General Obligation Bonds Payable

The State issues general obligation bonds primarily to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Although certain general obligation debt are being retired from the resources of the Proprietary Funds – Airports and Harbors and are recorded in those funds, all general obligation bonds are backed solely by the full faith and credit of the State.

All issues, except Series CM, issued December 1, 1996; Series DL, issued May 20, 2008; Series DO and DP, issued December 16, 2008; Series DR, issued June 23, 2009; Series DT, issued November 24, 2009; Series DY, issued February 18, 2010; Series ED, issued December 7, 2011; and Series EJ, EK and EL, issued November 21, 2013, and Series ER, issued November 25, 2014, contain call provisions. Stated interest rates range from 0.18% to 6.5%.

On November 25, 2014, the State issued \$575,000,000 of general obligation bonds of 2014 Series EO, \$209,015,000 of general obligation refunding bonds of 2014 Series EP, \$25,000,000 of taxable general obligation bonds of 2014, Series EQ, and \$199,760,000 of taxable general obligation refunding bonds of 2014, Series ER and ES. The bonds were issued at a premium, which will be amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. The bonds within Series EQ and ES are subject to optional redemption, and the bonds within Series EO and EP that mature on or after August 1, 2024 are subject to optional redemption.

Refunding Series EP, ER and ES have interest rates of 0.18% to 5.0% and were used to advance refund \$416,860,000 of certain general obligation bonds previously issued. The net proceeds of \$450,668,000 (including premiums of \$41,893,000) related to the issuance of Series EP, ER and ES were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the previously issued outstanding general obligation bonds series DF, DG, DI, DJ, DK and DN. As a result, these bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability for these bonds has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Due to the advanced refunding, the State decreased its total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$47,932,000 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$31,346,000.

The State defeased general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust, to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunding bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the refunded bonds are not included in the State's basic financial statements. At June 30, 2015, \$868,825,000 of bonds outstanding is considered defeased. At June 30, 2015, the general obligation bonds consisted of the following (amounts expressed in thousands):

Callable Noncallable	\$	5,234,635 758,625
Total general obligation bonds outstanding		5,993,260
Add: unamortized bond premium		539,353
Less: Amount recorded as a liability of proprietary funds – Harbors	_	(29,332)
Amount recorded in the governmental activities of the primary government	\$	6,503,281

A summary of general obligation bonds outstanding by series as of June 30, 2015, is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

				Original Amount	Outstanding
Series	Date of Issue	Interest Rates	Maturity Dates	of Issue	Amount
СМ	December 1, 1996	6.500%	December 1, 2015–2016	\$ 150,000	\$ 16,660
DF	June 15, 2005	3.625%-5.000%	July 1, 2015–2016	225,000	11,640
DG	June 15, 2005	5.000%	July 1, 2015	722,575	87,995
DI	March 23, 2006	4.000%-5.000%	March 1, 2016-2026	350,000	36,135
DJ	April 12, 2007	3.800%-5.000%	April 1, 2016–2026	350,000	88,065
DK	May 20, 2008	4.000%-5.000%	May 1, 2016–2028	375,000	244,160
DL	May 20, 2008	3.500%-5.000%	May 1, 2016–2018	29,010	13,290
DN	December 16, 2008	4.250%-5.500%	August 1, 2015–2028	100,000	87,035
DO	December 16, 2008	3.500%-5.000%	August 1, 2015–2018	101,825	55,185
DP	December 16, 2008	5.430%-5.680%	August 1, 2015–2016	26,000	9,555
DQ	June 23, 2009	3.600%-5.000%	June 1, 2016–2029	500,000	409,715
DR	June 23, 2009	3.000%-5.000%	June 1, 2016–2019	225,410	135,350
DS	November 5, 2009	0.200%-1.450%	September 15, 2015-2024	32,000	29,160
DT	November 24, 2009	2.500%-5.000%	November 1, 2015-2019	204,140	173,885
DX	February 18, 2010	3.380%-5.530%	February 1, 2016-2030	500,000	477,595
DY	February 18, 2010	3.000%-5.000%	February 1, 2016-2020	221,625	188,525
DZ	December 7, 2011	3.500%-5.000%	December 1, 2016-2031	800,000	800,000
EA	December 7, 2011	2.000%-5.000%	December 1, 2016-2023	403,455	403,455
ED	December 7, 2011	2.000%-5.000%	December 1, 2015	23,750	23,750
EE	December 4, 2012	1.000%-5.000%	November 1, 2017–2032	444,000	444,000
EF	December 4, 2012	5.000%	November 1, 2017–2024	396,990	396,990
EG	December 4, 2012	1.000%-3.625%	November 1, 2017–2032	26,000	26,000
EH	November 21, 2013	4.000%-5.000%	August 1, 2018–2033	635,000	635,000
EJ	November 21, 2013	3.000%-5.000%	August 1, 2015	58,355	58,355
EK	November 21, 2013	3.000%-5.000%	August 1, 2016	27,330	27,330
EL	November 21, 2013	1.000%-5.000%	August 1, 2017–2023	50,860	50,860
EM	November 21, 2013	1.950%-4.800%	August 1, 2018–2033	25,000	25,000
EN	November 21, 2013	1.950%-4.800%	August 1, 2018–2033	29,795	29,795
EO	November 25, 2014	3.000%-5.000%	August 1, 2019–2034	575,000	575,000
EP	November 25, 2014	5.000%	August 1, 2019–2026	209,015	209,015
EQ	November 25, 2014	2.035%-3.915%	August 1, 2019–2034	25,000	25,000
ER	November 25, 2014	0.180%	August 1, 2015	5,880	5,880
ES	November 25, 2014	0.731%-1.231%	August 1, 2016–2017	193,880	193,880
					\$ 5,993,260

The general obligation bonds outstanding financed the Hawaiian Home Lands Trust settlement and the acquisition, construction, extension or improvement of various public improvement projects, including public buildings and facilities, public schools, community college and university facilities, public libraries and parks, and for other public purposes.

A summary of the general obligation bond premium activity for fiscal year 2015 is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Balance – July 1, 2014	\$ 492,651
GO bond series EO, EP, EQ, ER and ES	131,187
Defeased bond series DF, DG, DI, DJ, DK and DN	(16,058)
Current-year amortization	 (68,427)
Balance – June 30, 2015	\$ 539,353

A summary of debt service requirements to maturity on the governmental activities' general obligation bonds is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Principal		 Interest		Total
Fiscal Year					
2016	\$	412,213	\$ 278,339	\$	690,552
2017		429,507	253,670		683,177
2018		406,888	236,469		643,357
2019		412,607	220,497		633,104
2020		385,958	200,139		586,097
2021–2025		1,763,194	744,107		2,507,301
2026–2030		1,439,726	342,193		1,781,919
2031–2035		713,835	 62,661		776,496
	\$	5,963,928	\$ 2,338,075	\$	8,302,003

A summary of debt service requirements to maturity on the business-type activities' general obligation bonds are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Principal		Interest		Total	
Fiscal Year						
2016	\$	1,932	\$	1,449	\$	3,381
2017		2,023		1,358		3,381
2018		2,122		1,258		3,380
2019		2,228		1,153		3,381
2020		2,337		1,044		3,381
2021–2025		13,536		3,368		16,904
2026–2030		5,154		400		5,554
	\$	29,332	\$	10,030	\$	39,362

The State Constitution limits the amount of general obligation bonds, which may be issued. As required by law, the Director of Finance has confirmed that the State was within its legal debt limit on the aforementioned issues. The legal debt margin at June 30, 2015 was \$470,575,000.

At June 30, 2015, general obligation bonds authorized but unissued were approximately \$2,439,190,000.

## 5. Revenue Bonds Payable

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenue bonds are payable from and collateralized by each Departments' revenues generated from certain capital improvement projects. On November 13, 2014, the DBEDT issued \$150,000,000 in State of Hawaii Green Energy Market Securitization Bonds of 2014, Series A, to provide funds for environmentally beneficial projects. The Series A is comprised of Tranche A-1 for \$50,000,000 and Tranche A-2 for \$100,000,000. Interest rate for Tranche A-1 is 1.467%, with bonds payable semi-annually beginning July 1, 2015 through 2020. Interest rate for Tranche A-2 is 3.242%, with bonds payable semi-annually beginning July 1, 2020 through January 1, 2029. Both tranches have a final maturity date which is two years later than the scheduled final payment date to allow for any final true-ups for balances owed.

# State of Hawaii Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

On August 14, 2014, the Department of Transportation – Highways Division (Highways) issued \$103,375,000 in State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds of 2014, Series A, with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% to provide funds for certain highway capital improvement projects. The bonds are payable annually January 1, 2015 through 2034.

On August 14, 2014, Highways issued \$32,285,000 in State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds of 2014, Series B, with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% to advance refund \$36,195,000 of certain highway revenue bonds previously issued. The bonds are payable annually January 1, 2017 through 2026.

On August 14, 2014, Highways issued \$28,020,000 in State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds of 2014, Series C, with interest rates ranging from 0.4% to 1.6% to advance refund \$26,435,000 of certain highway revenue bonds previously issued. The bonds are payable annually January 1, 2016 through 2018.

On December 15, 2011, Highways issued \$112,270,000 in State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds of 2011, Series A, with interest rates ranging from 0.75% to 5.0% to finance certain highway capital improvement projects and related projects. The bonds are payable annually on January 1 through 2032.

On December 15, 2011, Highways issued \$5,095,000 in State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds of 2011, Series B, with an interest rate of 4.0% to advance refund \$5,400,000 of certain outstanding highway revenue bonds previously issued. The bond is payable on January 1, 2023.

On April 2, 2009, the State of Hawaii Department of Hawaiian Home Lands (DHHL) issued \$42,500,000 in Revenue Bonds, Series 2009, with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 6.0% to finance the construction of certain DHHL capital improvement projects. The bonds are payable annually on April 1 through 2039.

On December 17, 2008, Highways issued \$125,175,000 in State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, with interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 6.0% to finance certain highway capital improvement projects and related projects. The bonds are payable annually on January 1 through 2029.

On March 15, 2005, Highways issued \$60,000,000 in State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds of 2005, Series A, with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% to finance certain highway capital improvement projects and related projects. The final payment date for the bonds was July 1, 2015.

On March 15, 2005, Highways issued \$123,915,000 of State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds of 2005, Series B, with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.25% to advance refund \$128,705,000 of certain outstanding highway revenue bonds previously issued. The bonds are payable annually on July 1 through 2021.

On July 1, 1998, Highways issued State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds, Series of 1998, in the principal amount of \$94,920,000. Bond proceeds related to this issue amounted to \$97,542,000, of which \$71,921,000 was used to finance certain highway improvements and other related projects for the state highways system, and \$25,621,000 was used to advance refund certain outstanding highway revenue bonds. The difference in the principal amount and proceeds relates to bond premium and accrued interest. The bonds bear interest ranging from 4.5% to 5.5% and mature on July 1, 2017 and July 1, 2018.

The bonds are payable solely from and collateralized by the revenues, consisting primarily of highway fuel taxes, vehicle registration fees, vehicle weight taxes, and rental motor vehicle and tour vehicle surcharge taxes.

In addition to the proceeds from the State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds of 2005, Series B; the proceeds of the State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bond of 2011 and a portion of the proceeds of the State of Hawaii Highway Revenue Bonds, Series of 1998 (see above); were placed in irrevocable trusts and used to purchase securities of the U.S. government to meet the debt service requirements of the refunded bonds.

The liabilities for the refunded bond issues and the related securities and trust accounts are not included in the accompanying basic financial statements, as DHHL and Highways defeased their obligations for payment of those bonds upon completion of those refunding transactions.

The following is a summary of the State's revenue bonds issued and outstanding at June 30, 2015 (amounts expressed in thousands):

Series	Date of Issue	Interest Rates	Maturity Dates	Original Amount of Issue	ıtstanding Amount
Highways					
1998	July 1, 1998	5.500%	July 1, 2017-2018	\$ 94,920	\$ 27,580
2005 A	March 15, 2005	3.75%-5.00%	July 1, 2015	60,000	2,770
2005 B	March 15, 2005	5.00%-5.25%	July 1, 2015–2021	123,915	46,140
2008	December 17, 2008	4.75%-6.00%	January 1, 2016–2029	125,175	99,775
2011A	December 15, 2011	1.00%-5.00%	January 1, 2016–2032	112,270	100,490
2011B	December 15, 2011	4.00%	January 1, 2023	5,095	5,095
2014A	August 14, 2014	2.00%-5.00%	January 1, 2016–2034	103,375	101,075
2014B	August 14, 2014	3.00%-5.00%	January 1, 2017-2026	32,285	32,285
2014C	August 14, 2014	0.40%-1.60%	January 1, 2016-2018	28,020	27,600
DHHL					
2009	April 2, 2009	4.00%-6.00%	April 1, 2016–2039	42,500	38,300
DBEDT					
2014A-A1	November 13, 2014	1.467%	July 1, 2022	50,000	50,000
2014A-A2	November 13, 2014	3.242%	January 1, 2031	100,000	 100,000
					631,110
Add: Unamo	rtized bond premium				35,092
					\$ 666,202

A summary of the revenue bond premium activity for fiscal year 2015 is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Revenue Bonds			
Balance – July 1, 2014	\$	15,472		
Current-year additions		23,151		
Defeased bonds		(1,702)		
Current-year amortization		(1,829)		
Balance – June 30, 2015	\$	35,092		

Debt service requirements to maturity on revenue bonds are aggregated below (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Principal		Interest		Total
Fiscal Year					
2016	\$	44,862	\$	27,244	\$ 72,106
2017		46,052		25,472	71,524
2018		47,431		24,028	71,459
2019		49,476		22,070	71,546
2020		36,674		20,329	57,003
2021–2025		176,392		78,677	255,069
2026–2030		163,023		38,646	201,669
2031–2035		56,765		10,053	66,818
2036–2039		10,435		1,611	12,046
	\$	631,110	\$	248,130	\$ 879,240

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Revenue bonds are backed by a pledge of resources derived from users of the related facilities and are not supported by the full faith and credit of the State.

## Airports System Revenue Bonds

The Airports system revenue bonds are payable solely from and collateralized by airport revenues, which include all aviation fuel taxes levied. The Airports system revenue bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Department of Transportation (DOT) and the State during specific years at prices ranging from 102% to 100% of principal.

The following is a summary of the Airports system revenue bonds issued and outstanding at June 30, 2015 (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Interest Rates	Final Maturity Date (July 1)	Original Amount of Issue		ıtstanding Amount
Series					
2010A, refunding	2.00%-5.25%	2039	\$	478,980	\$ 477,780
2010B, refunding	3.00%-5.00%	2020		166,000	121,950
2011, refunding	2.00%-5.00%	2024		300,885	 243,785
			\$	945,865	843,515
Add: Unamortized premium					 15,475
					858,990
Less: Current portion					(35,725)
Noncurrent portion					\$ 823,265

#### Airports Special Facility Revenue Bonds

Airports entered into two special facility lease agreements with Continental Airlines, Inc. (Continental) in November 1997 and July 2000. The construction of the related facilities was financed by special facility revenue bonds issued by Airports in the amounts of \$25,255,000 and \$16,600,000, respectively. These bonds are payable solely from and collateralized solely by certain rentals and other monies derived from the special facilities and aggregated to \$21,725,000 at June 30, 2015.

The following is a summary of pertinent information on the Airports special facility revenue bonds at June 30, 2015:

- \$25,255,000 Issue The bonds bear interest at 5.625%, and are subject to redemption at the option of Airports upon the request of Continental at prices ranging from 101% to 100%, depending on the dates of redemption, or at 100% plus interest, if the facilities are destroyed or damaged extensively.
  - Interest-only payments are due semiannually on May 15 and November 15 of each year until the bonds mature on November 15, 2027, at which time the entire principal amount is due.
- \$16,600,000 Issue On July 15, 2000, Airports issued \$16,600,000 of term special facility bonds (Continental), Refunding Series of 2000, with an interest rate of 7%, due June 1, 2020, to, in part; refund \$18,225,000 of its outstanding Series of 1990 bonds (Continental). During the year ended June 30, 2015, the bonds were called in full on May 18, 2015. The bonds were subject to redemption on or after June 1, 2010, at the option of Airports, upon the request of Continental or, if the facilities are destroyed or damaged extensively, at 100% of principal, plus interest.

Special facility revenue bonds payable at June 30, 2015 consisted of \$21,725,000, and is classified as noncurrent.

The special facility leases are accounted for and recorded as direct financing leases. The remaining lease payments to be paid by the lessees (including debt service requirements on the special facility revenue bonds) are recorded as a restricted asset, and the special facility revenue bonds outstanding are recorded as a liability in the accompanying basic financial statements.

#### **Harbors Revenue Bonds**

The Harbors revenue bonds are collateralized by a charge and lien on the gross revenues of the commercial harbors system and upon all improvements and betterments thereto, and all funds and securities created in whole or in part from revenues or from the proceeds of any bonds issued. The Harbors revenue bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the DOT and the State during specific years at prices ranging from 102% to 100% of face value.

The following is a summary of the Harbors' revenue bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2015 (amounts expressed in thousands):

						С	urrent			
	Final Redemption Date	Interest Rates		Original mount of Issue	ncipal Due July 1, 2015	Ja	Due nuary 1, 2016	Total	No	oncurrent
Year of Issue			_							
2004	January 1, 2024	2.50%-6.00%	\$	52,030	\$ -	\$	1,580	\$ 1,580	\$	16,195
2006	January 1, 2031	4.00%-5.25%		96,570	-		3,085	3,085		71,625
2007	July 1, 2027	4.25%-5.50%		51,645	2,000		-	2,000		34,000
2010	July 1, 2040	3.00%-5.75%		201,390	6,680		-	6,680		179,940
2013	July 1, 2029	3.25%		23,615	825			825		21,610
			\$	425,250	\$ 9,505	\$	4,665	14,170		323,370
Add: Unamortize	ed premium							295		393
								\$ 14,465	\$	323,763

Debt service requirements to maturity on the business-type activities' revenue bonds for fiscal years ending June 30 are aggregated below (amounts expressed in thousands):

	F	Principal	Interest		Total	
Fiscal Year						
2016	\$	49,895	\$	59,312	\$	109,207
2017		52,155		57,008		109,163
2018		54,545		54,610		109,155
2019		57,135		52,001		109,136
2020		59,745		49,354		109,099
2021–2025		332,670		200,373		533,043
2026–2030		196,440		129,724		326,164
2031–2035		173,875		81,159		255,034
2036–2040		215,180		31,951		247,131
2041		11,140		313		11,453
	\$	1,202,780	\$	715,805	\$	1,918,585

The above debt service requirements are set forth based upon funding requirements. Principal and interest payments are required to be funded in the twelve-month and six-month periods, respectively, preceding the date on which the payments are due.

#### Revenue Bonds Authorized, but Unissued

At June 30, 2015, revenue bonds authorized, but unissued, were approximately \$5,320,885,000.

## **Special Purpose Revenue Bonds**

HRS Chapter 39A authorizes the State (with legislative approval) to issue special purpose revenue bonds. Proceeds from those bonds are loaned to certain enterprises for projects deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are not general obligations of the State and are payable solely from monies received by the State under project agreements with the recipients of the bond proceeds. Accordingly, the State has not included those bonds in its basic financial statements. Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 amounted to approximately \$1,395,048,000. At June 30, 2015, special purpose revenue bonds of \$1,218,555,000 were authorized, but unissued.

#### **Improvement District Bonds**

The HCDA is authorized to issue improvement district bonds under HRS Chapter 206E. Proceeds from the bond issues are utilized to finance the redevelopment of districts designated by the State Legislature. The bonds are not general obligations of the State and are payable solely by assessment liens on the real property of the designated district. Accordingly, the State has not included those bonds in its basic financial statements. There were no bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2015.

## 6. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the long-term liabilities for the primary government (governmental activities and business-type activities) were as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Governmental Activities						
	Balance July 1, 2014 As Restated	Additions Deductions		Balance dditions Deductions June 30, 2015			
General obligation bonds payable Revenue bonds payable	\$ 5,784,139 412,725	\$ 1,008,775 313,680	\$ (828,986) (95,295)	\$ 5,963,928 631,110	\$ 412,213 44,862		
Add: Unamortized premium	508,123	154,339	(88,017)	574,445	70,258		
Total bonds payable	6,704,987	1,476,794	(1,012,298)	7,169,483	527,333		
Accrued vacation payable	226,798	99,657	(106,582)	219,873	78,605		
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment costs	147,120	32,092	(29,036)	150,176	28,361		
Net pension liability	4,296,634	392,230	(778,290)	3,910,574	-		
Other postemployment benefit liability	3,327,313	583,908	(313,470)	3,597,751	-		
Capital lease obligations	102,622		(6,447)	96,175	6,984		
Total	\$ 14,805,474	\$ 2,584,681	\$ (2,246,123)	\$ 15,144,032	\$ 641,283		

	Business-type Activities									
	Balance July 1, 2014 As Restated		Δ	Additions Deductions		Balance June 30, 2015		Due With		
General obligation bonds payable, net Revenue bonds payable Add: Unamortized premium, net	\$	31,176 1,257,900 20,237	\$	-	\$	(1,844) (55,120)	\$	29,332 1,202,780 16,163	\$	1,932 49,895 295
Total bonds payable	_	1,309,313		<del>-</del>		(4,074) (61,038)		1,248,275		52,122
Accrued vacation and retirement benefits payable Reserve for losses and loss adjustment costs		13,104 4,829		7,178 1,467		(6,516) (1,651)		13,766 4,645		4,380 1,272
Net pension liability Other postemployment benefit liability		150,840 81,530		13,215 21,065		(26,747) (7,212)		137,308 95,383		-
Lease revenue certificates of participation Prepaid airport use charge fund		173,771 28,184		4,654		(907) (19,593)		172,864 13,245		4,000
Loan payable Total	\$	1,761,571	\$	34,910 82,489	\$	(123,664)	\$	34,910 1,720,396	\$	61,774

The accrued vacation liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated by the State's governmental funds. Approximately 79%, 20% and 1% of the accrued vacation liability has been paid by the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Fund, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

## 7. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2015 (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Due From		Due To	
Governmental Funds				
General Fund				
Special Revenue Funds	\$	45,689	\$ -	
Capital Projects Fund		89,900	-	
Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund		191,793	-	
Proprietary Fund		20	-	
Debt Service Fund			35	
		327,402	35	
Capital Projects Fund				
General Fund		-	89,900	
Proprietary Fund		1,597	 -	
		1,597	89,900	
Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund				
General Fund		_	 191,793	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
General Fund		35	 45,689	
Proprietary Fund				
Harbors		_	 1,617	
	\$	329,034	\$ 329,034	

The due from Capital Projects Fund in the General Fund consists primarily of funds transferred prior to the issuance of bonds. Remaining interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded, and payment between funds are made.

#### 8. Transfers

Transfers between funds occur when a fund receiving revenues, transfers resources to a fund where the resources are to be expended, or when nonrecurring or nonroutine transfers between funds occur. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, transfers by fund were as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Transfers In		Tra	ansfers Out
Governmental Funds				
General Fund – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	138,955	\$	750,264
Capital Projects Fund – Nonmajor Governmental Funds		166,863		31,150
Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund				
General Fund		3,790		78,861
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		4,270		1,191
		8,060		80,052
Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
General Fund		746,473		60,094
Capital Projects Fund		31,150		166,863
Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund		1,192		4,270
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		78,579		78,579
		857,394		309,806
	\$ 1	,171,272	\$	1,171,272

The General Fund transferred approximately \$675,201,000 to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds for debt service payments and approximately \$75,063,000 to subsidize various Special Revenue Funds' programs. Approximately \$166,863,000 of Highways receipts were transferred from the Nonmajor Governmental Funds to the Capital Projects Fund to finance capital projects.

#### 9. Leases

## **Lease Commitments**

#### Governmental Activities

The State leases office facilities and equipment under various operating leases expiring through fiscal 2025. Future minimum lease commitments for noncancelable operating leases as of June 30, 2015, were as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Fiscal Year	
2016	\$ 15,920
2017	12,775
2018	9,594
2019	7,013
2020	4,195
2021–2025	 4,098
Total future minimum lease payments	\$ 53,595

# State of Hawaii Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Rent expenditures for operating leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 amounted to approximately \$35,570,000.

An equipment lease purchase agreement between DAGS and Banc of America Public Capital Corp. was entered into on August 1, 2013, to fund the construction, acquisition and installation of energy conservation systems throughout the State. The proceeds of \$18,835,000 were deposited in an acquisition fund held in trust by an acquisition fund custodian to provide for future payments as requested by the State. Payments commenced on March 20, 2014 and continue through September 20, 2033 at an interest rate of 3.63%.

On April 14, 2011, an equipment lease purchase agreement between the Department of Public Safety and Capital One Public Funding, LLC was entered into, to fund the acquisition and installation of energy conservation equipment at the Halawa Correctional Facility and Oahu Community Correctional Center. An escrow agent to provide for future vendor payments as requested by the State deposited the proceeds of \$25,512,000 in an escrow fund. Payments commenced on May 1, 2012 and continue through November 1, 2030 at an interest rate of 5.021%.

An equipment lease purchase agreement between the DAGS and Capital One Public Funding, LLC was entered into on September 3, 2009, to fund the acquisition and installation of energy conservation equipment at various State buildings in the downtown Honolulu district. The proceeds of \$12,377,000 were deposited in an escrow fund by an escrow agent to provide for future vendor payments as requested by the State. Payments commenced on June 1, 2010 and continue through June 1, 2026 at an interest rate of 5.389%.

The State issued \$41,120,000 in Certificates of Participation (COPS) 2009 Series A, on November 5, 2009, to fully refund \$47,185,000 of the 1998 Series A Certificates and the 2000 Series A Certificates which proceeds were used to purchase the Kapolei State Office Building and the Capitol District Building. The net proceeds of \$43,490,000 (including a premium of \$2,876,000 and after payment of \$503,000 in underwriting fees) were deposited to the Depository Trust Company in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the previously issued outstanding COPS. As a result, these bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability for these bonds has been removed from the Government-Wide financial statements. Due to the advance refunding, the State reduced its total debt service payments over the next ten years by \$7,487,000 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$7,061,000. Payments commenced on May 1, 2010, and continue through May 1, 2020 with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. The 2009 Series A Certificates are subject to prepayment prior to their maturity dates in the event of a casualty loss or governmental taking of all or a portion of the premises subject to the Leases, but are not otherwise subject to prepayment prior to maturity.

In November 2006, the State issued \$24,500,000 in COPS to finance the construction of the Kapolei Office and Conference Facility. The proceeds of the COPS were remitted to a trustee, who will then remit the amounts to the developer as construction progresses. The holders of the COPS are the current owners of the Kapolei Office and Conference Facility. Accordingly, the State's rental payments for the use of the Kapolei Office and Conference Facility are paid to a trustee, who then remits those amounts to the holders of the COPS. Payments commenced on May 1, 2007, and continue through November 1, 2031, with interest rates ranging from 3.63% to 5%. Title to the Kapolei Office and Conference Facility will transfer to the State upon the payment of all required rents.

Future minimum lease payments for these capital leases are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Principal		I	Interest		Total
Fiscal Year						
2016	\$	6,984	\$	4,782	\$	11,766
2017		7,542		4,556		12,098
2018		8,591		3,952		12,543
2019		5,181		3,279		8,460
2020		5,720		3,043		8,763
2021–2025		24,095		11,780		35,875
2026–2030		26,331		5,781		32,112
2031–2034		11,731		695		12,426
Total future minimum lease payments	\$	96,175	\$	37,868	\$	134,043

Capital assets acquired under these capital leases are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

As	se	t ty	yp	e

Buildings and improvements	\$ 65,620
Equipment	 56,724
Total assets	\$ 122,344

## **Business-Type Activities**

#### Airports – Lease Revenue Certificates of Participation

Airports entered into a lease agreement with Johnson Controls, Inc. in December 2013. The costs relating to the lease and installation of certain equipment to implement the energy performance contract between Airports and Johnson Controls, Inc. was financed by lease revenue COPS issued by Airports in the amount of \$167,740,000 at interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.25%. These lease revenue COPS are payable from revenues derived by Airports from the ownership and operation of the Airports system and the receipts from aviation fuel taxes imposed by the State. At June 30, 2015, the outstanding balance of the lease revenue COPS and the unamortized premium were \$167,740,000 and \$5,124,000, respectively. Future lease rent payments for the lease revenue COPS as of June 30, 2015 are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	F	Principal Interest		Total	
Fiscal Year					
2016	\$	-	\$	8,343	\$ 8,343
2017		4,745		8,272	13,017
2018		5,675		8,059	13,734
2019		6,490		7,787	14,277
2020		7,690		7,465	15,155
2021–2025		60,515		29,580	90,095
2026–2029		82,625		8,925	91,550
	\$	167,740	\$	78,431	\$ 246,171

#### **Lease Rentals**

#### Airports – Airport-Airline Lease Agreement

The DOT and the airline companies serving the Airports system (signatory airlines) operated pursuant to an airport-airline lease agreement that was originally set to expire on July 31, 1992. Under the lease agreement, the signatory airlines each have the nonexclusive right to use the facilities, equipment, improvements and services of the Airports system and to occupy certain premises and facilities thereon. The lease agreement was extended under a series of five subsequent agreements, the last of which was executed in June 1994, and extended the expiration date to June 30, 1997 (hereafter the lease agreement and the five subsequent agreements are collectively referred to as the "lease extension agreement"). The lease extension agreement contains a provision under which the expiration date is automatically extended on a quarterly basis after June 30, 1997, unless terminated by either party upon at least 60 days prior written notice. In October 2007, the DOT and a majority of the signatory airlines executed the first amended lease extension agreement effective January 1, 2008.

Under the first amended lease extension agreement, the Airports system rates and charges are calculated using a rate-making methodology that recovers costs of specific airport system facilities from the signatory airlines that directly use them. The Airports system rates and charges consist of the following: (1) exclusive-use terminal charges based on a cost center residual rate-setting methodology and recovered on a per-square-foot basis, (2) joint-use premises charges (for nonexclusive use of terminal space, except for commuter terminal space) based on a cost center residual rate-setting methodology and recovered on a per enplaning or deplaning passenger basis, (3) commuter terminal charges based on appraisal and recovered on a per enplaning passenger basis, (4) international arrivals building charges based on a cost center residual rate-setting methodology and recovered on a per deplaning international passenger basis, (5) landing fees based on a cost center residual rate-setting methodology and recovered on a revenue landing landed weight basis (per 1,000-pound units), and (6) system support charges based on an Airports system residual rate-setting methodology and recovered on a revenue landing landed weight basis (per 1,000-pound units).

## Airports – Prepaid Airport Use Charge Fund

The DOT and the signatory airlines entered into an agreement in August 1995 to extend the prepaid airport use charge fund (PAUCF). Net excess payments for fiscal years 1996 through 2015 have been transferred to the PAUCF.

#### Airports - Aviation Fuel Tax

In May 1996, the Department of Taxation issued a tax information release which stated that, effective July 1, 1996, the Hawaii fuel tax will not apply to the sale of bonded aviation/jet fuel to air carriers departing for foreign ports or arriving from foreign ports on stopovers before continuing on to their final destination. The aviation fuel tax amounted to approximately \$4,455,000 for fiscal year 2015.

## Airports — System Rates and Charges

Signatory and nonsignatory airlines were assessed the following rates and charges:

- Landing fees amounted to approximately \$63,805,000 for fiscal year 2015. Airport landing fees are shown net of aviation fuel tax credits of \$4,146,000 for fiscal year 2015, on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, which resulted in net airport landing fees of \$59,659,000 for fiscal year 2015. Airport landing fees are based on a computed rate per 1,000-pound units of approved maximum landing weight for each aircraft used in revenue landings. The Airports interisland landing fees for signatory airlines were set at 43% of the Airports landing fees for overseas flights for fiscal year 2015 and are scheduled to increase 1% annually until it reaches 100%.
- Nonexclusive joint-use premise charges for terminal rentals amounted to approximately \$55,591,000 for fiscal year 2015. Overseas and interisland joint-use premise charges were established to recover Airports system costs allocable to the overseas and interisland terminals joint-use space based on terminal rental rates, and are recovered based on a computed rate per enplaning or deplaning passenger.
- Exclusive use premise charges amounted to approximately \$42,076,000 for fiscal year 2015, and were computed using a fixed rate per square footage. Exclusive use premise charges for terminal rentals amounted to approximately \$21,290,000 for fiscal year 2015.
- Airports system support charges amounted to \$31,000 for fiscal year 2015, and were
  established to recover all remaining residual costs of the Airports system. Airports system
  support charges were established by Administrative Rules for nonsignatory airlines. Those
  rates are based on a computed rate per 1,000-pound units of approved maximum landing
  weight for each aircraft used in revenue landings. The Airports system interisland support
  charges for nonsignatory airlines are set at 32% of Airports system support charges for
  overseas flights.

#### Airports - Other Operating Leases

Airports leases building spaces and improvements to concessionaires, airline carriers, and other airport users. The terms of those leases range from 4 to 15 years for concessionaires and up to 65 years for other airport users. Concessionaire lease rentals are generally based on the greater of a percentage of sales or a minimum guarantee. Percentage rent included in concession fees revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was approximately \$37,578,000.

In fiscal years 2006 and 2013, Airports converted certain past-due amounts from two lessees and a lessee, respectively, into promissory notes. The notes bear interest at rates ranging up to 5.0%, and are due over periods ranging up to nine years. The balance of \$90,000 at June 30, 2015 is due as follows: \$9,000 in 2016, \$9,000 in 2017, \$9,000 in 2018, and \$63,000 thereafter.

Concession fees revenues from the DFS Group L.P. (DFS), which operates the in-bond (duty free) concession, the Honolulu International Airport retail concession, and the Kahului retail concession, accounted for approximately 22% of total concession fees revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

DFS was awarded a ten-year lease agreement for the in-bond concessions with the term commencing on June 1, 2007, and terminating on May 31, 2017. On August 31, 2010, the lease was amended under provisions of Act 33, 2009, Hawaii Session Laws 883. The amended lease contract provides for a minimum annual guarantee rent, as well as percentage rent on annual gross receipts exceeding certain levels. For the period from June 1, 2007 to May 31, 2011, the minimum

annual guarantee rent was \$38 million and the percentage rent was as follows: (1) for total concession receipts greater than \$155 million, but less than \$195 million, 22.5% for on-airport sales, and 18.5% for off-airport sales; (2) for total concession receipts greater than \$195 million, but less than \$235 million, 30.0% for on-airport sales and 22.5% off-airport sales; (3) for total concession receipts greater than \$235 million, but less than \$275 million, 30.0% for on-airport sales; and 26.5% for off-airport sales; and (4) for total concession receipts greater than \$275 million 30.0% for on-airport sales and off-airport sales. For the period from June 1, 2011 to May 31, 2017, the minimum annual guarantee rent is equal to 85% of the total rent paid for the fourth year of the lease term. Percentage rent during this period is calculated the same as during the first four years of the lease term.

Effective October 31, 2014, the in-bond concession lease agreement was amended and the lease was extended through May 31, 2027. The amended lease contract provides (a) for the period from June 1, 2017 through May 31, 2019, \$40 million, (b) for the period of June 1, 2019 through May 31, 2020, \$47.5 million, (c) for the period June 1, 2020 through May 31, 2021, 85% of the actual annual fee paid and payable (either minimum annual guarantee (MAG) rent or percentage rent) for the previous year, (d) for the period of June 1, 2021 through May 31, 2022, the same as the previous year, (e) for the period of June 1, 2022 through May 31, 2023, 85% of the actual fee paid and payable for the previous year, (f) for the period from June 1, 2023 through May 31, 2027, the same as the MAG rent for the period of June 1, 2022 through May 31, 2023. The percentage fee for the extension period will be set at 30% of gross receipts from on-airport sales and 18% of gross receipts from off-airport sales. Percentage fee for merchandise converted from duty free status to duty paid status shall be 1.25%, and the concession fee for items that are "High Price/Low Margin Merchandise" shall be 2.5% of the gross receipts from the sale. In addition, DFS agreed to pay \$27.9 million for improvements to the Central Waiting Lobby Building at Honolulu International.

In March 2009, DFS was awarded a five-year lease agreement for the retail concession at the Honolulu International Airport, with the term commencing on April 1, 2009, and scheduled to terminate on March 14, 2014. Rents were computed as the higher of (1) percentage rent of 20% of gross receipts and (2) MAG rent (85% of the actual annual fee paid for the preceding year). The lease agreement was extended for a holdover period through March 31, 2015. During the holdover period, the MAG rent was \$12 million. Subsequently, on October 31, 2014, the lease agreement was amended to extend the term through March 31, 2025. The amendment provided that the MAG rent for the period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016 be \$12 million and for each subsequent year, the MAG rent will be 85% of the actual annual fee paid for the preceding year.

#### Harbors - Aloha Tower Complex Development

The Aloha Tower Development Corporation (ATDC), a blended component unit of the State, is an agency established under HRS Chapter 206J, primarily to redevelop the Aloha Tower complex. The complex encompasses Piers 5 to 23 of Honolulu Harbor. In September 1993, Harbors entered into a lease with the ATDC which grants a leasehold interest to the ATDC of portions of the Aloha Tower complex. The ATDC is required annually to reimburse Harbors for any losses in revenues during the term of the lease caused by any action of the ATDC or the developer of the Aloha Tower complex, and to provide replacement facilities for maritime activities at no cost to Harbors.

In September 1993, the ATDC subleased lands surrounded by Piers 8 and 9 and a portion of land surrounded by Pier 10 to a developer, and the developer and Harbors entered into a capital improvements, maintenance, operations and securities agreement (Operations Agreement). The Operations Agreement allows Harbors to operate the harbor facilities at Piers 8, 9 and 10.

# State of Hawaii Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

The lease between the ATDC and the developer requires the developer to construct, at the developer's cost, various facilities including a marketplace. The developer later went into bankruptcy. The subsequent operator of the marketplace assumed the obligations of the sublease and the Operations Agreement in March 1998. This replacement operator has also gone through a bankruptcy proceeding and there is a new operator who has assumed the same obligations. Although the marketplace construction was substantially completed, several items on Harbors' construction punchlist have yet to be completed and were pursued with the new operator. A settlement was reached with the new operator to satisfy the punchlist obligations, which have a total value of \$3,500,000, depending upon when actual payments are made by the operator within a six-year timeframe.

An amendment of the lease executed in fiscal 2006 altered the obligations of the ATDC to reimburse Harbors on an annual basis. For the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2004, the amendment provides that the ATDC shall pay \$225,000 as a minimum annual base payment. The amendment further provides that for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 2005 onward, for any year in which the ATDC shall pay for all or any portion of the cost of personnel and other expenses relating to the Hawaii Harbors Project, the parties agree that the minimum annual base payment shall be commensurately reduced by such payments.

In addition to the minimum annual base payment, the ATDC shall also pay an amount equal to 50% of the difference between the total revenues received by the ATDC for such fiscal year and the operating expenses of the ATDC for such fiscal year (equity payment) to reduce the amount owed to Harbors for losses in revenues by the ATDC prior to July 1, 2004. The amendment provides for an increase in the equity participation payment as the ATDC's revenues increase. The balance owed to Harbors by ATDC as of June 30, 2015 was approximately \$3,761,000.

Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2015, the State, by its Interim Director of the DOT, entered into a successor memorandum of understanding with the ATDC and Hawaii Lifestyle Retail Properties, (HLRP) whereby ATDC agreed to retroactively abate rent under the lease between the ATDC and HLRP for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015 in consideration for the construction of HLRP improvements to create student and faculty residences and various university spaces for Hawaii Pacific University and to memorialize the understanding of the parties with respect to various aspects of its agreement.

\$1,000,000 in rent has been abated for fiscal year July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015. As ATDC will not be receiving any revenues during this period, it will not be making an equity participation payment to Harbors in an amount of 50% of the difference between the total revenues and total operating expense of ATDC for the fiscal year, representing a loss of approximately \$388,000 to Harbors in fiscal year 2015.

The successor memorandum of understanding also amended the punchlist obligations owed to Harbors, which had a total value of \$3,500,000, depending upon when actual payments are made within a six year timeframe ending June 2016. The amendment provided that in consideration of ATDC's issuance of any renewed leases, HLRP shall pay Harbors the sum of \$1,750,000 on or before December 31, 2021.

## Harbors - Leasing Operations

Harbors leases land, wharf and building spaces under month-to-month revocable permits and long-term leases. The long-term leases expire during various years through September 2058. Those leases generally call for rental increases every five to ten years based on a step-up or independent appraisals of the fair rental value of the leased property.

Revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 amounted to \$23,413,000 and have been included in rental revenues.

The following schedule presents the approximate future minimum lease rentals under noncancelable operating leases of the Proprietary Funds as of June 30, 2015 (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Proprietary Funds					
		Airports Harbors		Total		
Fiscal Year						
2016	\$	87,425	\$	7,291	\$	94,716
2017		61,359		5,959		67,318
2018		62,585		5,673		68,258
2019		61,683		5,122		66,805
2020		58,094		5,098		63,192
2021–2025		56,271		25,608		81,879
2026–2030		36,297		24,587		60,884
2031–2035		1,384		19,972		21,356
2036–2040		445		12,725		13,170
2041–2045		6		9,813		9,819
2046–2050		-		3,687		3,687
2051–2055		_		2,599		2,599
2056–2059		_		1,445		1,445
	\$	425,549	\$	129,579	\$	555,128

## Net Investment in Direct Financing Leases

Certain leases of state-owned special facilities to parties engaged in airline operations are accounted for as direct financing leases. At June 30, 2015, net investments in direct financing leases of Airports consisted of the following (amounts expressed in thousands):

Total minimum lease payments receivable	\$ 35,847
Less: Amount representing interest	 (15,123)
	20,724
Cash with trustee and other	 1,154
	\$ 21,878

Minimum future rentals to be received under direct financing leases of Airports as of June 30, 2015, consisted of the following (amounts expressed in thousands):

Fiscal Year	
2016	\$ 1,222
2017	1,222
2018	1,222
2019	1,222
2020	1,222
2021–2025	6,110
2026–2028	24,780
	\$ 37,000

#### 10. Significant Transactions With Component Units

#### **Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation**

Amounts payable from the State to the HHFDC include approximately \$9,098,000 of amounts due from DHHL related to a previous agreement to transfer certain land and development rights to the State. Pursuant to this agreement, the State was required to commence 15 annual \$2,200,000 payments to the HHFDC in December 2004. Effective at that time, the HHFDC recorded the sale of the land and development rights and the net present value of the estimated future cash flows from the State using an imputed interest rate. The agreement was amended to reduce the annual payments to \$1,700,000.

#### **Hawaii Health Systems Corporation**

In fiscal year 2003, HHSC received a \$14,000,000 advance from the State to relieve its cash flow shortfall. At June 30, 2015, the full amount was not yet repaid to the State. The amount due to the State of \$34,123,000 at June 30, 2015 includes the \$14,000,000 advance plus \$20,123,000 of cash advances that was assumed by HHSC.

#### **Hawaii Tourism Authority**

During the period from October 1992 through April 1998, the State issued a series of general obligation bonds whose proceeds were used to fund the construction of the Center. These bonds are obligations of the State and are secured by the State's full faith and credit. The debt service for the general obligation bonds is to be primarily funded by an allocated portion of the State's transient accommodations tax (TAT) revenue and revenue generated from the operation of the Center. Through June 30, 2000 and from July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2002, these funds were collected and accounted for by the Convention Center Authority (CCA) and Budget and Finance, respectively.

Effective July 1, 2002, the Convention Center Fund was established by Act 253, SLH 2002. In accordance with Act 253, the Convention Center Fund was placed within HTA and was created to receive all revenues generated from the Center's operations and an allocated portion of the revenues received from the State's TAT. Act 253 further states that all funds collected by the Convention Center Fund are to be used to pay all expenses arising from the use and operation of the Center and to pay any and all debt service relating to the Center. However, responsibility for debt service payments to the bondholders on the general obligation bonds referred to above remains with the State through Budget and Finance.

The creation of the Convention Center Fund provided HTA the ability to reimburse Budget and Finance for debt service payments in accordance with a predetermined payment plan, which had been assigned to HTA by the CCA. The terms of the payment plan require HTA to reimburse Budget and Finance for principal and interest payments at an imputed interest rate of 6% through January 1, 2027. The payment plan is not directly related to the actual debt service on the general obligation bonds issued to finance the Hawaii Convention Center. HTA's ability to meet its obligations in accordance with the payment plan is dependent upon the funds received by the Convention Center Fund. At June 30, 2015, the outstanding principal and aggregate interest amounts required to be reimbursed by HTA were \$207,205,000 and \$109,946,000, respectively. The scheduled payments to maturity for each of the next five years and thereafter in five-year increments are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	F	Principal	Interest	Total
Fiscal Year				
2016	\$	14,755	\$ 11,671	\$ 26,426
2017		15,645	10,786	26,431
2018		16,580	9,847	26,427
2019		17,575	8,852	26,427
2020		18,630	7,798	26,428
2021–2025		111,330	20,817	132,147
2026–2030		12,690	40,175	52,865
	\$	207,205	\$ 109,946	\$ 317,151

For the year ended June 30, 2015, HTA was required to reimburse Budget and Finance approximately \$26,400,000 for principal and interest.

#### Hawaii Hurricane Relief Fund

In 2002, Act 179, SLH 2002, provided that all interest and dividends earned from the principal in the hurricane reserve trust fund be transferred and deposited into the State General Fund each year that the hurricane reserve trust fund remains in existence, beginning with fiscal year 2003. For the year ended June 30, 2015, interest and dividends earned and earmarked for transfer into the State General Fund amounted to \$2,440,000.

In 2011, Act 62, SLH 2011 appropriated \$42,000,000 from the HHRF into the General Fund to help balance the State's fiscal year 2011 budget. The law authorized the Governor to appropriate additional monies from HHRF, as necessary, to balance the fiscal year 2011 State Budget. HHRF pledged to transfer an additional \$69,000,000 to the General Fund as of June 30, 2011 and made the transfer in July 2011.

The transfers to the General Fund reduced the balance of HHRF to levels below what would be adequate to buy reinsurance in the event of a hurricane. However, Act 62 established a mechanism to replenish the HHRF from fiscal years 2014 and 2015 general excise tax revenues and authorizes HHRF to issue \$75,000,000 in revenue bonds through June 30, 2015. HHRF did not issue any revenue bonds as of June 30, 2015.

In 2013, Act 266, SLH 2013 appropriated \$55,500,000 from general excise tax revenues for fiscal years 2014 and 2015 to be deposited into the HHRF. The fiscal years 2014 and 2015 transfers were made in September 2013 and 2014, respectively. Act 266 authorized to further accelerate recapitalization of fiscal reserves, by transferring an additional \$50,000,000 to HHRF, which was made in November 2013.

#### 11. Retirement Benefits

## **Pension Plan**

## Plan Description

All eligible employees of the State and counties are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the ERS. Benefit terms, eligibility, and contribution requirements are established by HRS Chapter 88 and can be amended through legislation. The ERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at ERS' website: http://www.ers.ehawaii.gov.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The ERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits that are covered by the provisions of the noncontributory, contributory and hybrid retirement plans. The three plans provide a monthly retirement allowance equal to the benefit multiplier (generally 1.25% or 2%) multiplied by the average final compensation multiplied by years of credited service. The benefit multiplier decreased by 0.25% for new hybrid and contributory class members hired after June 30, 2012. Average final compensation is an average of the highest salaries during any three years of credited service, excluding any salary paid in lieu of vacation for employees hired January 1, 1971 or later and the average of the highest salaries during any five years of credited service including any salary paid in lieu of vacation for employees hired prior to January 1, 1971.

For members hired before July 1, 2012, the original retirement allowance is increased by 2.5% each July 1 following the calendar year of retirement. This cumulative benefit is not compounded and increases each year by 2.5% of the original retirement allowance without a ceiling (2.5% of the original retirement allowance the first year, 5% the second year, 7.5% the third year, etc.). For members hired after June 30, 2012, the post-retirement annuity increase was decreased to 1.5% per year.

Retirement benefits for certain groups, such as police officers, firefighters, some investigators, sewer workers, judges, and elected officials, vary from general employees.

## **Noncontributory Class**

- <u>Retirement Benefits</u> General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.25% of
  average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. Employees with ten
  years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. Employees with 30 years of credited
  service are eligible to retire at age 55.
- <u>Disability Benefits</u> Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 12.5% of average final compensation.
- <u>Death Benefits</u> For service-connected deaths, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a monthly benefit of 30% of the average final compensation until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. Additional benefits are payable to surviving dependent children up to age 18. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children, no benefit is payable.

Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary death benefits. For ordinary death benefits, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary (until remarriage/reentry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship) and dependent children (up to age 18) receive a benefit equal to a percentage of the member's accrued maximum allowance unreduced for age or, if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death, the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives 100% joint and survivor lifetime pension.

## Contributory Class for Employees Hired prior to July 1, 2012

- <u>Retirement Benefits</u> General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.
  - Police officers and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined as 2.5% of average final compensation for each year of service up to a maximum of 80%. Police officers and firefighters with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.
- <u>Disability Benefits</u> Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a one-time payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.
- <u>Death Benefits</u> For service-connected deaths, the designated beneficiary receives a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation to the surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving children (up to age 18) or dependent parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least one year of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump-sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage of the salary earned in the 12 months preceding death, or 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

#### Contributory Class for Employees Hired After June 30, 2012

- <u>Retirement Benefits</u> General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60.
  - Judges and elected officers' retirement benefits are determined as 3.0% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service up to a maximum of 75%. Judges and elected officers with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60.

Police officers and firefighters' retirement benefits are determined as 2.25% of average final compensation for each year of service up to a maximum of 80%. Police officers and firefighters with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60.

• <u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> – Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 50% of their average final compensation plus refund of contributions and accrued interest. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are 3% of average final compensation for each year of service for judges and elected officers and 1.75% of average final compensation for each year of services for police officers and firefighters and are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, at a minimum of 30% of average final compensation.

Death benefits for contributory class members hired after June 30, 2012 are generally the same as those for contributory class members hired June 30, 2012 and prior.

## Hybrid Class for Employees Hired Prior to July 1, 2012

- <u>Retirement Benefits</u> General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 2% of average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees with five years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 62. General employees with 30 years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 55.
- <u>Disability Benefits</u> Members are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and receive a lifetime pension of 35% of their average final compensation plus refund of their contributions and accrued interest. Ten years of credited service is required for ordinary disability. Ordinary disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately, without an actuarial reduction, and at a minimum of 25% of average final compensation.
- <u>Death Benefits</u> For service-connected deaths, the designated surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary receives a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a monthly benefit of 50% of the average final compensation to the surviving spouse/reciprocal until remarriage or re-entry into a new reciprocal beneficiary relationship. If there is no surviving spouse/reciprocal beneficiary, surviving children (up to age 18) or dependent, parents are eligible for the monthly benefit. If there is no spouse/reciprocal beneficiary or dependent children/parents, the ordinary death benefit is payable to the designated beneficiary.

Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least five years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage multiplied by 150%, or 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary.

## Hybrid Class for Employees Hired After June 30, 2012

- <u>Retirement Benefits</u> General employees' retirement benefits are determined as 1.75% of
  average final compensation multiplied by the years of credited service. General employees
  with ten years of credited service are eligible to retire at age 65. Employees with 30 years
  of credited service are eligible to retire at age 60. Sewer workers, water safety officers, and
  emergency medical technicians may retire with 25 years of credited service at age 55.
- <u>Disability and Death Benefits</u> Provisions for disability and death benefits generally remain the same except for ordinary death benefits. Ordinary death benefits are available to employees who were active at time of death with at least ten years of service. Ordinary death benefits consist of a lump sum payment of the member's contributions and accrued interest plus a percentage multiplied by 120%, or 50% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was not eligible for retirement at the time of death but was credited with at least ten years of service and designated one beneficiary, or 100% Joint and Survivor lifetime pension if the member was eligible for retirement at the time of death and designated one beneficiary or if less than ten years of service, return of the member's contributions and accrued interest.

#### **Contributions**

Contributions are established by HRS Chapter 88 and may be amended through legislation. The employer rate is set by statute based on the recommendations of the ERS actuary resulting from an experience study conducted every five years. Since July 1, 2005, the employer contribution rate is a fixed percentage of compensation, including the normal cost plus amounts required to pay for the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. The contribution rates for fiscal year 2015 were 24.00% for police officers and firefighters and 16.50% for all other employees. Contributions to the pension plan from the State were \$350,350,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The employer is required to make all contributions for noncontributory members. For contributory class employees hired prior to July 1, 2012, general employees are required to contribute 7.8% of their salary and police officers and firefighters are required to contribute 12.2% of their salary. For contributory class employees hired after June 30, 2012, judges and elected officials are required to contribute 9.8% of their salary and police officers and firefighters are required to contribute 14.2% of their salary. Hybrid members hired prior to July 1, 2012 are required to contribute 6.0% of their salary. Hybrid members hired after June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the State reported a liability of approximately \$4.0 billion for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The State's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the State's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the State's proportion was 58.4835% which was an increase of 0.8459% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

There were no changes in other assumptions and inputs that affected the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date. There were no changes between the measurement date, June 30, 2014, and the reporting date, June 30, 2015, that are expected to have a significant effect on the proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the State recognized pension expense of approximately \$438,288,000. At June 30, 2015, the State reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	51,071	\$	(1,151)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(472,758)
Changes in proportion and differences between State contributions and proportionate share of contributions		7,352		-
State contributions subsequent to the measurement date		445,933		
Total	\$	504,356	\$	(473,909)

The \$445,933,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from State contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Year ending June 30,	
2016	\$ (122,715)
2017	(122,715)
2018	(122,715)
2019	(122,715)
2020	10,640

(480,220)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00% Payroll growth rate 3.5%

Investment rate of return 7.75% per year, compounded annual including inflation

The same rates were applied to all periods. There were no changes to ad hoc postemployment benefits including COLA.

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on Client Specific Tables and the 1994 US Group Annuity Mortality Statistic Tables for police officers and firefighters. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2010. ERS updates their experience studies every five years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a "top down approach" of the Bespoke Client-Constrained Simulation-based Optimization Model (a statistical technique known as "re-sampling with a replacement" that directly keys in on specific plan-level risk factors as stipulated by the ERS Board) in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class		
Domestic equity	30.0%	8.50%
International equity	26.0%	9.00%
Total fixed-income	20.0%	3.10%
Real estate	7.0% *	8.50%
Private equity	7.0% *	11.80%
Real return	5.0% *	6.10%
Covered calls	5.0%	7.70%
Total investments	100.0%	

<sup>\*</sup> The real estate, private equity and real return targets will be the percentage actually invested up to 7.0%, 7.0% and 5.0%, respectively, of the total fund. Changes in the real estate, private equity and real return targets will be offset by an equal percentage change in the large cap domestic equity target.

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the net pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the State will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. There has been no change in the discount rate since the prior measurement date.

# Sensitivity of the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate (amounts expressed in thousands):

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,144,453	\$ 4,047,882	\$ 2,968,816

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined on the same basis used by the pension plan. The ERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, and revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Employer and member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade date. Administrative expenses are financed exclusively with investment income.

There were no significant changes after the report measurement date. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report. ERS' complete financial statements are available at: http://www.ers.ehawaii.gov.

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2015, the amount payable to the ERS was \$14,937,000.

#### Post-Retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

#### Plan Descriptions

The State provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to all qualified employees. Pursuant to Act 88, SLH 2001, the State contributes to the EUTF, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan that replaced the Hawaii Public Employees Health Fund effective July 1, 2003. The EUTF was established to provide a single delivery system of health benefits for state and county workers, retirees and their dependents. The EUTF issues an annual financial report that is available to the public. That report may be obtained by writing to the EUTF at P.O. Box 2121, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805-2121.

For employees hired before July 1, 1996, the State pays the entire base monthly contribution for employees retiring with ten years or more of credited service, and 50% of the base monthly contribution for employees retiring with fewer than ten years of credited service. A retiree can elect a family plan to cover dependents.

For employees hired after June 30, 1996 but before July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than ten years of service, the State makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least ten years but fewer than 15 years of service, the State pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the State pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those employees retiring with at least 25 years of service, the State pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Retirees in this category can elect a family plan to cover dependents.

For employees hired on or after July 1, 2001, and who retire with less than ten years of service, the State makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least ten years but fewer than 15 years of service, the State pays 50% of the base monthly contribution. For those retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the State pays 75% of the base monthly contribution. For those employees retiring with at least 25 years of service, the State pays 100% of the base monthly contribution. Only single plan coverage is provided for retirees in this category. Retirees can elect family coverage but must pay the difference.

#### Cost

Effective July 1, 2006, the State implemented GASB Statement No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions*. Statement 43 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for plans that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB) other than pensions. Statement 43 requires defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered as trust or equivalent arrangements to prepare a statement of plan assets and a statement of changes in plan assets.

The reporting of active and retiree (including their respective beneficiaries) healthcare benefits provided through the same plan should separate those benefits for accounting purposes between active and retiree healthcare benefits. Accordingly, the State reports the retiree healthcare benefits as OPEB in conformity with Statement 43 and the active employee healthcare benefits as risk financing in conformity with GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, as amended.

The State is required by GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, to obtain an actuarial valuation every other year. Therefore, an actuarial valuation was performed as of July 1, 2013.

The State's base contribution levels to EUTF are established by statutes and the retiree is responsible to pay the difference if the base contribution is less than the cost of the monthly premium.

Prior to fiscal year 2014, the State's base contribution levels were tied to the pay-as-you-go amounts necessary to provide current benefits to retirees. In fiscal year 2015, the State contributed \$117,400,000 in addition to amounts necessary to provide current benefits to retirees.

The State's annual OPEB cost for each plan was calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters in Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table presents the annual OPEB cost, contributions made, the net OPEB liability, and the funding status for the EUTF and UH for each of the plans for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 (amounts expressed in thousands):

	EUTF	UH
Annual required contribution	\$ 614,251	\$ 103,438
Interest on net OPEB obligation	261,341	40,544
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (199,651)	(30,973)
Annual OPEB cost	675,941	113,009
Contributions made	 (352,000)	(41,400)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	323,941	71,609
Net OPEB obligation		
Beginning of year	3,733,472	579,196
End of year	\$ 4,057,413	\$ 650,805
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) July 1, 2013 Funded OPEB plan assets	\$ 7,343,756	\$ 1,185,790 -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) July 1, 2013	\$ 7,343,756	\$ 1,185,790
Funded ratio	0.0%	0.0%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,341,231	\$ 550,758
UAAL as percentage of covered payroll	313.7%	215.3%

The State's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2015 and the preceding years were as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Fiscal Year Ended	Annual PEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
EUTF	June 30, 2015 June 30, 2014 June 30, 2013	\$ 675,941 650,816 867,567	52.1% 52.0% 27.2%	\$ 4,057,413 3,733,472 3,420,854
UH	June 30, 2015 June 30, 2014 June 30, 2013	\$ 113,009 106,832 142,602	36.6% 39.3% 29.2%	\$ 650,805 579,196 514,364

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements,

is designed to present multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

On July 3, 2013, the Governor signed into law Act 268, SLH 2013. Act 268 requires the EUTF to establish and administer separate trust accounts for each public employer for the purpose of receiving irrevocable employer contributions to prefund post-employment health and other benefit costs for retirees and their beneficiaries. It establishes the Hawaii EUTF Trust Fund Task Force to examine further steps to address the unfunded liability and requires all public employers to make annual required public employer contributions effective fiscal year 2014. Commencing fiscal year 2019, the annual public employer contribution shall be equal to the annual required contribution, as determined by an actuary retained by the EUTF board. In any fiscal year, should an employer's contribution be less than the annual required public employer contribution, the difference shall be transferred to the appropriate trust account from a portion of all general excise tax revenues, for the State, or transient accommodations tax revenues, for the counties.

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

	EUTF and UH
Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2013
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage, closed
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Actuarial assumptions	
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increase	3.5%
Healthcare inflation rates	
PPO	9.0% initial, 5.0% after 10 years
HMO	7.5% initial, 5.0% after 10 years
Dental	4.0%
Vision	3.0%
Medicare Part B	5.0%

Effective July 1, 2015, the active contracts for medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, supplemental medical drug, and life insurance were extended through June 30, 2016.

The Governor signed into law Act 226, SLH 2013 that among other things, prohibited mandatory mail order. The EUTF voluntarily implemented Act 226 on October 1, 2013 for active employees and January 1, 2014 for retirees.

## 12. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Commitments

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The State has issued general obligation bonds in which repayments, including interest, are reimbursed from specific revenue sources of the Special Revenue Funds with terms corresponding to that of the related general obligation bonds (see Note 4). At June 30, 2015, outstanding commitments to repay general obligation bonds consisted of the following (amounts expressed in thousands):

#### Special Revenue Funds

Highways Agriculture	\$ 5,116 6,164
Natural Resources All other	 1,886 83
	\$ 13,249

#### Accumulated Sick Leave

Sick leave accumulates at the rate of one and three-quarters working days for each month of service without limit, but may be taken only in the event of illness and is not convertible to pay upon termination of employment. However, a State employee who retires or leaves government service in good standing with 60 days or more of unused sick leave is entitled to additional service credit in the ERS. At June 30, 2015, accumulated sick leave was approximately \$1,138,857,000.

#### Intergovernmental Expenditures

In accordance with Act 174, SLH 2014, HRS Section 237D-6.5, transient accommodation tax revenues collected are to be distributed to the counties as follows: \$103,000,000 for fiscal year 2014-2015, \$103,000,000 for fiscal year 2015–2016, and \$93,000,000 for each fiscal year thereafter.

## Guarantees of Indebtedness

The State is authorized to guarantee indebtedness of others at a maximum amount of approximately \$233,500,000 for aquaculture/agriculture loans, Hawaiian Home Lands loans, various projects involving mortgage loans for rental homes made by private nonprofit corporations or governmental corporations, mortgage loans for housing projects, and rental assistance obligations of Component Units – HHFDC and HPHA. The State has not paid, nor does it expect to pay, any amounts as a result of such guarantees as of June 30, 2015.

## Proprietary Fund Type — Enterprise Funds

#### **Construction and Service Contracts**

At June 30, 2015, the Enterprise Funds had commitments of approximately \$502,766,000 for construction and service contracts.

#### Contingencies

The State has been named as defendant in numerous lawsuits and claims arising in the normal course of operations. To the extent that the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable financial loss to the State, such loss has been accrued in the basic financial statements. Of the remaining claims, a number of claims may possibly result in adverse judgments against the State. However, such claim amounts cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

The litigation payments relating to the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 approximated \$5,322,000, \$20,344,000 and \$17,790,000, respectively.

#### Tobacco Settlement

In November 1998, the State settled its tobacco lawsuit as part of a nationwide settlement involving 46 other states and various tobacco industry defendants. Under the settlement, those tobacco companies that have joined in the Master Settlement Agreement will pay the State approximately \$1.3 billion over a 25-year period. The State is to receive proceeds from this settlement in January and April of the subsequent year through 2004 and thereafter on April 15 of each subsequent year. The State has received approximately \$47,229,000 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, the State expects to receive \$27,200,000 for the first six months of fiscal 2016.

#### Office of Hawaiian Affairs and Ceded Lands

In 1898, the former Republic of Hawaii transferred certain lands to the United States. Upon Hawaii's admission to the Union in 1959, the United States reconveyed title to those lands (collectively, the Ceded Lands) to the State of Hawaii to be held as a public trust for five purposes: (1) public education; (2) betterment of the conditions of native Hawaiians; (3) development of farm and home ownership; (4) making public improvements; and (5) provision of land for public use. On November 7, 1978, the State Constitution was amended expressly to provide that the Ceded Lands, excluding any "available lands" as defined in the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended, were to be held as a public trust for native Hawaiians and the general public, and to establish OHA to administer and manage the proceeds and income derived from a pro rata portion of the Ceded Lands as provided by law, to better the conditions of native Hawaiians. In 1979, the Legislature adopted HRS Chapter 10 (Chapter 10), which, as amended in 1980, specified, among other things, that OHA expend 20% of the funds derived by the State from the Ceded Lands for the betterment of native Hawaiians. Since then, the State's management of the Ceded Lands and its disposition of the proceeds and income from the Ceded Lands have been challenged by OHA, and individual native Hawaiians, Hawaiians and non-Hawaiians. Claims have been made under Article XII, Sections 4 and 6 of the Hawaii Constitution to the effect that the State has breached the public trust, and OHA has not received from the Ceded Lands all of the income and proceeds that it should be receiving. Except for the claims pending in the OHA v. HHA case discussed below, the Legislature, the state and federal courts, and the State's governors have acted to address the concerns raised. However, there can be no assurance that in the future there will not be asserted against the State new claims made under Article XII, Sections 4 and 6 of the Hawaii Constitution that the State has breached the public trust, or that OHA is not receiving from the Ceded Lands all of the income and proceeds that it should be receiving.

In OHA v. HHA, OHA filed suit on July 27, 1995 (OHA v. HHA, et al., Civil No. 95-2682-07 (1st Cir.)) against the Hawaii Housing Authority (the HHA, since succeeded by the Hawaii Public Housing Authority, as described below), the executive director of the HHA, the board members of the HHA and the Director of Finance to secure additional compensation and an itemized accounting of the sums previously paid to OHA for five specifically identified parcels of Ceded Lands which were transferred to the HHA for its use to develop, construct and manage additional affordable public rental housing units under HRS Chapter 201G. On January 11, 2000, all proceedings in this suit were stayed pending the Hawaii Supreme Court's decision in OHA, et al. v. State of Hawaii, et al., Civil No. 94-0205-01 (1st Cir.). The September 12, 2001 decision of the Hawaii Supreme Court (OHA v. State of Hawaii, 96 Haw. 399 (2001)) includes elements, with which OHA disagrees, that would require dismissal of OHA's claims in OHA v. HHA, and the case remains pending.

The Housing Finance and Development Corporation and the HHA were merged into the Housing and Community Development Corporation of Hawaii, after the above-described suits against them were filed. This corporation subsequently was bifurcated into the Hawaii Housing Finance and Development Corporation and the Hawaii Public Housing Authority.

The State intends to defend vigorously against OHA's claim in *OHA v. HHA*. Resolution of all claims in favor of OHA and its beneficiaries could have a material adverse effect on the State's financial condition.

#### Department of Hawaiian Home Lands

In 1991, the Legislature enacted HRS Chapter 674, entitled "Individual Claims Resolution Under the Hawaiian Home Lands Trust," which established a process for individual beneficiaries of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920 (HHCA) to file claims to recover actual economic damages they believed they suffered from a breach of trust caused by an act or omission of an official of the State between August 21, 1959, when Hawaii became a state, and June 30, 1988. Claims were required to be filed no later than August 31, 1995. There were 4,327 claims filed by 2,753 individuals.

The process was a three step process which: (1) began with informal proceedings presided over by the Hawaiian Home Lands Trust Individual Claims Review Panel (the Panel) to provide the Legislature with non-binding findings and advisory opinions for each claim; (2) provided for the Legislature's review and consideration of the Panel's findings and advisory opinions, and appropriations of funds to pay the actual economic damages the Legislature deemed appropriate; and (3) allowed claimants to bring de novo civil actions by December 31, 1999 if they were not satisfied with the Panel's findings and advisory opinions, or the Legislature's response to the Panel's recommendations.

In 1997, the Legislature declared its intent to postpone acting upon the Panel's recommendations until all claims had been reviewed and forwarded to it. Legislation to allow the Panel and the Legislature until September 30, 2000 to act on all claims, and postpone the deadline for unsatisfied claimants to file suit until December 31, 2000, was adopted by the Legislature, but vetoed by the Governor in the 1999 regular session, and the Panel sunsetted on December 31, 1999.

On December 29, 1999, three claimants filed a class action lawsuit in the state circuit court for declaratory and injunctive relief and for general, special and punitive damages for breach of trust or fiduciary duty under HRS Chapters 674 and 673, violation of the due process, equal protection and native rights clauses of the State Constitution, and breach of contract under HRS Chapter 661.

Kalima et al. v. State of Hawaii et al., Civil No. 99-4771 12VSM (1<sup>st</sup> Cir.) (Kalima I). Five other claimants filed similar individual claims actions for themselves on or before December 31, 1999. The plaintiffs in these other actions stipulated to stay all proceedings in their actions pending the resolution of all questions of law in Kalima I that are common to the questions of law presented in their suits. Following the dismissal without prejudice of the actions of four of the five claimants, only one lawsuit, Aguiar v. State of Hawaii, et al., Civil No. 99-612 (3<sup>rd</sup> Cir.) (Aguiar), is pending and stayed.

On March 30, 2000, the three named plaintiffs in *Kalima I* filed a second class action lawsuit in the state circuit court for declaratory and injunctive relief, and for damages under HRS Chapter 673, for the Panel's and Legislature's alleged failure to remedy their breach of trust claims under HRS Chapter 674.

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Kalima et al. v. State of Hawaii, et al., Civil No. 00-1-1041-03 (1<sup>st</sup> Cir.) (Kalima II). All proceedings in this action were stayed by stipulation, pending the resolution of those questions of law in Kalima I that are common to both Kalima I and Kalima II. Kalima II, Kalima II and Aguiar are collectively referred to under this caption as the "Individual Claims Cases."

The plaintiffs in *Kalima I* filed a motion for partial summary judgment and asked the circuit court to declare that they were entitled to sue for breach of trust and recover damages under HRS Chapter 674. The State moved to dismiss the complaint and all claims in *Kalima I* for lack of subject matter jurisdiction. The circuit court granted the plaintiffs' motion and denied the State's motion. The State was permitted to take an interlocutory appeal. In an opinion issued June 30, 2006, the Hawaii Supreme Court affirmed the circuit court's determination that the plaintiffs were entitled to pursue their claims under HRS Chapter 674, but did not have a right to sue under HRS Chapter 661, and remanded the case back to the trial court for further proceedings.

The plaintiffs in *Kalima I* have since filed first and second amended complaints to add 11 plaintiffs, and to divide the class into nine subclasses to include those with claims for damages for injuries allegedly suffered by (1) allegedly waiting too long to receive a homestead, (2) being barred from or delayed in receiving a homestead by allegedly ultra vires rules, (3) receiving allegedly uninhabitable homesteads, (4) allegedly lost applications, (5) allegedly defectively constructed homes or infrastructure, (6) allegedly being prevented from or delayed in succeeding to a parent's or spouse's homestead, (7) the manner in which the loans were administered, (8) the manner in which the leases were administered and (9) other allegedly wrongful conduct. The court granted the plaintiffs' motion to try the waiting list subclass' claims separately and first, and after a six week bifurcated trial to determine liability only, the circuit judge for *Kalima II* ruled on November 3, 2009 that the State committed three breaches of trust between 1959 and 1988, and further proceedings were necessary to determine the amount of out-of-pocket damages the waiting list subclass members sustained, if any, as a result of those breaches.

By orders entered on November 24, 2009 and June 6, 2011, respectively, the Waiting List Liability Subclass certified for purposes of determining liability was recertified for the purpose of establishing causation and the fact of damages (over the State's objection), and again as the Waiting List Damages Model Subclass for the purpose of devising a model for use on a class-wide basis to determine the amount of damages subclass members may be awarded. Notice to the putative members of the Waiting List Damages Model Subclass of the right to opt-out of the Waiting List Damages Model Subclass was mailed to all members of the Waiting List Liability Subclass on May 22, 2012, and published on the DHHL Website, and in the DHHL and OHA newsletters.

Multiple motions to establish a damages model were filed and heard between March 2011 and August 31, 2012. Orders were entered on January 24, 2012, and February 14, 2013. After a three-day trial completed on October 3, 2013, the court ruled in a minute order that (1) the annual fair market rental values used to calculate damages for claimants who applied for Oahu residential leases be based on four percent of the fee simple value of a 5,000 square foot lot in Maili, obtained from a "best fit" curve derived from actual fee simple Maili valuations from 1959 through July 8, 2013, (2) for damage calculations the rents adjust annually, and (3) that there are no increases for the consumer price index or other present value adjustments. However, to date, no proceeding or procedure has been scheduled or devised to apply the damages model to determine whether and how much each claimant would be awarded in damages. The parties have participated in a private mediation on the matters in controversy in the case, pursuant to the circuit court's order approving the parties' Stipulation to Participate in Private Mediation, etc., filed on September 13, 2013.

On January 14, 2015, Plaintiffs filed a motion for summary judgment to compute the damages of members of the Waiting List Damages Subclass (none of whom were named plaintiffs) who applied for a residential homestead on Oahu. The motion was heard on June 30, 2015. A written order disposing of the motion has not yet been entered.

Nelson – In the First Amended Complaint filed on October 19, 2007 in Nelson et al., v. Hawaiian Homes Commission, et al., Civil No. 07-1-1663-08 BIA (1st Cir.) (Nelson), the plaintiffs allege all defendants breached their duties under Article XII, Sections 1 and 2 of the Hawaii Constitution by not providing sufficient funds to DHHL to place as many beneficiaries on residential, agricultural and pastoral homesteads within a reasonable period of time, and provide a fully functioning farm, ranch and aquaculture support program to maximize utilization of the homestead lands. They also allege that the Hawaiian Homes Commission and its members are in breach of the Hawaiian Home Lands trust for failing to obtain sufficient funds from the Legislature, and otherwise enforcing the provisions of Article XII, Sections 1 and 2 of the Hawaii Constitution, including filing suit against the State. Further, they allege that DHHL and the Hawaiian Homes Commission and its members have violated the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act (HHC Act) by leasing Hawaiian home lands solely to generate revenue and for commercial developments that are unrelated to actual homesteading programs, and without adhering to the requirements of Section 207(a) of the HHC Act.

As beneficiaries of the Hawaiian Home Lands trust and the HHC Act, the *Nelson* plaintiffs asked the court to issue a mandatory injunction requiring DHHL and the Hawaiian Homes Commission and its members to seek, and the State to provide, sufficient funds for DHHL to place as many beneficiaries on the land within a reasonable period of time. On January 21, 2009, the court granted the defendants' motion for entry of summary judgment rejecting all claims that are based on the theory that the Hawaii State Legislature, the State of Hawaii, or any State agency or employee, is required to appropriate, request or otherwise provide or secure particular amounts of money for DHHL and its programs now and in the future. The court concluded that the political question doctrine barred it from deciding those claims because initial policy determinations that the court lacked authority to make were needed to resolve the parties' dispute over the definition and determination of "sufficient sums" as that term is used in Article XII, Section 1 of the Hawaii Constitution.

A final judgment in favor of the State was filed on September 23, 2009, and the plaintiffs appealed. On January 12, 2011, the Intermediate Court of Appeals concluded that the political question doctrine did not preclude the courts from deciding the plaintiffs' claims, and vacated the judgment and remanded the case to the circuit court for further proceedings. The State and Director of Finance filed an application for writ of certiorari in the Hawaii Supreme Court to reverse the Intermediate Court of Appeals' judgment on appeal, and affirm the circuit court's final judgment, on May 4, 2011. In the Hawaii Supreme Court, the DHHL, and the Hawaiian Homes Commission and its members changed their position, and no longer supported the political question doctrine defense.

On May 9, 2012, the Hawaii Supreme Court concluded that there are no judicially manageable standards for determining "sufficient sums" for purposes of (1) developing lots, (2) loans, and (3) rehabilitation projects, which are the first three items listed in Article XII, Section 1. The Hawaii Supreme Court thus held plaintiffs' claims with respect to those items should have been rejected on political question grounds, and the Intermediate Court of Appeals erred in not so concluding. The Hawaii Supreme Court did, however, uphold the Intermediate Court of Appeals as to item (4) of Article XII, Section 1, concluding that there are judicially manageable standards to determine what constitutes sufficient sums for "administrative and operating expenses." Determination of this amount awaits further litigation in the circuit court on remand. Pursuant to the Judgment on Appeal issued on July 25, 2013, the case was remanded to the circuit court for further proceedings.

On November 27, 2015, the circuit court issued its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order, which declared and ordered (1) the State has failed to provide sufficient funds to DHHL for its administrative and operating budget in violation of the State's constitutional duty, (2) the State must fulfill its constitutional duty by appropriating sufficient general funds to DHHL for its administrative and operating budget so that DHHL does not need to use or rely on revenue from general leases, and (3) although what is "sufficient" will change over the years, the sufficient sums that the legislature is constitutionally obligated to appropriate in general funds for DHHL's administrative and operating budget (not including significant repairs) is more than \$28 million for fiscal year 2015–2016. The circuit court also ruled that prior to 2012, DHHL breached its trust duties by failing to take all reasonable efforts, including filing suit, to obtain all the funding it needs for its administrative and operating budget, and shall prospectively fulfill its constitutional duties and trust responsibilities and are enjoined from violating these obligations.

On December 21, 2015, after judgment was entered, the State filed a motion for reconsideration or to alter or amend the judgment and order. A decision on that motion is pending. The State intends to defend vigorously the claims against the State in all of the remaining Individual Claims Cases and in *Nelson*. The State is currently unable to predict with reasonable certainty the magnitude of its potential liability, if any, for such claims. Resolution of the plaintiffs' claims in the Individual Claims Cases, and some of the plaintiffs' claims in *Nelson*, in the respective plaintiffs' favor, could have a material adverse effect on the State's financial condition.

## Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund

In June 2006, certain retired public employees (Plaintiffs) filed a class action lawsuit in the First Circuit Court, State of Hawaii, against the State, all of the counties of the State, the Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (EUTF), and the EUTF Board of Trustees (collectively, the Defendants). See Marion Everson, et al. v. State of Hawaii, et al., Civil No. 06-1-1141-06, First Circuit Court, State of Hawaii (Civil No. 06-1-1141-06). In relevant part, Plaintiffs claimed that Defendants violated their constitutional, contractual and statutory rights under Article XVI, Section 2 of the Hawaii Constitution and HRS Chapters 87 and 87A by not providing health care benefits to retirees and their dependents that are equivalent to those provided to active employees and their dependents.

Following a related proceeding that commenced in 2007, the Hawaii Supreme Court held that health benefits for retired state and county employees constitute "accrued benefits" pursuant to Article XVI, Section 2 of the Hawaii Constitution, but that HRS Chapter 87A (particularly HRS Section 87A-23) did not require that retiree health benefits reasonably approximate those provided to active employees. See Everson v. State, 122 Hawai'i 401, P.3d 282 (2010). The Hawaii Supreme Court did not decide when retiree health benefits "accrued" so as to be protected under Article XVI, Section 2 of the Hawaii Constitution nor did it decide whether the enactment of any part of HRS Chapter 87A violated Article XVI, Section 2 of the Hawaii Constitution.

In December 2010, Plaintiffs filed a Second Amended Complaint in Civil No. 06-1-1140-06 (nka *James Dannenberg*, *et al. v. State of Hawaii*, *et al.*) claiming that Defendants have violated their constitutional, contractual and statutory rights under Article XVI, Section 2 of the Hawaii Constitution and HRS Chapter 87 by failing to provide them and other State and county retirees with: (a) health care benefits that are equivalent to those provided to State and county active employees; and/or (b) health care benefits that are equivalent to benefits provided to other employee-beneficiaries and dependent-beneficiaries, regardless of age. The Second Amended Complaint also claims that State and county employees who retired prior to July 1, 2001, are contractually entitled to have their employers pay for all their health plan premiums despite the contribution caps in Sections 87A-33 through 87A-36, HRS. The Second Amended Complaint also claims that the EUTF was negligent in failing to properly interpret constitutional, statutory and contractual requirements when it created retiree health plans. Plaintiffs seek declaratory

## State of Hawaii Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015

and injunctive relief and monetary damages. The monetary damages sought are: (1) the amount that retirees and their dependents have had to personally pay for health care because Defendants refused or failed to provide them with the health benefits that they were constitutionally or contractually entitled to; (2) damages for health care that retirees and their dependents have foregone because Defendants refused or failed to provide them with the health benefits that they were constitutionally or contractually entitled to; and (3) damages for pain and suffering. In January 2011, the Defendants filed an answer denying the substantive allegations of the Second Amended Complaint.

On August 29, 2013, the First Circuit Court entered an Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Action Certification. The class certified is all employees (and their dependent-beneficiaries) who began working for the Territory of Hawaii, State of Hawaii, or any political subdivision thereof, before July 1, 2003, and who have accrued or will accrue a right to post-retirement health benefits as a retiree or dependent-beneficiary of such a retiree. This includes: (a) those who have not yet received any post-retirement health benefits from Defendants as a retiree or dependent-beneficiary of such a retiree; and (b) those who have received any post-retirement health benefits from Defendants since July 1, 2003 as a retiree or dependent-beneficiary of such a retiree. For purposes of damages only, if any, the class shall also include the estates and heirs of any deceased retiree or deceased dependent-beneficiary of a retiree who is or was a member of the class.

On December 10, 2012, Plaintiffs filed Plaintiffs' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment seeking judgment in their favor and against Defendants on the liability issues in the lawsuit, i.e., that Plaintiffs be granted their requested declaratory and injunctive relief, and that Defendants be found liable for monetary damages in an amount to be determined later. On July 25, 2013. State Defendants filed State Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment seeking judgment in their favor and against Plaintiffs on all of Plaintiffs' claims that are based on the allegations that: (1) State Defendants have violated the constitutional, contractual and statutory rights of Plaintiffs by not providing health care benefits for retirees and their dependents that are equivalent to those provided to active employees and their dependents; (2) State Defendants have violated the constitutional and contractual rights of Plaintiffs by not providing health care benefits to retirees and their dependents that are equivalent to those provided to other employee-beneficiaries and dependent-beneficiaries, regardless of age; and (3) State Defendants were negligent in providing health benefits to retirees and their dependents. Both motions were heard by the First Circuit Court on October 30, 2013, and taken under advisement. On October 16, 2014, the Court issued an Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment and Order Granting State Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment (Order). The Court ruled that Plaintiffs' accrued health benefits have not been reduced, diminished or impaired inasmuch as the health benefits that retirees received under the Hawaii Public Employees Health Fund. Plaintiffs filed a motion for reconsideration of the Order or alternatively for an interlocutory appeal. On November 13, 2014, the Court issued a minute order denying a motion. On State Defendants' motion, the case was transferred to the Hawaii Supreme Court. Briefing was completed in September 2015.

State Defendants intend to continue to rigorously defend against Plaintiffs' claims in this lawsuit. Resolution of the Plaintiffs' claims in their favor could have a material adverse effect on the State's financial condition.

### Department of Education

Consolidated class action cases have been brought against the State Department of Education (DOE) on behalf of substitute teachers alleging that the DOE has failed to pay substitute teachers in accordance with the rate provided in the Hawaii Revised Statutes from July 1, 1996 to June 30, 2005.

An adverse ruling against the State was made by the First Circuit Court on a motion for summary judgment regarding liability issues. The adverse ruling was the subject of an interlocutory appeal to the Intermediate Court of Appeals, which issued its ruling on October 30, 2009, affirming the adverse ruling. The Supreme Court denied certiorari on August 16, 2010 and the case was remanded to the Circuit Court for a determination of damages.

The parties agreed to settle before the matter was set for trial on this issue. On February 26, 2014, a settlement check in the amount of approximately \$15,091,100 was transmitted to Plaintiffs' attorney. Subsequently, the Circuit Court granted Plaintiffs' motion for the award of prejudgment interest. The State appealed this decision to the Intermediate Court of Appeals on June 15, 2015.

## Tax Foundation Claim on Rail SurchargeTax

The Tax Foundation of Hawaii has sued the State alleging that the 10% deduction from the county surcharge revenues to reimburse the State for the cost of assessment and collection of the tax is unconstitutional. The lawsuit seeks a refund of amounts that exceed the actual cost of collection to either the plaintiff or the City and County of Honolulu.

The State is vigorously contesting this matter and has moved to dismiss the lawsuit on standing and other grounds.

### **Continuing Disclosure Certificates**

The State entered into continuing disclosure certificates (certificates) for the benefit of general obligation bondholders, where it agreed to provide certain financial information and operating data relating to the State with respect to its general obligation bonds and certificates of participation to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board.

In two instances within the past five years, the State filed annual reports on a timely basis, but did not include audited financial statements or, as required by the applicable continuing disclosure certificates, when audited financial statements were not available, unaudited financial statements. In each case, a notice was filed that the audited financial statements were not available and audited financial statements were filed when they became available. In addition, the State has in certain years during the past five years failed to file certain notices or file them in a timely manner. The State has policies and procedures in place to enhance compliance with its continuing disclosure undertakings. The State regularly updates its financial information, which may involve updating financial and operating data.

A failure by the State to comply with the certificates will not constitute an event of default of the bonds, although any bondholder or beneficial owner may bring action to compel the State to comply with its obligations under the certificate. Such a failure may adversely affect the transferability and liquidity of the bonds and their market price.

## 13. Risk Management

The State records a liability for risk financing and insurance related losses if it is determined that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The State retains various risks and insures certain excess layers with commercial insurance companies. The excess layers insured with commercial insurance companies are consistent with the prior fiscal year. Settled claims have not exceeded the coverage provided by commercial insurance companies in any of the past ten fiscal years. A summary of the State's underwriting risks is as follows:

#### **Property Insurance**

The State has an insurance policy with a variety of insurers in a variety of layers for property coverage. The deductible for coverage is 3% of loss subject to a \$1,000,000 per occurrence minimum. This policy includes windstorm, earthquake, flood damage, terrorism, and boiler and machinery coverage. The limit of loss per occurrence is \$200,000,000, except for terrorism, which is \$50,000,000 per occurrence and a \$10,000 deductible.

#### **Crime Insurance**

The State also has a crime insurance policy for various types of coverages with a limit of loss of \$10,000,000 per occurrence with a \$500,000 deductible per occurrence, except for claims expense coverage, which has a \$100,000 limit per occurrence and a \$1,000 deductible. Losses under the deductible amount are paid by the Risk Management Office of the Department of Accounting and General Services and losses not covered by insurance are paid from legislative appropriations of the State's General Fund.

## **General Liability (Including Torts)**

Liability claims under \$10,000 and automobile claims under \$15,000 are handled by the Risk Management Office. All other claims are handled by the Department of the Attorney General. The State has personal injury and property damage liability, including automobile and public errors and omissions, insurance policy in force with a \$4,000,000 self-insured retention per occurrence. The annual aggregate per occurrence is \$15,000,000 and for crime loss, \$10,000,000 with no aggregate limit.

Losses under the deductible amount or over the aggregate limit are paid from legislative appropriations of the State's General Fund.

#### **Medical Insurance**

The State's community hospitals included in the HHSC are insured by a comprehensive hospital professional liability policy. The policy covers losses from personal injury, professional liability, patient property damage, and employee benefits. This policy covers losses up to a limit of \$35,000,000 per occurrence and \$39,000,000 in aggregate.

#### **Self-Insured Risks**

The State generally self-insures its automobile no-fault and workers' compensation losses. Automobile losses below \$15,000 are administered by the Risk Management Office. The State administers its workers' compensation losses.

## Reserve for Losses and Loss Adjustment Costs

A liability for workers' compensation and general liability claims is established if information indicates that a loss has been incurred as of June 30, 2015, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability also includes an estimate for amounts incurred but not reported. The amount of the estimated loss is recorded in the accompanying statement of net position, as those losses will be liquidated with future expendable resources. The estimated losses will be paid from legislative appropriations of the State's General Fund. The following table represents changes in the amount of the estimated losses and the loss adjustment costs at June 30, 2015 and 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands):

	2015	2014
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment costs Beginning of the fiscal year	\$ 147,120	\$ 155,138
Incurred losses and loss adjustment costs Provision for insured events of current fiscal year Change in provision for insured events of prior fiscal years	32,721 (629)	35,050 1,593
Total incurred losses and loss adjustment costs	32,092	 36,643
Payments  Losses and loss adjustment costs attributable to		
insured events of current fiscal year Losses and loss adjustment costs attributable to	(9,604)	(24,333)
insured events of prior fiscal year	(19,432)	(20,328)
Total payments	(29,036)	(44,661)
<b>Unpaid losses and loss adjustment costs</b> End of the fiscal year	\$ 150,176	\$ 147,120

#### 14. Subsequent Events

## **General Obligation Bonds**

On October 29, 2015, the State issued \$190,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds of 2015, Series ET, \$35,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds of 2015, Series EU, \$8,700,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2015, Series EV, \$34,950,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2015, Series EW, \$25,035,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2015, Series EX, \$212,120,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2015, Series EZ, and \$25,000,000 Taxable General Obligation Bonds of 2015, Series ET and FA were issued for the purpose of financing or reimbursing the State for the costs of acquisition, construction, extension or improvement of various public improvement projects, among which are public buildings and facilities, elementary and secondary schools, community college and university facilities, public libraries and parks and for other public purposes. Series EU was issued for the purpose of financing the acquisition of land in fee simple and a conservation easement on certain land on the North Shore of the island of Oahu. The refunding bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding certain outstanding general obligation bonds of the State previously issued for such purposes.

## **Department of Transportation – Highways Division**

On July 8, 2015, Highways executed an energy savings performance contract that provides for the installation of energy conservation measures (ECM) at selected Highway locations. The contractor executed a guarantee of the energy cost savings that should result from these ECMs. The project costs for this contract are funded by a tax-exempt lease bearing an annual interest rate of 2.63%. Payments for this lease are deferred for a two-year period matching the period to construct or to install the ECMs.

#### **Department of Transportation – Harbors Division**

On September 17, 2015, Harbors executed an energy savings performance contract that provides for the installation of ECM at selected Harbors locations. The contractor executed a guarantee of the energy cost savings that should result from these ECMs. The project costs for this contract are funded by a tax-exempt lease bearing an annual interest rate of 2.74%. Payments for this lease are deferred for a two-year period matching the period to construct or to install the ECMs.

## **Department of Transportation – Airports Division**

On November 18, 2015, Airports issued State of Hawaii Airports System Revenue Bonds, consisting of \$235,135,000 Series 2015A (AMT) and \$9,125,000 Series 2015B (Non-AMT). The borrowing rates range from 4.0% to 5.0% annually. The bonds were issued for the purpose of funding the costs of capital improvement projects at certain facilities of the State's Airports System.

#### **University of Hawaii**

The University issued \$166,285,000 of Board of Regents of the University of Hawaii – University Revenue Bonds, consisting of \$8,575,000 Taxable Series 2015A, \$47,010,000 Series 2015B (Refunding), \$17,585,000 Taxable Series 2015C (Refunding), \$25,715,000 Taxable Series 2015D (Refunding), and \$67,400,000 Series 2015E (Forward Delivery Refunding). All Series 2015 bonds were issued on September 24, 2015, with the exception of the Series 2015E which will be issued on April 20, 2016. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing the costs of University projects and refunding previously issued bonds. The University projects include the UH Mānoa Law School Expansion and Modernization Project and the UH Hilo College of Pharmacy Project. The coupon rates for the Series 2015 bonds range from 0.8% to 5.0%.

#### Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund

Effective July 1, 2015, the EUTF changed custodians from Bank of Hawaii with Bank of New York Mellon as subcustodian to Northern Trust.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATI MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND	

## State of Hawaii Required Supplementary Information Other Than Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

General Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund – Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Control

Reconciliation of the Budgetary to GAAP Basis – General Fund and Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedule of Contributions - Last Ten Fiscal Years

Schedules of Funding Progress – EUTF, HSTA-VEBA and UH

State of Hawaii
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2015
(Amounts in thousands)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget – Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes				
General excise tax	\$ 3,234,785	\$ 2,983,927	\$ 2,992,707	\$ 8,780
Net income tax				
Corporations	78,514	76,307	52,319	(23,988)
Individuals	2,021,939	1,887,339	1,987,733	100,394
Inheritance and estate tax	15,427	15,008	12,071	(2,937)
Liquor permits and tax	50,075	48,600	50,281	1,681
Public service companies tax	174,932	170,690	163,481	(7,209)
Tobacco tax	83,897	77,390	82,829	5,439
Tax on premiums of insurance companies	134,000	142,000	145,672	3,672
Franchise tax (banks and other financial institutions)	23,456	41,553	17,930	(23,623)
Transient accommodations tax	197,230	193,314	202,970	9,656
Other taxes, primarily conveyances tax	38,675	28,208	26,469	(1,739)
Total taxes	6,052,930	5,664,336	5,734,462	70,126
Non-taxes				
Interest and investment income	4,935	5,066	7,531	2,465
Charges for current services	249,223	253,191	284,520	31,329
Intergovernmental	12,860	12,177	14,192	2,015
Rentals	714	243	175	(68)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	22,935	23,159	22,874	(285)
Licenses and fees	1,012	1,020	1,091	` 71 <sup>°</sup>
Revenues from private sources	2,501	2,504	3,388	884
Debt service requirements	34,517	34,517	24,591	(9,926)
Other	226,388	353,109	422,821	69,712
Total non-taxes	555,085	684,986	781,183	96,197
Total revenues	6,608,015	6,349,322	6,515,645	166,323
Expenditures				
General government	2,612,176	2,525,475	2,362,663	162,812
Public safety	252,287	267,628	264,681	2,947
Conservation of natural resources	37,413	41,715	31,643	10,072
Health	408,115	421,456	411,337	10,119
Hospitals	101,940	116,940	116,940	-
Welfare	1,174,695	1,183,547	1,163,815	19,732
Lower education	1,480,083	1,552,689	1,503,470	49,219
Higher education	409,656	418,558	413,149	5,409
Other education	5,984	6,027	5,616	411
Culture and recreation	41,889	44,097	42,478	1,619
Economic development and assistance	25,002	27,145	24,184	2,961
Housing	23,146	23,175	22,582	593
Other	9,633	16,886	15,877	1,009
Total expenditures	6,582,019	6,645,338	6,378,435	266,903
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	25,996	(296,016)	137,210	433,226
Other financing sources – Transfers in	37,274	59,150	61,060	1,910
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$ 63,270	\$ (236,866)	\$ 198,270	\$ 435,136

# State of Hawaii Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	(B	Actual udgetary Basis)	Fina	ance With Il Budget – ve (Negative)
Revenues – non-taxes						
Intergovernmental	\$ 43,704	\$ -	\$	738	\$	738
Revenues from private sources	-	-		57,664		57,664
Other	 39,985	4,583		8,360		3,777
Total revenues – non-taxes	83,689	4,583		66,762		62,179
Expenditures						
Welfare	 80,932	 80,932		66,100		14,832
Total expenditures	80,932	80,932		66,100		14,832
(Deficiency) excess of revenues (under) over expenditures	\$ 2,757	\$ (76,349)	\$	662	\$	77,011

## State of Hawaii Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Control Year Ended June 30, 2015

The budget of the State is a detailed operating plan identifying estimated costs and results in relation to estimated revenues. The budget includes (1) the programs, services, and activities to be provided during the fiscal year; (2) the estimated revenues available to finance the operating plan; and (3) the estimated spending requirements of the operating plan. The budget represents a process through which policy decisions are made, implemented and controlled. Revenue estimates are provided to the State Legislature at the time of budget consideration and are revised and updated periodically during the fiscal year. Amounts reflected as budgeted revenues in the General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) are those estimates as compiled by the Council on Revenues and the Director of Finance. Budgeted expenditures are derived primarily from the General Appropriations Act of 2013 (Act 134, SLH 2013), and as amended by the Supplemental Appropriations Act of 2014 (Act 122, SLH 2014), and from other authorizations contained in the State Constitution, the HRS, and other specific appropriations acts in various SLH.

All expenditures of appropriated funds have been made pursuant to the appropriations in the fiscal 2013–2015 biennial budget and executive supplemental budget.

The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds have legally appropriated annual budgets. The Capital Projects Fund's appropriated budgets are for projects that may extend over several fiscal years.

The final legally adopted budgets in the accompanying General Fund and Special Revenue Fund Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) represent the original appropriations, transfers and other legally authorized legislative and executive changes.

The legal level of budgetary control is maintained at the appropriation line item level by department, program, and source of funds as established in the appropriations acts. The Governor is authorized to transfer appropriations between programs within the same department and source of funds; however, transfers of appropriations between departments generally require legislative authorization. Records and reports reflecting the detailed level of control are maintained by and are available at the Department of Accounting and General Services. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, there were no expenditures in excess of appropriations in the individual funds.

To the extent not expended or encumbered, General Fund and Special Revenue Fund appropriations subject to budgetary control generally lapse at the end of the fiscal year for which the appropriations are made. The State Legislature specifies the lapse dates and any other contingencies, which may terminate the authorizations for other appropriations.

Budgets adopted by the State Legislature for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund are presented in the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund schedules of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual (budgetary basis). The State's annual budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting except for the encumbrance of purchase order and contract obligations (basis difference), which is a departure from GAAP.

## State of Hawaii General Fund and Med-Quest Special Revenue Fund Reconciliation of the Budgetary to GAAP Basis Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

A reconciliation of the budgetary to GAAP basis operating results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 General Fund	led-Quest Special Revenue Fund
Excess of revenues and other sources over		
expenditures – actual (budgetary basis)	\$ 137,210	\$ 662
Transfers	 541,182	70,932
Excess of revenues over		
expenditures – actual (budgetary basis)	678,392	71,594
Reserve for encumbrances at fiscal year end*	313,270	-
Expenditures for liquidation of prior fiscal year encumbrances Revenues and expenditures for unbudgeted programs	(330,704)	(91,432)
and capital projects accounts, net	(2,743)	138,790
Tax refunds payable	(2,753)	-
Accrued liabilities	30,277	(119,778)
Accrued revenues	48,015	 63,113
Excess of revenues over expenditures - GAAP basis	\$ 733,754	\$ 62,287

<sup>\*</sup>Amount reflects the encumbrance balances (included in continuing appropriations) for budgeted programs only.

## State of Hawaii Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years\* (Amounts in millions)

	 2015	2014
State's proportion of the net pension liability	58.483%	57.638%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,689	\$ 5,148
State's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,424	\$ 2,341
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	193.4%	219.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total net pension liability	63.9%	58.0%

<sup>\*</sup> Information for 2006–2013 is unavailable.

## State of Hawaii Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years\* (Amounts in millions)

	2015	2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 401	\$ 430
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	410	383
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (9)	\$ 47
State's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,424	\$ 2,341
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16.9%	16.4%

<sup>\*</sup> Information for 2006–2013 is unavailable.

## **Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions**

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actua Valu Ass	e of	A	ctuarial accrued liability (AAL)	A A L	nfunded ctuarial ccrued liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	C	Annual overed Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
EUTF										
July 1, 2009	\$	-	\$	11,523	\$	11,523	- %	\$	1,432	804.7%
July 1, 2011		-		11,706		11,706	- %		2,093	559.3%
July 1, 2013		-		7,344		7,344	- %		2,341	313.7%
HSTA-VEBA										
July 1, 2009	\$	-	\$	2,484	\$	2,484	- %	\$	683	363.7%
UH										
July 1, 2009	\$	-	\$	1,850	\$	1,850	- %	\$	495	373.7%
July 1, 2011		-		1,861		1,861	- %		504	369.3%
July 1, 2013		-		1,186		1,186	- %		551	215.3%



#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specific purposes. Certain Special Revenue Funds are presented separately in the accompanying combining financial statements, with the remainder grouped as a single entity. The Special Revenue Funds are as follows:

Highways – Accounts for programs related to maintaining and operating land transportation facilities.

**Natural Resources** – Accounts for programs related to the conservation, development and utilization of agriculture, aquaculture, water, land and other natural resources of the State.

**Health** – Accounts for programs related to mental health, nutrition services, communicable disease and for other public health services.

**Human Services** — Accounts for social service programs, which include public welfare, eligibility and disability determination, and housing assistance.

**Education** – Accounts for programs related to instructional education, school food services and student driver education.

**Economic Development** – Accounts for programs related to the development and promotion of industry and international commerce, energy development and management, economic research and analysis, and the utilization of resources.

**Employment** – Accounts for programs related to employment and training, disability compensation, placement services, and occupational safety and health.

**Regulatory** – Accounts for programs related to consumer protection, business registration and cable television regulation.

**Hawaiian Programs** — Accounts for programs related to the betterment of the conditions of native Hawaiians.

**Administrative Support** – Accounts for programs of certain administrative agencies.

**All Other** – Accounts for programs related to water recreation, inmate stores, and driver training and education.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation bonds serviced by the General Fund and general obligation bonds and revenue bonds serviced by the Special Revenue Funds.

## **State of Hawaii Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet** June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

										Special	Reve	nue Funds
		lighways		Natural esources		Health		Human Services	_	ducation		conomic
		igiiways		esources	_	пеанн		bei vices	ᆖ	uucation	Dev	elopinent
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	41,706	\$	22,937	\$	32,252	\$	14,620	\$	56,281	\$	149,436
Notes and loans receivable, net		-		20,204		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investments	_	189,995	_	104,490	_	146,926	_	66,606	_	114,459	_	28,154
Total assets	\$	231,701	\$	147,631	\$	179,178	\$	81,226	\$	170,740	\$	177,590
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Vouchers and contracts payable	\$	25,002	\$	3,935	\$	18,931	\$	6,196	\$	12,244	\$	1,180
Other accrued liabilities		5,449		2,647		5,852		353		11,453		918
Due to federal government		-		-		-		30,987		-		-
Due to other funds		-		2,152		-		41,000		-		-
Payable from restricted assets –												
Matured bonds and interest payable			_		_		_		_			
Total liabilities	_	30,451	_	8,734	_	24,783		78,536	_	23,697		2,098
Fund balances												
Restricted		-		-		-		25,335		-		-
Committed		-		97,270		168,340		1,748		-		10,172
Assigned		201,250		41,627		-		-		147,043		165,320
Unassigned			_	-	_	(13,945)	_	(24,393)	_			
Total fund balances		201,250	_	138,897	_	154,395	_	2,690	_	147,043	_	175,492
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	231,701	\$	147,631	\$	179,178	\$	81,226	\$	170,740	\$	177,590

Em	ployment	Re	egulatory	-	lawaiian rograms		Administrative Support		All Other	r Total		Debt Service Fund			Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
\$	6,268	\$	10,992	\$	52,202 51,237	\$	46,773	\$	8,504 -	\$	441,971 71,441	\$	415	\$	442,386 71,441
	28,552		50,075		221,711		136,593		38,746		1,126,307		35		35 1,126,307
\$	34,820	\$	61,067	\$	325,150	\$	183,366	\$	47,250	\$	1,639,719	\$	450	\$	1,640,169
\$	2,610	\$	238	\$	5,037	\$	2,306	\$	3,854	\$	81,533	\$	-	\$	81,533
	1,584		2,152		492		2,665		2,916		36,481 30,987		-		36,481 30,987
	-		-		-		-		2,537		45,689		-		45,689
	-		-		-		-		_		_		415		415
	4,194		2,390		5,529		4,971		9,307	_	194,690		415	_	195,105
	-		-		-		-		-		25,335		35		25,370
	17,591		39,441		72,456		42,272		-		449,290		-		449,290
	13,035 -		19,236		247,165 -		136,123		37,943 -		1,008,742 (38,338)		-		1,008,742 (38,338)
	30,626		58,677		319,621	_	178,395		37,943		1,445,029		35		1,445,064
\$	34,820	\$	61,067	\$	325,150	\$	183,366	\$	47,250	\$	1,639,719	\$	450	\$	1,640,169

State of Hawaii
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Year Ended June 30, 2015
(Amounts in thousands)

					Special	Revenue Funds
		Natural	1114-	Human		Economic
	Highways	Resources	Health	Services	Education	Development
Revenues						
Taxes	_	_				
Franchise tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Tobacco and liquor taxes	-	-	29,989	-	-	-
Liquid fuel tax	86,583	239	-	-	-	-
Tax on premiums of insurance companies	400.570	-	4.504	-	-	-
Vehicle weight and registration tax	120,579	-	4,534	-	-	-
Rental motor/tour vehicle surcharge tax	51,940	- 04.004	4.000	-	-	0.700
Other		31,621	1,236			3,708
Total taxes	259,102	31,860	35,759			3,708
Interest and investment income	1,194	941	405	7	97	152
Charges for current services	5,036	26,547	43,242	346	39,540	5,515
Intergovernmental	190,480	23,554	109,832	730,134	245,075	18,153
Rentals	-	8,475	-	-	397	1,346
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	4,778	118	1,843	-	-	-
Licenses and fees	1,913	601	1,846	111	527	-
Revenues from private sources	-	397	46,913	34	7,933	-
Other	36,840	5,192	1,812	532	15,461	300
Total revenues	499,343	97,685	241,652	731,164	309,030	29,174
Expenditures						<u> </u>
Current						
General government	_	4,598	222	_	_	_
Public safety	_	1,877		_	_	_
Highways	235,610	85	_	_	_	_
Conservation of natural resources	,	66,114	_	_	_	_
Health	_	-	205,708	_	_	_
Welfare	_	_	-	692,257	_	_
Lower education	_	_	_	· -	383,512	_
Other education	-	-	-	14,762	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	8,824	-	-	4,226	-
Urban redevelopment and housing	-	-	-	2,083	-	-
Economic development and assistance	-	6,589	-	-	-	34,597
Other	225	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service						
Total expenditures	235,835	88,087	205,930	709,102	387,738	34,597
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under) expenditures	263.508	9.598	35,722	22.062	(78,708)	(5.423)
, , ,	200,000	0,000			(10,100)	(0, 120)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Issuance of GO and refunding GO bonds – par	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of GO and refunding GO bonds – premium	-	-	-	-	-	450,000
Issuance of revenue and refunding revenue bonds – par	-	-	-	-	-	150,000
Issuance of revenue and refunding revenue bonds – premium	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in	151	1 655	4 224	- 574	74 202	-
Transfers in	(226,342)	1,655 (961)	1,234 (24,050)	(22,807)	71,303	20
Total other financing sources (uses)	(226,191)	694	(22,816)	(22,233)	71,303	150,020
Net change in fund balances	37,317	10,292	12,906	(171)	(7,405)	144,597
Fund balances						
Beginning of year	163,933	128,605	141,489	2,861	154,448	30,895
End of year	\$ 201,250	\$ 138,897	\$ 154,395	\$ 2,690	\$ 147,043	\$ 175,492
		÷ .50,001	÷ .51,000	÷ 2,000	7,010	Ψ 5, 102

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Employment	Regulatory	Hawaiian Programs	Administrative Support	All Other	Total	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds
\$ -	\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ 2,000
-	-	-	2,038	4 007	32,027	-	32,027
-	2.005	-	-	1,627	88,449	-	88,449
-	2,095	-	-	-	2,095 125,113	-	2,095 125,113
-	-	-	-	-	51,940	-	51,940
1,118	_	_	-	_	37,683	_	37,683
1,118	4,095		2,038	1,627	339,307		339,307
117	237	4,740	509	94	8,493		8,493
18,655	21,212	3,196	59,917	26,006	249,212	-	249,212
41,827	1,308	14,132	20,881	55,538	1,450,914	_	1,450,914
-1,027	1,000	15,996	981	3,756	30,951	_	30,951
1,507	3,457	-	245	2,379	14,327	_	14,327
-,00.	15,215	_	20,727	432	41,372	_	41,372
_	-	3,000	1,680	356	60,313	_	60,313
1,883	317	11,330	11,643	5,282	90,592	-	90,592
65,107	45,841	52,394	118,621	95,470	2,285,481		2,285,481
	-	-	37,744	17,242	59,806	-	59,806
3,815	41,861	-	14,591	62,424	124,568	-	124,568
-	-	362	72	-	236,129	-	236,129
-	-	-	337	-	66,451	-	66,451
-	-	-	14,769	1,571	205,708	-	205,708
-	-	-	6,770	1,571	708,597 390,282	-	708,597 390,282
-	-	-	0,770	-	14,762	-	14,762
_	_	_	11,227	15,943	40,220	_	40,220
_	_	57,179	11,227	10,040	59,262	_	59,262
59,026	_	57,175	42	705	100,959	_	100,959
-	_	_	7,519	188	7,932	_	7,932
_	_	_	-	-		734,315	734,315
62,841	41,861	57,541	93,071	98,073	2,014,676	734,315	2,748,991
2,266	3,980	(5,147)	25,550	(2,603)	270,805	(734,315)	(463,510)
-	-	_	-	-	-	408,775	408,775
-	-	-	-	-	-	41,893	41,893
-	-	-	-	-	150,000	60,305	210,305
-	-	-	-	-	-	5,865	5,865
-	-	-	-	-	-	(516,839)	(516,839)
(400)	3,918	29,383	7,648	7,192	123,078	734,316	857,394
(196)	(2,900)	(3,054)	(26,363)	(3,133)	(309,806)		(309,806)
(196) 2,070	1,018 4,998	26,329 21,182	(18,715) 6,835	4,059 1,456	(36,728) 234,077	734,315	697,587 234,077
	,		,	,		0.5	
28,556	53,679	298,439	171,560	36,487	1,210,952	35	1,210,987
\$ 30,626	\$ 58,677	\$ 319,621	\$ 178,395	\$ 37,943	\$ 1,445,029	\$ 35	\$ 1,445,064

## State of Hawaii Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts in thousands)

			Highways				Natural Resources					
	Budget		(В	Actual udgetary Basis)	Fin	ance With al Budget ve (Negative)	Budget		Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Fin	ance With al Budget ve (Negative)	
Revenue												
Taxes												
Liquid fuel tax												
Highways	\$ 84,70		\$	86,583	\$	1,877	\$ 25	0 5	\$ 239	\$	(11)	
Vehicle registration fee tax	43,14	1		44,487		1,346		-	-		-	
State vehicle weight tax	75,76			76,092		330		-	-		-	
Rental/tour vehicle surcharge tax	49,03	1		51,940 2,909		2,909		-	-		-	
Employment and training fund assessment		-		-		-		-	-		-	
Tobacco tax				-	-		-					
Conveyances tax		-		-		-	17,60	0	27,913		10,313	
Environmental response tax		-				3,90	0	3,708		(192)		
Transient accommodations tax		-	-		2,10	0	-		(2,100)			
Franchise tax		-		-		-		-	-		-	
Tax on premiums of insurance companies		_		-		<u> </u>			-			
Total taxes	252,64	0		259,102		6,462	23,850 31,8		31,860		8,010	
Non-taxes												
Interest and investment income	50	2		1,193		691	1,06	8	929		(139)	
Charges for current services	35,97	9		5,036		(30,943)	28,72	7	26,081		(2,646)	
Intergovernmental	50,00	0		36,999		(13,001)		1	72		71	
Rentals	1,00	0		-	(1,000)		7,80	8	8,475		667	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	1,98	7		4,778		2,791	6	8	118		50	
Licenses and fees	2,05	3		1,913		(140)	75	4	601		(153)	
Revenues from private sources		-		-		-		-	1		1	
Other	5	9		28,137	_	28,078	2,76	9	5,049		2,280	
Total non-taxes	91,58	0		78,056		(13,524)	41,19	5	41,326		131	
Total revenues	344,22	0	_	337,158		(7,062)	65,04	5	73,186		8,141	
Expenditures												
General government		-		-		-	5,18	8	5,069		119	
Public safety		-		-		-	1,15	9	695		464	
Highways	301,64	2		273,766		27,876		-	-		-	
Conservation of natural resources		-		-		-	77,72	5	62,110		15,615	
Health		-		-		-		-	-		-	
Welfare		-		-		-		-	-		-	
Lower education		-		-		-		-	-		-	
Culture and recreation				-		-	8,33	7	5,745		2,592	
Urban redevelopment and housing		-	-		-		-		-		-	
Economic development and assistance		-		-	-		-		-		-	
Other	1,83	0		225	1,605				-	<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	303,47	2		273,991	_		92,409		73,619		18,790	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 40,74	-8	\$	63,167	\$	22,419	\$ (27,36	4) :	\$ (433)	\$	26,931	

			Health			Human Services					
	Budget	(Bud	tual getary sis)	Fina	ance With Il Budget e (Negative)	В	udget	(Buc	ctual Igetary asis)	Fina	ance With al Budget e (Negative)
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
•	5,345		4,534	•	(811)	•	-	•	-	•	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	- 04 540		-		- (4.504)		-		-		-
	31,510	2	9,989		(1,521)		-		-		-
	1,290		1,236		(54)		-		-		-
			-		-		_		_		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	38,145	3	5,759		(2,386)						
	54		405		351		-		6		6
	81,663		6,608		4,945		-		346		346
	1,074		1,717		643		240		736		496
	- 1,607		1,838		231		-		-		-
	1,371		1,846		475		406		111		(295)
	49,950		6,913		(3,037)		-		34		34
	315		811		496		-		-		-
	136,034	14	0,138		4,104		646		1,233		587
_	174,179		5,897		1,718		646		1,233		587
	268		228		40		_				
	-		-		-		_		_		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	221,477	17	4,482		46,995		<u>-</u>		-		
	-		-		-		2,874		1,124		1,750
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
					<u>-</u>						
	221,745	17	4,710		47,035		2,874		1,124		1,750
\$	(47,566)	\$	1,187	\$	48,753	\$	(2,228)	\$	109	\$	2,337

(continued)

## State of Hawaii Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts in thousands)

		Education	on	Economic Development				
	Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenue								
Taxes								
Liquid fuel tax								
Highways	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Vehicle registration fee tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
State vehicle weight tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rental/tour vehicle surcharge tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Employment and training fund assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Tobacco tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Conveyances tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Environmental response tax	-	-	-	3,900	3,708	(192)		
Transient accommodations tax	-	-	-	-	-	· -		
Franchise tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Tax on premiums of insurance companies	_	-	-	-	_	-		
Total taxes				3,900	3,708	(192)		
Non-taxes				·				
Interest and investment income	48	82	34	39	99	60		
Charges for current services	37,977	33,955	(4,022)	7,087	5,515	(1,572)		
Intergovernmental	31,833	11,960	(19,873)	4,527	1,326	(3,201)		
Rentals	40	397	357	1,518	1,283	(235)		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-		-,	(===)		
Licenses and fees	694	527	(167)	_	_	_		
Revenues from private sources	187	276	89	250	_	(250)		
Other	2,023	10,401	8,378	7	289,753	289,746		
Total non-taxes	72,802	57,598	(15,204)	13,428	297,976	284,548		
Total revenues	72,802	57,598	(15,204)	17,328	301,684	284,356		
Expenditures						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
General government	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Public safety	_	_	_	1,100	_	1,100		
Highways	_	_	_	.,	_	.,		
Conservation of natural resources	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Health	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Welfare	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Lower education	104,302	54,676	49.626	_	_	_		
Culture and recreation	3,125	3,078	47	_	_	_		
Urban redevelopment and housing	0,120	-		_	_	_		
Economic development and assistance	_	_	_	201,918	160,341	41,577		
Other	-	_		201,010	100,011	-		
Total expenditures	107,427	57,754	49,673	203,018	160,341	42,677		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					,			
over (under) expenditures	\$ (34,625)	\$ (156)	\$ 34,469	\$ (185,690)	\$ 141,343	\$ 327,033		

			Employm	ent		Regulatory					
_	Budget	(Bu	Actual dgetary Basis)	Vari Fina	ance With al Budget re (Negative)		Budget	(Bu	Actual Idgetary Basis)	Var Fin	iance With al Budget ve (Negative)
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
·	-	·	-	•	-	•	-	·	-	,	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,200		- 1,118		(82)		-		-		-
	1,200		1,110		(62)		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		2 000		2 000		-
	-		-		-		2,000 1,900		2,000 2,094		194
_	1,200		1,118		(82)	_	3,900		4,094		194
_	.,		.,,		(==)	_			1,00		
	50		103		53	158 237		79			
	19,375		16,653		(2,722)	21,272 21,212			(60)		
	-		893		893		-		777		777
	200		- 1,505		1,305		- 785		3,457		2,672
	-		-		-		14,505		15,215		710
	-		-		-		-		-		-
_			1,599		1,599	_	3,781		4,236		455
_	19,625		20,753		1,128	_	40,501		45,134		4,633
_	20,825		21,871		1,046	_	44,401	_	49,228		4,827
	-		-		-		-		-		
	2,925		1,820		1,105		52,231		42,476		9,755
	-		-		-		_		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	35,935		20,167		15,768		-		-		-
_					<u> </u>	<u>-</u>					
_	38,860		21,987		16,873	52,231 42,476			9,755		
\$	(18,035)	\$	(116)	\$	17,919	\$	(7,830)	\$	6,752	\$	14,582

(continued)

## State of Hawaii Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts in thousands)

		Hawaiian Pro	grams	Administrative Support				
	Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenue								
Taxes								
Liquid fuel tax								
Highways	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Vehicle registration fee tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
State vehicle weight tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Rental/tour vehicle surcharge tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Employment and training fund assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Tobacco tax	-	-	-	2,052	2,038	(14)		
Conveyances tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Environmental response tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transient accommodations tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Franchise tax	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Tax on premiums of insurance companies								
Total taxes				2,052	2,038	(14)		
Non-taxes								
Interest and investment income	125	166	41	227	498	271		
Charges for current services	1	12	11	74,143	62,126	(12,017)		
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	59	(13)	(72)		
Rentals	10,014	15,016	5,002	6,235	6,481	246		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	· -	· -	-	280	245	(35)		
Licenses and fees	_	_	_	20,306	20,727	421		
Revenues from private sources	_	3,000	3,000	1,651	1,680	29		
Other	4,200	7,533	3,333	13,536	12,466	(1,070)		
Total non-taxes	14,340	25,727	11,387	116,437	104,210	(12,227)		
Total revenues	14,340	25,727	11,387	118,489	106,248	(12,241)		
Expenditures								
General government	_	_	_	117,088	52,759	64,329		
Public safety	-	_	_	11,327	10,999	328		
Highways	-	-	-	· -	, <u> </u>	_		
Conservation of natural resources	-	-	-	285	-	285		
Health	-	-	-	_	-	_		
Welfare	-	-	-	588	366	222		
Lower education	-	-	-	7,000	6,743	257		
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	13,675	11,431	2,244		
Urban redevelopment and housing	22,531	11,843	10,688	-	-	-		
Economic development and assistance	-	-	, -	_	-	-		
Other	-	-	-	18,338	6,262	12,076		
Total expenditures	22,531	11,843	10,688	168,301	88,560	79,741		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (8,191)	\$ 13,884	\$ 22,075	\$ (49,812)	\$ 17,688	\$ 67,500		

		,	All Othe	er			Tot	al S	oecial Rev	enue	Fur	nds
	Budget	Act (Budg Bas	jetary	Fir	iance With nal Budget ve (Negative)		Budget	(В	Actual udgetary Basis)		Fina	ance With al Budget re (Negative)
\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	84,956	\$	86,822		\$	1,866
	-		-		-		48,486		49,021			535
	-		-		-		75,762		76,092			330
	-		-		-		49,031		51,940			2,909
	-		-		-		1,200		1,118			(82)
	-		-		-		33,562		32,027			(1,535)
	-		-		-		17,600		27,913			10,313
	-		-		-		9,090		8,652			(438)
	-		-		-		2,100		-			(2,100)
	-		-		-		2,000		2,000			-
_	-			_		_	1,900		2,094			194
					<u>-</u>		325,687		337,679			11,992
	47		55		8		2,318		3,773			1,455
	9,353		5,842		6,489		315,577		273,386			(42,191)
	1,123		1,729		606		88,857		56,196			(32,661)
			-				26,615		31,652			5,037
	3,118		2,343		(775)		8,045		14,284			6,239
	566		432		(134)		40,655		41,372			717
	35		34		(1)		52,073		51,938			(135)
_	7,828		9,192		1,364	_	34,518	_	369,177			334,659
_	22,070		9,627		7,557	_	568,658		841,778			273,120
_	22,070	2	9,627		7,557		894,345	1	,179,457			285,112
	19,950	10	6,718		3,232		142,494		74,774			67,720
	19,704		2,531		7,173		88,446		68,521			19,925
	-		_		· -		301,642		273,766			27,876
	-		-		-		78,010		62,110			15,900
	-		-		-		221,477		174,482			46,995
	1,550		1,546		4		5,012		3,036			1,976
	-		-		-		111,302		61,419			49,883
	17,475	14	4,691		2,784		42,612		34,945			7,667
	-		-		-		22,531		11,843			10,688
	-		-		-		237,853		180,508			57,345
				_			20,168		6,487			13,681
_	58,679	4	5,486		13,193	_1	,271,547		951,891			319,656
\$	(36,609)	\$ (1	5,859)	\$	20,750	\$	(377,202)	\$	227,566		\$	604,768

(concluded)

## State of Hawaii Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Reconciliation of the Budgetary to GAAP Basis Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

Excess of revenues over expenditures – actual (budgetary basis)	\$ 227,566
Reserve for encumbrance at year end*	198,499
Expenditures for liquidation of prior fiscal year encumbrances	(492,487)
Expenditures for unbudgeted programs, principally expenditures for capital projects accounts and revolving funds	135,283
Transfers	230,313
Accrued liabilities	(496,138)
Accrued revenues	467,769
Excess of revenues over expenditures – GAAP basis	\$ 270,805

<sup>\*</sup>Amount reflects the encumbrance balances (included in continuing appropriations) for budgeted programs only.

## **State of Hawaii** Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Fund Net Position June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

Section   Sect		Employer- Union Trust Fund	Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund	Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Investments Investments Investments Receivables         \$ 12,643         \$ 143,385         \$ 46,982         \$ 196,382           Receivables         \$ 27,318         \$ 169         \$ 744           Accounts and accrued interest Promissory note receivable         \$ 27,318         \$ 7,742         \$ 35,080           Federal government         \$ 85,368         \$ 6         \$ 20,000           Premissory note receivable         \$ 87,28         \$ 200         \$ 714         \$ 9,732           Prepaid expenses and other assets         \$ 5,392         \$ 2         \$ 5,392         \$ 762         \$ 5,392           Total current assets         \$ 118,123         \$ 171,594         \$ 55,893         \$ 345,610           Capital assets - equipment         \$ 10,013         \$ 5         \$ 409         \$ 12,507           Less: Accountated depreciation         \$ 7,688         \$ 73         \$ 1,000         \$ 9,458           Net capital assets         \$ 2,128         \$ 12         909         \$ 3,049           Promissory note receivable         \$ 2,128         \$ 314,690         \$ 19,192         \$ 42,801           Other countrent assets         \$ 2,128         \$ 314,690         \$ 19,192         \$ 42,801           Total noncurrent assets         \$ 2,128 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>					
Investments   12,643   1		¢ 5,000	¢ 1/2 205	¢ 46.000	¢ 106.250
Receivables	•		φ 145,565 -	φ 40,962 -	,
Promissory note receivable         -         27,318         7,742         35,080           Federal government         85,368         -         -         85,388           Other         8,728         290         714         9,732           Prepaid expenses and other assets         5,392         -         -         5,392           Total current assets         118,123         171,594         55,893         345,610           Capital assets - equipment         10,013         85         2,409         12,507           Less: Accurulated depreciation         (7,885)         (73)         (1,500)         9,458           Net capital assets         2,128         12         900         3,049           Promissory note receivable         -         307,240         108,283         415,523           Other         -         7,438         -         7,438           Total annocurrent assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         547         17		12,010			12,010
Federal government         -         16         286         302           Premiums         85,368         -         -         8,782           Other         8,728         290         714         8,732           Prepaid expenses and other assets         118,123         171,594         5,592         345,610           Capital assets – equipment         10,013         85         2,409         12,507           Less: Accumulated depreciation         (7,885)         773         (1,500)         (9,458)           Net capital assets         2,128         12         90         3,049           Promissory note receivable         -         307,240         108,283         415,523           Other         -         7,438         -         7,438           Total ancourrent assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,	Accounts and accrued interest	-	585		754
Premiums         85,368 Orther         -         -         85,368 Orther         -         -         85,368 Orther         -         -         5,392 Orther         -         7,438 Orther         -         -         6,485 Orther         -	,	-	,		,
Other         8,728         290         714         9,732           Prepaid expenses and other assets         5,392         -         5,392           Total current assets         118,123         171,594         55,893         345,610           Capital assets – equipment         10,013         85         2,409         12,507           Less: Accumulated depreciation         (7,885)         73         (1,500)         69,459           Net capital assets         2,128         12         909         3,049           Promissory note receivable         -         307,240         108,283         415,523           Other         -         7,438         -         7,438           Total assets         21,228         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total assets         21,228         314,690         109,192         426,010           Peterred outflows or resources         21,228         314,690         109,192         426,010           Deferred outflows or net pension liability         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Liabilities         2,797         1         362 </td <td>•</td> <td>-</td> <td>16</td> <td>286</td> <td></td>	•	-	16	286	
Prepaid expenses and other assets         5,392         -         -         5,392           Total current assets         118,123         171,594         55,893         345,610           Capital assets - equipment         10,013         85         2,409         12,507           Less: Accumulated depreciation         (7,885)         (73)         (1,500)         (9,458)           Net capital assets         2,128         12         909         3,049           Promissory note receivable         -         307,240         108,283         415,523           Other         -         7,438         -         7,438           Total noncurrent assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total assets         52,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Peferred outflows of resources         2,278         2,274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         2,74         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         547         171         382         5,110,07           Current liabilities         2,797 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>714</td><td>,</td></td<>			-	714	,
Total current assets         118,123         171,594         55,893         345,610           Capital assets – equipment         10,013         85         2,409         12,507           Less: Accumulated depreciation         (7,885)         (73)         (1,500)         (9,488)           Net capital assets         2,128         12         909         3,049           Promissory note receivable         -         307,240         108,283         415,523           Other         -         7,438         109,192         426,010           Total noncurrent assets         2,128         314,800         109,192         426,010           Total assets         120,251         486,284         165,085         771,620           Deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         547         171         382         1,107           Total deferred outflows of resources         547         171         382         1,107           Other post indibilit				7 14	
Capital assets – equipment         10,013         85         2,409         12,507           Less: Accumulated depreciation Net capital assets         2,128         12         909         3,049           Promissory note receivable Other         -         307,240         108,283         415,523           Other         -         7,438         -         7,438           Total noncurrent assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total assets of resources         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Peferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         547         171         382         1,107           Penefits claims payable         547         171         382         1,100           Other a	• •			55 893	
Less: Accumulated depreciation         (7,885)         (73)         (1,500)         (9,458)           Net capital assets         2,128         12         909         3,049           Promissory note receivable         -         307,240         108,283         415,523           Other         -         7,438         -         7,438           Total noncurrent assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Deferred outflows of resources         5541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         5541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         5541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         5541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         2.797         -         -         2.797           Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         43,958           Accr					
Net capital assets         2,128         12         909         3,049           Promissory note receivable         -         307,240         108,283         415,523           Other         -         7,438         -         7,438           Total noncurrent assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total assets         120,251         486,284         165,085         771,620           Deferred outflows of resources           Deferred outflows on net pension liability         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Current liabilities           Vouchers and contracts payable         547         171         382         1,100           Other accrued liabilities         2,458         6         2         2,797         2,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         <	·	,		*	*
Promissory note receivable         -         307,240         108,283         415,523           Other         -         7,438         -         7,438           Total noncurrent assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total assets         120,251         486,284         165,085         771,620           Deferred outflows of resources           Deferred outflows on net pension liability         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Liabilities         8         547         171         \$ 382         \$ 1,107           Vouchers and contracts payable         547         171         \$ 382         \$ 1,107           Other accrued liabilities         2,797         -         -         2,797           Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         4,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         8         9         0         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         20         205         159         573     <	•				
Other         7,438         -         7,438           Total noncurrent assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total assets         120,251         486,284         165,085         771,620           Deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Deferred outflows on ret pension liability         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         5547         171         \$382         \$1,007           Vouchers and contracts payable         \$547         \$171         \$382         \$1,100           Other accrued liabilities         2,797         -         -         2,797           Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         4,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         51,849         261         425         52,535           Noncurrent liabilities         209         205         159         573         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393	•	, - -	307 240		,
Total noncurrent assets         2,128         314,690         109,192         426,010           Total assets         120,251         486,284         165,085         771,620           Deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Liabilities           Current liabilities           Vouchers and contracts payable         547         171         382         1,100           Other accrued liabilities         2,797         -         -         2,797           Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         4,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         43,958           Accrued vacation, current liabilities         51,849         205         159         573           Noncurrent liabilities         209         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         3,379         4,456	•	-			
Total assets         120,251         486,284         165,085         771,620           Deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         \$ 541         262         274         \$ 1,077           Liabilities         8 541         262         274         \$ 1,077           Liabilities         8 8         547         \$ 171         \$ 382         \$ 1,100           Vouchers and contracts payable         \$ 547         \$ 171         \$ 382         \$ 1,100           Other accrued liabilities         2,797         -         -         2,797           Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         4,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         51,849         261         425         52,535           Noncurrent liabilities         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Accrued vacation         209         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393	Total noncurrent assets	2,128	314,690	109,192	
Deferred outflows of resources         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         \$ 541         \$ 262         \$ 274         \$ 1,077           Liabilities           Current liabilities           Current liabilities         \$ 547         \$ 171         \$ 382         \$ 1,100           Other accrued liabilities         \$ 2,797         \$ 2         \$ 2,797           Benefits claims payable         \$ 4,458         \$ 5         \$ 2         \$ 2,797           Benefits claims payable         \$ 4,458         \$ 5         \$ 2         \$ 2,797         \$ 2         \$ 2,797         \$ 2         \$ 2,797         \$ 2         \$ 2,797         \$ 3         \$ 2,279         \$ 2         \$ 2,797         \$ 3         \$ 2,299         \$ 2,509         \$ 43,958         \$ 2         \$ 2,797         \$ 2         \$ 2,797         \$ 3         \$ 2,299         \$ 2,509         \$ 43,958         \$ 2         \$ 2,509         \$ 2,509         \$ 2,509         \$ 2,509         \$ 2,509         \$ 2,509         \$ 2,509         \$ 2,672         \$ 2,672         \$ 2,797         \$ 3,958         \$ 2,672         \$ 2,779         \$ 3,958         \$ 2,672         \$ 2,672         \$ 2,672         \$ 2,672 </td <td>Total assets</td> <td>120,251</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Total assets	120,251			
Deferred outflows on net pension liability         541         262         274         1,077           Total deferred outflows of resources         \$541         \$262         \$274         \$1,077           Liabilities           Current liabilities         \$547         \$171         \$382         \$1,100           Other accrued liabilities         2,797         -         -         2,797           Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         4,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         209         205         159         573         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015         7,015         4,661         7,015         4,661         1,095         64,784         1,095         64,784         1,095         1,095         64,784         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095         1,095	Deferred outflows of resources		<del></del>		<del></del>
Liabilities           Current liabilities           Vouchers and contracts payable         \$ 547         \$ 171         \$ 382         \$ 1,100           Other accrued liabilities         2,797         -         -         2,797           Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         4,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         51,849         261         425         52,535           Noncurrent liabilities         51,849         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,933         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources           Deferred inflows on net pension liability         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         Net position         383         55         657         1,095		541	262	274	1,077
Current liabilities         \$ 547         \$ 171         \$ 382         \$ 1,100           Other accrued liabilities         2,797         -         -         2,797           Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         4,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         51,849         261         425         52,535           Noncurrent liabilities         209         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources           Deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           <	Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 541	\$ 262	\$ 274	\$ 1,077
Current liabilities         \$ 547         \$ 171         \$ 382         \$ 1,100           Other accrued liabilities         2,797         -         -         2,797           Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         4,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         51,849         261         425         52,535           Noncurrent liabilities         209         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources           Deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           <	Liabilitios				
Vouchers and contracts payable         \$ 547         \$ 171         \$ 382         \$ 1,100           Other accrued liabilities         2,797         -         -         2,797           Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         -         4,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         51,849         261         425         52,535           Noncurrent liabilities         209         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources           Deferred inflows on net pension liability         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         2,127         11         908					
Benefits claims payable         4,458         -         -         4,458           Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         51,849         261         425         52,535           Noncurrent liabilities         209         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         -         60,436		\$ 547	\$ 171	\$ 382	\$ 1,100
Accrued vacation, current portion         89         90         43         222           Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         51,849         261         425         52,535           Noncurrent liabilities         209         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         -         60,436		,	-	-	,
Premiums payable         43,958         -         -         43,958           Total current liabilities         51,849         261         425         52,535           Noncurrent liabilities         209         205         159         573           Accrued vacation         209         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         -         60,436				<u>-</u>	
Total current liabilities         51,849         261         425         52,535           Noncurrent liabilities         209         205         159         573           Accrued vacation         209         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         -         60,436	•		90	43	
Noncurrent liabilities         209         205         159         573           Accrued vacation         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Net pension liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources           Deferred inflows on net pension liability         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         -         60,436					
Accrued vacation         209         205         159         573           Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources           Deferred inflows on net pension liability         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         -         60,436		51,849	261	425	52,535
Net pension liability         3,279         2,393         1,343         7,015           Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources           Deferred inflows on net pension liability         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         -         60,436		200	205	450	F70
Other postemployment benefit liability         2,509         1,407         745         4,661           Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources           Deferred inflows on net pension liability         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         Value of the color of					
Total liabilities         57,846         4,266         2,672         64,784           Deferred inflows of resources           Deferred inflows on net pension liability         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         Value         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         -         60,436	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	,	,
Deferred inflows on net pension liability         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position           Net investment in capital assets         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         60,436					
Deferred inflows on net pension liability         383         55         657         1,095           Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position           Net investment in capital assets         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         60,436					
Total deferred inflows of resources         383         55         657         1,095           Net position         Net investment in capital assets         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         60,436		202	<b>5</b> 5	657	1.005
Net position         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         -         60,436	·				
Net investment in capital assets         2,127         11         908         3,046           Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         60,436				031	1,095
Restricted for bond requirements and other         -         482,214         161,122         643,336           Unrestricted         60,436         -         -         60,436	•	2 127	11	ans	3.046
Unrestricted <u>60,436</u> - <u>-</u> <u>60,436</u>	•				-,
Total net position \$ 62,563 \$ 482,225 \$ 162,030 \$ 706,818		60,436		-	,
	Total net position	\$ 62,563	\$ 482,225	\$ 162,030	\$ 706,818

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

## State of Hawaii Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	Employer- Union Trust Fund	Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund	Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Operating revenues Administrative fees Premium revenue – self insurance Increase in premium reserves Other Total operating revenues	\$ - 73,141 36,527 170 109,838	\$ 1,142 - - 2,040 3,182	\$ 2,292 - - 331 2,623	\$ 3,434 73,141 36,527 2,541 115,643
Operating expenses Personnel services Depreciation Repairs and maintenance General administration Claims Other	3,799 1,365 31 2,375 78,890 8,944	1,846 11 - 271 - 6,147	1,493 194 91 1,978	7,138 1,570 122 4,624 78,890 19,865
Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)	95,404 14,434	8,275 (5,093)	8,530 (5,907)	112,209 3,434
Nonoperating revenues Interest and investment income Gain (loss) before capital contributions Capital contributions	225 14,659	591 (4,502) 12,581 8,079	243 (5,664) 21,036 15,372	1,059 4,493 33,617
Change in net position  Net position  Beginning of year, as previously reported Adjustment for change in accounting principle Beginning of year, as restated End of year	51,129 (3,225) 47,904 \$ 62,563	476,502 (2,356) 474,146 \$ 482,225	147,644 (986) 146,658 \$ 162,030	38,110 675,275 (6,567) 668,708 \$ 706,818

## State of Hawaii Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	mployer- Union ust Fund		er Pollution Control olving Fund	Tr Re	king Water reatment evolving oan Fund		al Nonmajor roprietary Funds
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from employer and employee for premiums and benefits Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees Cash paid for premiums and benefits payable Net cash used in operating activities	\$ 522,997 (4,240) (809) (536,452) (18,504)	\$	(196) (1,684) - (1,880)	\$	(2,281) (1,444) - (3,725)	\$	522,997 (6,717) (3,937) (536,452) (24,109)
Cash flows from capital financing activities Purchase of equipment	(57)		-		(443)		(500)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities State capital contributions Proceeds from federal operating grants Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	- - -	_	2,200 10,194 12,394		1,825 18,980 20,805	_	4,025 29,174 33,199
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of investments Principal repayments on notes receivable Disbursement of notes receivable proceeds Interest income from notes receivable Administrative loan fees Interest from and change in fair value of investments	(5,852) - - - - - 225		27,042 (26,669) 2,118 1,154 533		6,475 (48,376) 318 2,241 244		(5,852) 33,517 (75,045) 2,436 3,395 1,002
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 (5,627)		4,178		(39,098)	_	(40,547)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 (24,188)	_	14,692		(22,461)		(31,957)
Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted amounts Beginning of year	 30,180		128,693		69,443		228,316
End of year	\$ 5,992	\$	143,385	\$	46,982	\$	196,359
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	\$ 14,434	\$	(5,093)	\$	(5,907)	\$	3,434
net cash used in operating activities Depreciation Premium reserves held by insurance companies Principal forgiveness of loan Interest income from loans Administrative loan fees Pension expense Change in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities	1,365 (35,170) - - - - -		11 - 6,359 (2,040) (1,142) 85		194 - 4,247 (331) (2,292) 507		1,570 (35,170) 10,606 (2,371) (3,434) 592
and deferred inflows Receivables Prepaid and other expenses Net deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions Vouchers and contracts payable Net pension liability Other post employment benefits liability Other accrued liabilities	(4,799) 7 (157) 411 56 609 4,231		21 - (255) 31 - 143		(44) - (193) (105) - 145 54		(4,822) 7 (605) 337 56 897 4,285
Benefits claim payable	 509		-			_	509
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (18,504)	\$	(1,880)	\$	(3,725)	\$	(24,109)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

## State of Hawaii Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds June 30, 2015

(Amounts in thousands)

			Total				
	Co	Tax ollections	Custodial		Other		Agency Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,275	\$	157,081	\$	14,855	\$ 181,211
Receivables – taxes		-		-		47,694	47,694
Investments		42,256		407,191		66,033	515,480
Other assets, primarily due from							
individuals, businesses and counties		10,085		98,705		_	108,790
Total assets	\$	61,616	\$	662,977	\$	128,582	\$ 853,175
Liabilities							
Vouchers payable	\$	61,616	\$	5	\$	98	\$ 61,719
Due to individuals, businesses and counties		-		662,972		128,484	791,456
Total liabilities	\$	61,616	\$	662,977	\$	128,582	\$ 853,175

State of Hawaii
Fiduciary Funds
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2015
(Amounts in thousands)

	Balance July 1, 2014 Additions				Deductions			Balance June 30, 2015	
Tax collections									
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from individuals, businesses and counties Investments	\$	4,836 18,653 35,463	\$	8,132,224 8,123,657 42,256	\$	(8,127,785) (8,132,225) (35,463)	\$	9,275 10,085 42,256	
Total assets	\$	58,952	\$	16,298,137	\$	(16,295,473)	\$	61,616	
Liabilities Vouchers payable	\$	58,952	\$	61,616	\$	(58,952)	\$	61,616	
Total liabilities	\$	58,952	\$	61,616	\$	(58,952)	\$	61,616	
<b>Custodial</b> Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents  Due from individuals, businesses and counties  Investments	\$	223,561 73,614 317,948	\$	4,463,577 418,335 378,781	\$	(4,530,057) (393,244) (289,538)	\$	157,081 98,705 407,191	
Total assets	\$	615,123	\$	5,260,693	\$	(5,212,839)	\$	662,977	
Liabilities Vouchers payable Due to individuals, businesses and counties	\$	- 615,123	\$	5 4,505,674	\$	- (4,457,825)	\$	5 662,972	
Total liabilities	\$	615,123	\$	4,505,679	\$	(4,457,825)	\$	662,977	
Other Assets Cook and each equivalents	æ	10 706	æ	43,099	\$	(39.050)	\$	14 055	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Investments	\$	10,706 41,694 76,370	\$	47,694 66,033	<b>Ф</b>	(38,950) (41,694) (76,370)	Φ 	14,855 47,694 66,033	
Total assets	\$	128,770	\$	156,826	\$	(157,014)	\$	128,582	
Liabilities Vouchers payable Due to individuals, businesses and counties	\$	1,660 127,110	\$	98 49,100	\$	(1,660) (47,726)	\$	98 128,484	
Total liabilities	\$	128,770	\$	49,198	\$	(49,386)	\$	128,582	
Total – All agency funds Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Due from individuals, businesses and counties Investments	\$	239,103 41,694 92,267 429,781	\$	12,638,900 47,694 8,541,992 487,070	\$	(12,696,792) (41,694) (8,525,469) (401,371)	\$	181,211 47,694 108,790 515,480	
Total assets	\$	802,845	\$	21,715,656	\$	(21,665,326)	\$	853,175	
Liabilities Vouchers payable Due to individuals, businesses and counties	\$	60,612 742,233	\$	61,719 4,554,774	\$	(60,612) (4,505,551)	\$	61,719 791,456	
Total liabilities	\$	802,845	\$	4,616,493	\$	(4,566,163)	\$	853,175	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.



### State of Hawaii Statistical Section (Unaudited) June 30, 2015

This Part of the State's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information on the State's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
<b>Financial Trends Information:</b> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the State's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	140–149
<b>Revenue Capacity Information:</b> These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the State's most significant local revenue sources, the general excise tax and net income tax.	150–157
<b>Debt Capacity Information:</b> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the State's current levels of outstanding debt and the State's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	158–164
<b>Demographic and Economic Information:</b> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the State's financial activities take place.	165–167
<b>Operating Information:</b> These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the State's financial report relates to the services provided and the activities performed by the State.	168–173

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

## State of Hawaii Financial Trends Information Net Position by Component (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

					Fiscal Year	End	led June 30,
	2015	2014		2013	2012		2011
Governmental activities							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,826,649	\$ 2,772,220	\$	2,863,379	\$ 2,794,481	\$	3,326,245
Restricted	1,445,824	1,128,678		1,051,548	930,294		917,730
Unrestricted	(7,379,890)	(3,096,065)	_	(2,669,391)	(2,394,874)		(2,384,187)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ (3,107,417)	\$ 804,833	\$	1,245,536	\$ 1,329,901	\$	1,859,788
Business-type activities							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,773,613	\$ 1,653,902	\$	1,599,483	\$ 1,560,267	\$	1,476,136
Restricted	1,227,441	1,160,551		1,068,146	966,042		956,894
Unrestricted	995,207	1,050,981		899,740	 649,583		579,383
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 3,996,261	\$ 3,865,434	\$	3,567,369	\$ 3,175,892	\$	3,012,413
Primary government	 _	_		_	 		_
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,600,262	\$ 4,426,122	\$	4,462,862	\$ 4,354,748	\$	4,802,381
Restricted	2,673,265	2,289,229		2,119,694	1,896,336		1,874,624
Unrestricted	(6,384,683)	(2,045,084)		(1,769,651)	(1,745,291)		(1,804,804)
Total primary government net position	\$ 888,844	\$ 4,670,267	\$	4,812,905	\$ 4,505,793	\$	4,872,201

Notes: Amounts prior to fiscal 2014 have not been restated for GASB Statement No. 65.

Amounts prior to fiscal 2015 have not been restated for GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71.

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$ 3,118,606 655,238 (1,306,716)	\$ 3,298,144 641,031 (471,543)	\$ 3,987,244 909,877 121,480	\$ 3,597,174 569,006 1,578,412	\$ 3,709,504 1,285,902 1,267,569
\$ 2,467,128	\$ 3,467,632	\$ 5,018,601	\$ 5,744,592	\$ 6,262,975
\$ 1,469,676 922,846 493,163	\$ 1,527,018 782,569 597,624	\$ 1,458,305 730,061 1,013,447	\$ 1,278,608 655,055 1,304,586	\$ 1,272,249 217,478 1,150,363
\$ 2,885,685	\$ 2,907,211	\$ 3,201,813	\$ 3,238,249	\$ 2,640,090
\$ 4,588,282 1,578,084 (813,553)	\$ 4,825,162 1,423,600 126,081	\$ 5,445,549 1,639,938 1,134,927	\$ 4,875,782 1,224,061 2,882,998	\$ 4,981,753 1,503,380 2,417,932
\$ 5,352,813	\$ 6,374,843	\$ 8,220,414	\$ 8,982,841	\$ 8,903,065

## State of Hawaii Financial Trends Information Changes in Net Position (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 3									led June 30.
		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
Expenses	· ·	_		_						
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	595,278	\$	567,941	\$	531,839	\$	552,788	\$	535,434
Public safety		504,343		533,727		451,946		502,002		471,459
Highways		426,142		554,039		490,091		516,924		450,548
Conservation of natural resources		89,176		101,587		52,208		96,349		89,021
Health		871,563		849,493		813,190		773,288		816,525
Welfare		3,196,602		2,879,813		2,798,053		2,464,582		2,553,829
Lower education		2,729,789		2,685,037		2,592,125		2,598,444		2,545,980
Higher education		761,837		693,292		654,611		672,716		707,381
Other education		21,664		21,766		20,086		16,753		14,018
Culture and recreation		84,265		104,303		94,679		111,628		108,697
Urban redevelopment and housing		115,653		137,160		173,677		23,888		66,144
Economic development and assistance		179,485		166,455		172,602		209,460		238,315
Interest expense	_	247,059	_	239,760	_	241,677	_	243,938		239,836
Total governmental activities expenses		9,822,856		9,534,373		9,086,784		8,782,760	_	8,837,187
Business-type activities										
Airports		350,041		346,699		366,918		353,541		354,368
Harbors		87,031		89,327		90,548		84,826		80,355
Unemployment compensation		186,893		244,947		336,931		468,610		561,548
Nonmajor proprietary funds	_	112,209		87,031		66,119	_	169,166		250,346
Total business-type activities expenses		736,174		768,004		860,516		1,076,143		1,246,617
Total primary government expenses	\$	10,559,030	\$	10,302,377	\$	9,947,300	\$	9,858,903	\$	10,083,804
Program revenues										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services										
General government	\$	248,915	\$	223,066	\$	267,081	\$	266,878	\$	270,078
Health		136,547		130,338		56,963		32,339		46,215
Other		314,099		287,937		170,603		121,928		112,479
Operating grants and contributions		2,809,460		2,660,770		2,589,537		2,370,437		2,837,464
Capital grants and contributions	_	139,977	_	97,290	_	96,184	_	97,322	_	132,825
Total governmental activities program revenues	_	3,648,998	_	3,399,401	_	3,180,368	_	2,888,904	_	3,399,061
Business-type activities										
Charges for services										
Airports		434,489		404,442		431,708		343,279		387,484
Unemployment compensation		239,375		353,546		507,096		533,963		535,243
Others		238,852		203,979		215,243		272,317		341,707
Capital grants and contributions		72,140		98,628		64,313	_	85,899	_	75,324
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	984,856	_	1,060,595	_	1,218,360	_	1,235,458	_	1,339,758
Total primary government program revenues	\$	4,633,854	\$	4,459,996	\$	4,398,728	\$	4,124,362	\$	4,738,819
Net (expense) revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(6,173,858)	\$	(6,134,972)	\$	(5,906,416)	\$	(5,893,856)	\$	(5,438,126)
Business-type activities	_	248,682	_	292,591	_	357,844	_	159,315	_	93,141
Total primary government net expenses	\$	(5,925,176)	\$	(5,842,381)	\$	(5,548,572)	\$	(5,734,541)	\$	(5,344,985)

Notes: Amounts prior to fiscal 2014 have not been restated for GASB Statement No. 65.

Amounts prior to fiscal 2015 have not been restated for GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71.

_	2010		2009		2008		2007		2006
_		_		_		_		_	.==
\$	421,327	\$	564,356	\$	548,439	\$	541,889	\$	455,008
	538,110		464,897		414,463		378,409		336,362
	466,322		487,391		490,754		385,267		646,336
	81,561		119,705		74,411		68,745		76,490
	858,476		843,826		895,413		833,669		690,265
	2,348,190		2,140,202		1,877,188		1,773,505		1,709,526
	2,616,768 700,335		2,656,592 878,126		2,385,056 815,116		2,288,641 759,777		2,151,891 678,338
	14,034		29,935		23,206		21,127		19,183
	108,247		106,583		107,676		92,444		98,121
	100,247		145,710		187,861		73,991		87,789
	209,611		158,808		157,421		148,164		215,578
	210,243		127,576		140,032		118,708		172,673
_	8,674,729		8,723,707	_	8,117,036	_	7,484,336	_	7,337,560
_	0,017,120	-	0,120,101	_	0,117,000	_	7,404,000		7,007,000
	336,127		347,089		354,554		329,942		292,086
	68,291		124,611		80,344		76,830		61,408
	686,141		437,553		159,098		112,411		105,786
	256,205		38,672	22,619			4,871		2,587
	1,346,764		947,925	616,615		_	524,054		461,867
\$	10,021,493	\$	9,671,632	\$	8,733,651	\$	8,008,390	\$	7,799,427
÷		_				_		_	
\$	231,629	\$	206,431	\$	203,336	\$	168,877	\$	136,113
	98,547		99,788		102,032		98,681		132,360
	111,295		119,126		101,390		110,942		131,143
	2,598,141		2,260,551		1,887,298		1,820,886		1,726,217
_	144,445	_	145,771	_	130,643	_	75,697	_	279,323
_	3,184,057	_	2,831,667	_	2,424,699	_	2,275,083	_	2,405,156
	324,577		290,464		266,820		256,843		251,678
	486,476		169,976		87,486		138,070		181,146
	344,889		84,692		95,013		93,650		86,360
	98,099		103,195		81,967		148,597		81,145
_	1,254,041		648,327		531,286	_	637,160		600,329
\$	4,438,098	\$	3,479,994	\$	2,955,985	\$	2,912,243	\$	3,005,485
Ψ.	., .55,556	Ť	-, 0,001	Ť	_,000,000	Ÿ	_,0,_ 10	Ť	2,000,.00
\$	(5,490,672)	\$	(5,892,040)	\$	(5,692,337)	\$	(5,209,253)	\$	(4,932,404)
+	(92,723)	7	(299,598)	-	(85,329)	7	113,106	-	138,462
\$	(5,583,395)	\$	(6,191,638)	\$	(5,777,666)	\$	(5,096,147)	\$	(4,793,942)
_		_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_			<u> </u>

(continued)

## State of Hawaii Financial Trends Information Changes in Net Position (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ended								ed June 30,	
		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
General revenues and other changes in net position										
Governmental activities										
Taxes										
General excise tax	\$	3,021,418	\$	2,816,346	\$	2,991,792	\$	2,774,636	\$	2,507,980
Net income tax – corporations and individuals		2,073,015		1,840,890		1,795,683		1,633,085		1,477,624
Public service companies tax		163,481		166,179		163,930		150,528		117,940
Transient accommodations tax		202,345		188,721		186,377		138,529		60,839
Tobacco and liquor tax		165,137		155,990		161,066		170,824		173,851
Liquid fuel tax		88,449		88,707		87,645		88,842		91,265
Tax on premiums of insurance companies		147,767		139,074		133,585		119,472		140,586
Vehicle weight and registration tax		125,113		124,686		121,605		98,187		59,476
Rental motor/tour vehicle surcharge tax		51,941		42,853		52,112		106,417		43,892
Franchise tax		19,930		38,983		22,673		7,229		33,682
Other tax		76,222		96,131		80,081		70,873		67,799
Interest and investment income		16,024		13,163		25,502		5,347		55,852
Other										_
Total governmental activities		6,150,842		5,711,723		5,822,051		5,363,969	_	4,830,786
Business-type activities										
Interest and investment income		17,567		12,805		14,633		4,164		33,587
Other						19,000				
Total business-type activities		17,567		12,805		33,633		4,164		33,587
Total primary government	\$	6,168,409	\$	5,724,528	\$	5,855,684	\$	5,368,133	\$	4,864,373
Changes in net position										
Governmental activities	\$	(23,016)	\$	(423,249)	\$	(84,365)	\$	(529,887)	\$	(607,340)
Business-type activities		266,249		305,396		391,477		163,479		126,728
Total primary government	\$	243,233	\$	(117,853)	\$	307,112	\$	(366,408)	\$	(480,612)

Note: Amounts prior to fiscal 2014 have not been restated for GASB Statement No. 65.

Amounts prior to fiscal 2015 have not been restated for GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71.

	2010		2009		2008	_	2007		2006
\$	2,279,310	\$	2,410,756	\$	2,597,121	\$	2,659,339	\$	2,359,316
	1,408,965		1,366,576		1,634,117		1,620,452		1,675,131
	157,661		126,069		127,481		124,017		120,678
	32,635		14,408		17,756		7,382		124,133
	149,596		135,388		134,886		131,813		134,216
	82,780		88,006		90,123		87,179		84,719
	105,848		95,181		96,332		96,385		89,778
	58,659		59,392		60,842		59,422		56,101
	40,401		39,751		49,196		49,479		45,885
	20,666		28,075		20,213		19,012		18,324
	32,165		19,215		26,149		27,523		46,850
	124,516		(42,051)		112,024		102,295		99,546
_	(3,034)	_	305		106				-
_	4,490,168	_	4,341,071		4,966,346		4,984,298	_	4,854,677
	68,950		4,639		48,893		82,046		40,122
									-
_	68,950		4,639		48,893		82,046		40,122
\$	4,559,118	\$	4,345,710	\$	5,015,239	\$	5,066,344	\$	4,894,799
\$	(1,000,504)	\$	(1,550,969)	\$	(725,991)	\$	(224,955)	\$	(77,727)
_	(23,773)	Ψ	(294,959)	_	(36,436)	_	195,152	Ψ	178,584
\$	(1,024,277)	\$	(1,845,928)	\$	(762,427)	\$	(29,803)	\$	100,857

(concluded)

## State of Hawaii Financial Trends Information Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

							Fiscal Year	Ende	ed June 30,
		2015		2014		2013	2012		2011
General Fund									
Reserved		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
Unreserved		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
Total General Fund		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
All other governmental funds									
Reserved		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
Unreserved, reported in		NI/A		NI/A		NI/A	N1/A		N1/A
Capital projects fund	N/A		N/A N/A			N/A N/A	N/A N/A		N/A N/A
Special revenue funds	N/A		-		_				
Total all other governmental funds		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A
General Fund (under GASB 54)									
Assigned fund balance	\$	205,242	\$	256,483	\$	271,020	\$ 236,779	\$	210,164
Unassigned fund balance		1,384,053		1,079,180		1,154,253	570,659		346,882
Total General Fund	\$	1,589,295	\$	1,335,663	\$	1,425,273	\$ 807,438	\$	557,046
All other governmental funds (under GASB 54)									
Restricted fund balance	\$	25,370	\$	27,145	\$	21,854	\$ 109	\$	21,582
Committed fund balance		449,290		497,932		486,240	518,374		600,125
Assigned fund balance		1,009,503		739,279		612,762	532,466		339,337
Unassigned fund balance		(576,980)		(588,405)		(611,097)	(408,575)		(766,665)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	907,183	\$	675,951	\$	509,759	\$ 642,374	\$	194,379

**Note:** Beginning fiscal year 2011, the fund balance categories were reclassified as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 54. Fund balance has not been restated for prior years.

N/A Not applicable

	2010		2009		2008	2007		2006	
\$	243,485 (210,551)	\$	272,557 (87,537)	\$	406,884 567,474	\$ 414,899 881,311	\$	249,581 1,013,988	
\$	32,934	\$	185,020	\$	974,358	\$ 1,296,210	\$	1,263,569	
\$	2,275,968	\$	2,801,012	\$	2,344,961	\$ 1,643,345	\$	1,851,194	
	(1,651,855) 293,625		(2,019,696) 255,844		(1,788,357) 410,265	 (1,111,924) 556,963	_	(878,164) 637,664	
\$	917,738	\$	1,037,160	\$	966,869	\$ 1,088,384	\$	1,610,694	
	N/A N/A N/A		N/A N/A N/A	_	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	_	N/A N/A N/A	
	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A		N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A		N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A		N/A N/A N/A N/A
_	N/A	_	N/A	_	N/A	 N/A		N/A	

# State of Hawaii Financial Trends Information Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts in thousands)

						Fiscal Year	Fnd	ed June 30,
	_	2015		2014	2013	2012		2011
Revenues								
Taxes								
General excise tax	\$	3,021,418	\$	2,816,346	\$ 2,991,792	\$ 2,774,636	\$	2,507,980
Net income tax – corporations and individuals	•	2,047,327		1,840,963	1,804,409	1,633,412		1,473,188
Public service companies tax		163,481		166,179	163,930	150,528		117,940
Transient accommodations tax		202,345		188,721	186,377	138,529		60,839
Tobacco and liquor tax		165,137		155,990	161,066	170,824		173,851
Liquid fuel tax		88,449		88,707	87,645	88,842		91,265
Tax on premiums of insurance companies		147,767		139,074	133,585	119,472		140,586
Vehicle weight and registration tax		125,113		124,686	121,605	98,187		59,476
Rental motor/tour vehicle surcharge tax		51,941		42,853	52,112	106,417		43,892
Franchise tax		19,930		38,983	22,673	7,229		33,682
Other		76,222		96,131	80,079	70,873		67,799
Total taxes		6,109,130		5,698,633	 5,805,273	 5,358,949		4,770,498
Interest and investment income (loss)		16,024		13,163	25,502	5,347		55,854
Charges for current services		384,380		363,791	369,269	337,765		348,108
Intergovernmental		2,803,989		2,650,876	2,372,480	2,238,639		2,567,266
Rentals		31,127		31,846	28,633	25,421		23,319
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		37,201		33,087	36,802	35,083		34,712
Licenses and fees		42,463		47,209	46,839	46,390		41,557
Revenues from private sources		121,366		112,916	104,670	65,085		54,857
Other		191,472		173,483	235,516	152,091		343,318
Total revenues		9,737,152		9,125,004	9,024,984	8,264,770		8,239,489
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		573,820		543.129	408,538	487,596		487,848
Public safety		484,960		519,954	432,024	454,957		423,716
Highways		455,563		403,559	418,991	414,629		376,780
Conservation of natural resources		145,516		108,703	92,601	98,428		93,600
Health		855,797		828,088	779,755	729,841		757,482
Welfare		3,192,807		2,945,370	2,773,241	2,443,936		2,526,743
Lower education		2,619,156		2,603,774	2,358,763	2,330,130		2,208,303
Higher education		761,837		693,292	654,611	672,716		707,380
Other education		21,664		21,766	20,086	16,753		14,018
Culture and recreation		96,676		107,846	107,940	109,974		117,306
Urban redevelopment and housing		71,384		65,228	66,243	48,484		73,789
Economic development and assistance		176,919		158,379	157,468	147,445		158,104
Housing		48,565		63,683	112,614	46,133		61,352
Other		15,179		29,818	32,716	12,108		12,223
Debt service								
Principal		444,791		458,983	399,382	313,721		191,244
Interest and others		289,524		278,315	288,267	274,039		266,737
Total expenditures		10,254,158		9,829,887	9,103,240	8,600,890		8,476,625
Excess of expenditures								·
over revenues	_	(517,006)	_	(704,883)	(78,256)	(336,120)		(237,136)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from borrowing and refunding		1,518,709		948,190	1,066,848	1,600,308		_
Payments to escrow agent		(516,839)		(185,560)	(503,372)	(565,801)		_
Transfers in		1,171,272		1,066,780	1,033,917	950,717		921,433
Transfers out		(1,171,272)		(1,066,780)	(1,033,917)	(950,717)		(921,433)
Other		-		18,835	 -	 -		37,889
Total other financing sources		1,001,870	_	781,465	563,476	1,034,507		37,889
Net change in fund balances	\$	484,864	\$	76,582	\$ 485,220	\$ 698,387	\$	(199,247)

	2010		2009		2008		2007		2006
\$ :	2,279,310	\$	2,410,756	\$	2,597,121	\$	2,632,485	\$	2,359,316
	1,408,965	•	1,373,893	•	1,637,265	•	1,618,570	•	1,664,331
	157,661		126,069		127,481		124,017		120,678
	32,635		14,408		17,756		7,382		124,133
	149,596		135,388		134,886		131,813		134,216
	82,780		88,006		90,123		87,179		84,719
	105,848		95,181		96,332		96,385		89,778
	58,659		59,392		60,842		59,422		56,101
	40,401		39,751		49,196		49,479		48,092
	20,666		28,075		20,213		2,000		18,324
	32,165	_	19,215	_	26,149	_	44,535		46,850
	4,368,686	_	4,390,134	_	4,857,364	_	4,853,267	_	4,746,538
	124,518		(42,051)		115,247		122,606		82,013
	364,893		357,078		341,371		318,235		343,424
	2,432,369		2,090,058		1,807,376		1,727,895		1,601,005
	19,712		21,107		20,152		21,639		32,493
	35,982		33,888		32,618		28,488		26,827
	36,641		33,324		31,731		30,837		29,364
	57,850		63,401		59,508		39,401		39,647
	182,367		246,369	_	131,291	_	7 200 042	_	128,283
	7,623,018	_	7,193,308	_	7,396,658	_	7,269,812	_	7,029,594
	436,290		597,210		537,541		458,236		493,301
	457,058		435,414		411,152		376,032		322,578
	442,971		442,421		406,795		337,862		267,213
	88,873		120,693		103,596		107,578		86,628
	801,923		798,026		863,914		832,333		685,679
	2,315,726		2,119,481		1,857,473		1,770,707		1,709,810
	2,325,066		2,454,668		2,201,901		2,305,280		1,984,129
	700,335		878,127		815,116		759,777		678,338
	14,033		29,912		23,206		20,122		19,183
	108,536		107,302		110,404		92,574		87,478
	115,796		179,819		255,783		170,614		60,725
	166,320 24,153		169,547		149,075		147,146		215,559
	4,460		1,909 1,175		5,880		7,248		4,634
	170.004		204.004		024 470		274 040		247.025
	179,624 248,551		204,604 197,118		231,478 247,257		271,010 231,723		247,935 199,642
	8,429,715	_	8,737,426	_	8,220,571		7,888,242	_	7,062,832
			·						
	(806,697)		(1,544,118)		(823,913)	_	(618,430)	_	(33,238)
	1,150,482		1,174,768		445,687		395,303		367,585
	(619,708)		(349,697)		(29,510)		-		-
	721,810		761,393		803,456		796,195		499,655
	(721,810)		(761,393)		(803,456)		(796,195)		(499,655)
	4,415	_	-	_				_	
_	535,189	_	825,071	_	416,177	_	395,303	_	367,585
\$	(271,508)	\$	(719,047)	\$	(407,736)	\$	(223,127)	\$	334,347

			Fiscal Year Ended June 30,						
	2015	2014		2013		2012		2011	
Farm earnings	\$ 318	\$ 349	\$	243	\$	288	\$	288	
Nonfarm wage and salary worker Goods-producing industries									
Forestry, fishing-related activities and other	76	66		60		60		42	
Mining	41	37		39		35		33	
Construction	3,542	3,328		3,236		3,046		2,843	
Manufacturing – durable and nondurable goods	 878	833		804		767		768	
Subtotal goods – producing industries	4,537	4,264		4,139		3,908		3,686	
Service-producing industries									
Transportation, communication and utilities	2,424	2,316		2,178		1,889		1,783	
Trade	4,130	4,089		3,929		3,768		3,666	
Information	718	711		692		645		711	
Finance, insurance and real estate	3,110	3,267		2,752		2,329		2,081	
Service	17,608	17,126		16,423		15,438		15,075	
State and local government	6,426	6,089		5,873		5,425		5,327	
Federal government	 8,400	8,139		8,507		10,094		9,531	
Subtotal service-producing industries	 42,816	41,737		40,354		39,588		38,174	
Total nonfarm wage and salary worker	 47,353	46,001		44,493		43,496		41,860	
Other (1)	 19,092	18,270		18,473		16,144		15,981	
Total personal income	\$ 66,763	\$ 64,620	\$	63,209	\$	59,928	\$	58,129	
Total direct income tax rate (2)	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	

- (1) Includes dividends, interest, rental income, residence adjustment, government transfers to individuals, and deductions for social insurance.
- (2) The total direct rate for personal income is not available.

Source: State of Hawaii Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism –
Data Book and Quarterly Statistical and Economic Report (QSER)
Bureau of Economic Analysis – SQ5N Personal Income by major source and earnings by major NAICS industry.

N/A Not available.

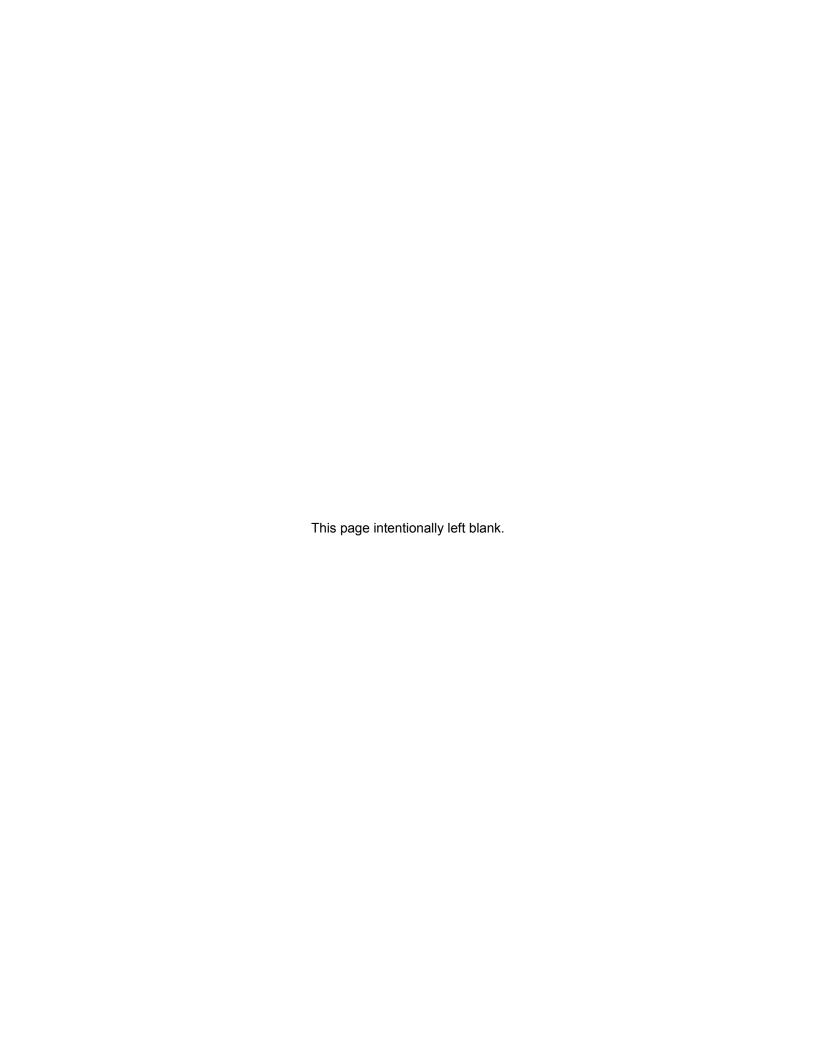
2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$ 250	\$ 232	\$ 220	\$ 213	\$ 210
45	36	47	42	53
51	44	45	55	53
2,598	2,714	3,271	3,188	3,004
766	807	 874	1,003	1,000
3,460	3,601	4,237	4,288	4,110
1,718	1,714	1,826	1,926	1,831
3,651	3,636	3,817	3,654	3,540
732	657	711	759	758
2,014	2,044	2,126	2,311	2,367
14,901	14,514	14,723	13,611	13,013
5,609	5,609	5,372	5,023	4,747
9,252	9,077	8,258	7,745	7,249
37,877	37,251	36,833	35,029	33,505
41,337	40,852	41,070	 39,317	37,615
14,661	13,329	12,891	10,601	9,514
\$ 56,248	\$ 54,413	\$ 54,181	\$ 50,131	\$ 47,339
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Top Income Tax Rate is Applied to Taxable Income in Excess of

				Married		
Vaar	Тор	Cinala	Top	Filing	Top	Head of
Year	Rate	Single	Rate	Jointly	Rate	Household
2015	11.00% + \$16,379	\$ 200,000	11.00% + \$32,757	\$ 400,000	11.00% + \$24,568	\$ 300,000
2014	11.00% + \$16,379	200,000	11.00% + \$32,757	400,000	11.00% + \$24,568	300,000
2013	11.00% + \$16,379	200,000	11.00% + \$32,757	400,000	11.00% + \$24,568	300,000
2012	11.00% + \$16,379	200,000	11.00% + \$32,757	400,000	11.00% + \$24,568	300,000
2011	11.00% + \$16,379	200,000	11.00% + \$32,757	400,000	11.00% + \$24,568	300,000
2010	11.00% + \$16,379	200,000	11.00% + \$32,757	400,000	11.00% + \$24,568	300,000
2009	11.00% + \$16,379	200,000	11.00% + \$32,757	400,000	11.00% + \$24,568	300,000
2008	8.25% + \$3,214	48,000	8.25% + \$6,427	96,000	8.25% + \$4,820	72,000
2007	8.25% + \$3,214	48,000	8.25% + \$6,427	96,000	8.25% + \$4,820	72,000
2006	8.25% + \$2,678	40,000	8.25% + \$5,356	80,000	8.25% + \$4,017	60,000

**Source:** State of Hawaii, Department of Taxation.

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			F	iscal Year End	ded June 30,
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Taxable sales by activities					
Retailing	\$ 29,987	\$ 31,152	\$ 29,636	\$ 29,095	\$ 25,887
Services	13,361	13,795	12,985	12,696	11,944
Contracting	7,322	7,046	7,547	6,253	5,687
Hotel rentals	4,328	4,279	3,871	3,431	3,024
All other rentals	6,544	6,472	6,377	6,154	5,999
All other (4%)	5,486	5,683_	5,337	5,160	4,825
Subtotal	67,028	68,427	65,753	62,789	57,366
Producing	321	436	399	401	370
Manufacturing	716	1,876	639	681	698
Wholesaling	14,294	14,675	14,430	14,442	13,121
Use (0.5%)	7,127	6,489	8,867	8,005	6,669
Services (intermediary)	716	1,096	628	653	577
Insurance solicitors	489	485	464	477	480
Subtotal	23,663	25,057	25,427	24,659	21,915
Total all activities	\$ 90,691	\$ 93,484	\$ 91,180	\$ 87,448	\$ 79,281

General excise and use tax is imposed on the gross income received by the business, as follows:

- 4% of sales of tangible personal property, services, contracting, theater amusement and broadcasting, commissions, transient accommodation rentals, other rentals, interest, and other business activities;
- 0.5% of sales from wholesaling, manufacturing, producing, wholesale services, and imports for resale;
- 0.15% on insurance producer commissions.

**Source:** State of Hawaii, Department of Taxation – Monthly Tax Collection Reports.

2010	2009		2008		2007		2006
\$ 23,919	\$ 24,318	\$	26,18	3	\$ 25,509	;	\$ 24,812
11,154	11,059		11,07	3	11,205		10,314
5,864	7,631		7,86	3	7,904		6,545
2,606	2,812		3,32	:1	3,480		3,251
5,778	6,094		5,81	8	5,814		5,445
4,360	4,375	_	5,23	8_	5,606	_	5,245
53,681	56,289		59,49	6	59,518	_	55,612
340	405		45	7	482		589
704	809		76	1	818		720
12,207	12,502		13,74	6	13,558		12,963
6,430	6,883		7,21	5	7,742		7,125
572	611		64	.9	718		563
502	535	_	54	4	617		551
20,755	21,745		23,37	2	23,935		22,511
\$ 74,436	\$ 78,034	(	82,86	8	\$ 83,453		\$ 78,123

### State of Hawaii Revenue Capacity Information Sales Tax Revenue Payers by Industry Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

									Fiscal Year E	nded June 30,
	20	15	20	14	20	13	20	12	20	11
	Tax Liability	Percentage of Total								
Retailing	\$ 1,199,488	39.4%	\$ 1,246,061	43.3%	\$ 1,185,446	40.3%	\$ 1,163,805	43.1%	\$ 1,035,465	41.5%
Services	534,442	17.5%	551,784	19.2%	519,419	17.6%	507,864	18.8%	477,753	19.3%
Contracting	292,874	9.6%	281,839	9.8%	301,875	10.3%	250,122	9.3%	227,497	9.1%
Theater, amusement, etc.	15,955	0.5%	15,619	0.5%	15,986	0.5%	15,776	0.6%	14,945	0.6%
Interest	1	0.0%	3	0.0%	3	0.0%	4	0.0%	74	0.0%
Commissions	45,619	1.5%	45,125	1.6%	42,064	1.4%	38,848	1.4%	36,574	1.5%
Hotel rentals	173,100	5.7%	171,162	5.9%	154,837	5.3%	137,222	5.1%	120,954	4.8%
All other rentals	261,743	8.6%	258,886	9.0%	255,074	8.7%	246,151	9.1%	239,944	9.6%
Use (4%)	39,884	1.3%	40,277	1.4%	41,015	1.4%	41,797	1.6%	37,316	1.5%
All other (4%)	118,014	3.9%	126,306	4.4%	114,396	3.9%	109,989	4.1%	104,073	4.2%
Pineapple canning	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Producing	1,605	0.1%	2,181	0.1%	1,997	0.1%	2,004	0.1%	1,850	0.1%
Manufacturing	3,581	0.1%	9,380	0.3%	3,194	0.1%	3,402	0.1%	3,488	0.1%
Wholesaling	71,471	2.3%	73,373	2.5%	72,149	2.4%	72,210	2.7%	65,608	2.6%
Use (0.5%)	35,634	1.2%	32,446	1.1%	44,337	1.5%	40,026	1.5%	33,347	1.3%
Services (Intermediary)	3,578	0.1%	5,480	0.2%	3,139	0.1%	3,265	0.1%	2,886	0.1%
Insurance solicitors	733	0.0%	728	0.0%	697	0.0%	716	0.0%	721	0.0%
Unallocated collections	250,484	8.2%	19,893	0.7%	188,859	6.4%	64,750	2.4%	93,312	3.7%
Total	\$ 3,048,206	100.0%	\$ 2,880,543	100.0%	\$ 2,944,487	100.0%	\$ 2,697,951	100.0%	\$ 2,495,807	100.0%

**Source:** State of Hawaii, Department of Taxation – Monthly Tax Collection Reports.

**Note:** Information for number of filers is not available

	2010		20	09	20	08		20	07	20	06
Tax Liabili		Percentage of Total	Tax Liability	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability	Percentage of Total		Tax Liability	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability	Percentage of Total
\$ 956,	,761	41.3%	\$ 972,728	40.1%	\$ 1,047,340	40.0%	\$	1,020,357	39.9%	\$ 992,472	42.1%
446,	142	19.3%	442,356	18.3%	442,909	17.0%		448,202	17.5%	412,576	17.5%
234,	562	10.1%	305,241	12.6%	314,538	12.0%		316,142	12.4%	261,804	11.1%
13,	,378	0.6%	13,557	0.6%	13,998	0.5%		13,588	0.5%	12,791	0.5%
	191	0.0%	339	0.0%	7,963	0.3%		13,818	0.5%	8,937	0.4%
33,	,024	1.4%	35,230	1.5%	42,500	1.6%		52,101	2.0%	55,306	2.4%
104,	,260	4.5%	112,484	4.6%	132,841	5.1%		139,186	5.5%	130,048	5.5%
231,	123	10.0%	243,762	10.1%	232,718	8.9%		232,539	9.1%	217,799	9.3%
34,	484	1.5%	34,088	1.4%	39,034	1.5%		37,548	1.5%	38,144	1.6%
93,	,327	4.0%	91,761	3.8%	106,040	4.0%		107,196	4.2%	94,636	4.0%
	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%		76	0.0%	35	0.0%
1,	697	0.1%	2,023	0.1%	2,286	0.1%		2,336	0.1%	2,908	0.1%
3,	,517	0.2%	4,045	0.2%	3,804	0.1%		4,091	0.2%	3,598	0.2%
61,	,036	2.6%	62,509	2.6%	68,730	2.6%		67,790	2.7%	64,814	2.8%
32,	152	1.4%	34,415	1.4%	36,073	1.4%		38,712	1.5%	35,623	1.5%
2,	862	0.1%	3,054	0.1%	3,242	0.1%		3,592	0.1%	2,813	0.1%
	753	0.0%	803	0.0%	815	0.0%		925	0.0%	827	0.0%
67,	165	2.9%	61,855	2.6%	123,953	4.8%	_	57,563	2.3%	20,186	0.9%
\$ 2,316,	434	100.0%	\$ 2,420,250	100.0%	\$ 2,618,784	100.0%	\$	2,555,762	100.0%	\$ 2,355,317	100.0%

### **State of Hawaii Debt Capacity Information Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type** Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts in thousands except per capita data)

							Fiscal Year	End	ded June 30,
	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
Governmental activities									
General obligation bonds	\$ 5,963,928	\$	5,784,139	\$	5,534,921	\$	5,475,348	\$	4,987,544
Revenue bonds	631,110		412,725		441,150		468,180		378,625
Capital leases	 96,175		102,622	_	89,879		95,340	_	100,520
Total governmental activities	 6,691,213		6,299,486		6,065,950	_	6,038,868		5,466,689
Business-type activities									
General obligation bonds	29,332		31,176		32,934		34,611		36,221
Revenue bonds	1,218,943		1,278,137		1,326,112		1,370,314		1,410,624
Lease revenue certificates of participation	 172,864		173,771					_	
Total business-type activities	 1,421,139	_	1,483,084	_	1,359,046	_	1,404,925		1,446,845
Total primary government	\$ 8,112,352	\$	7,782,570	\$	7,424,996	\$	7,443,793	\$	6,913,534
Hawaii total personal income	\$ 66,763,000	\$	64,620,000	\$	63,209,000	\$	59,928,000	\$	58,129,000
Debt as a percentage of personal income	12.2%		12.0%		11.7%		12.4%		11.9%
Hawaii population	1,432		1,420		1,404		1,392		1,375
Amount of debt per capita	\$ 5,665	\$	5,481	\$	5,288	\$	5,348	\$	5,028

**Source:** State of Hawaii, Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports.

State of Hawaii, Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism – QSER.

Details regarding the State's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial Note:

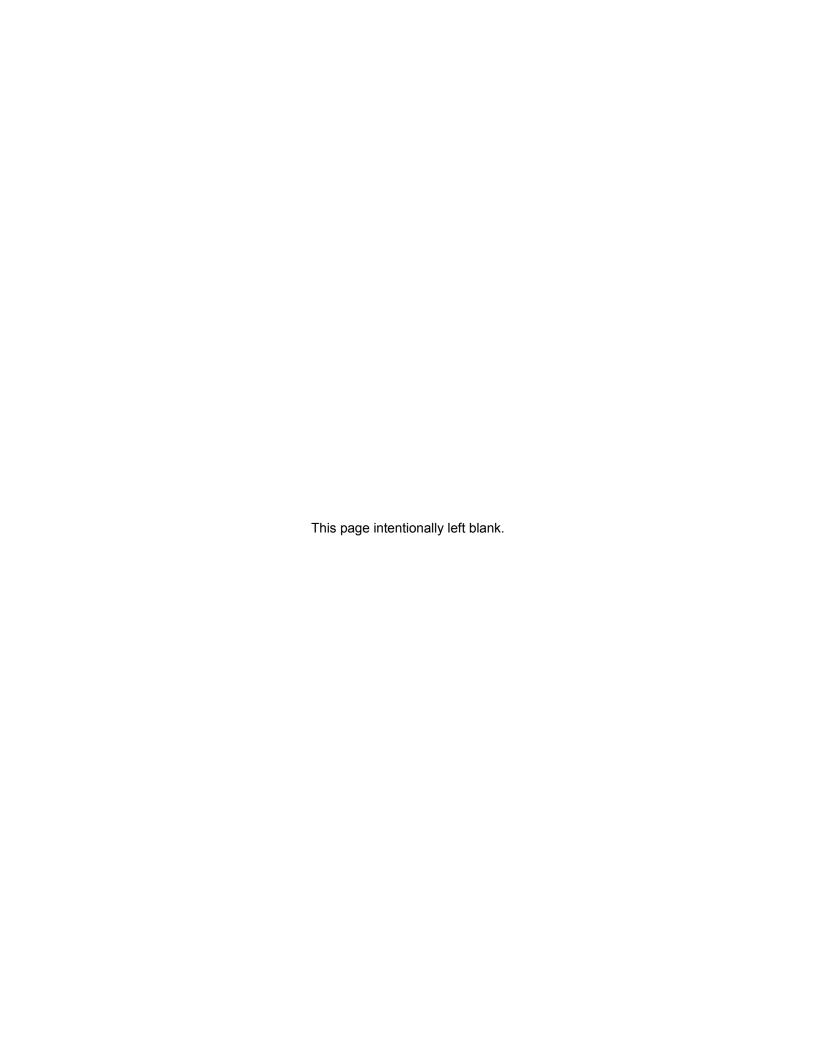
statements.

_	2010	2009	2008	2007	_	2006
\$	5,157,198 400,215 64,385	\$ 4,779,666 420,605 71,685	\$ 4,408,572 268,425 75,480	\$ 4,079,714 283,310 79,090	\$	4,322,964 306,255 58,035
	5,621,798	5,271,956	4,752,477	4,442,114		4,687,254
	37,362 1,248,680	38,329 861,423	38,357 861,141	37 939,349 -		137 883,823
	1,286,042	899,752	899,498	939,386		883,960
\$	6,907,840	\$ 6,171,708	\$ 5,651,975	\$ 5,381,500	\$	5,571,214
\$	56,248,000	\$ 54,413,000	\$ 54,181,000	\$ 50,131,000	\$	47,339,000
	12.3%	11.3%	10.4%	10.7%		11.8%
	1,300	1,295	1,287	1,299		1,285
\$	5,314	\$ 4,766	\$ 4,392	\$ 4,143	\$	4,336

### State of Hawaii Debt Capacity Information Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands except ratio data)

Fiscal Year	Taxable Sales (1)	Population (2)	General Obligation Bonded Debt (3)(4)	Servic	s: Debt es Monies lable (3)	(	let General Obligation onded Debt	Percentage of Taxable Sales	Ot Bon	General Digation Ided Debt Or Capita
2015	\$ 90,691,000	1,432	\$ 5,963,928	\$	35	\$	5,963,893	6.6%	\$	4,165
2014	93,484,000	1,420	5,784,139		35		5,784,104	6.2%		4,073
2013	91,181,000	1,404	5,534,921		63		5,534,858	6.1%		3,942
2012	87,448,000	1,392	5,475,348		64		5,475,284	6.3%		3,933
2011	79,281,000	1,375	4,987,544		109		4,987,435	6.3%		3,627
2010	74,436,000	1,300	5,157,198		118		5,157,080	6.9%		3,967
2009	78,034,000	1,295	4,779,666		68		4,779,598	6.1%		3,691
2008	82,868,000	1,287	4,408,572	2	2,002		4,386,570	5.3%		3,408
2007	83,453,000	1,276	4,079,714	2	1,704		4,058,010	5.2%		3,180
2006	78,123,000	1,285	4,322,694		7,226		4,315,738	5.9%		3,359

- (1) **Source:** State of Hawaii, Department of Taxation.
- (2) **Source:** State of Hawaii, Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism Census Data.
- (3) **Source:** State of Hawaii, Department of Accounting and General Services, Accounting Division.
- (4) Excludes Enterprise Funds and Component Unit UH general obligation bonds.



## State of Hawaii Debt Capacity Information Legal Debt Margin Information Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts in thousands)

						Fiscal Year E	Ende	ed June 30,
		2015		2014	2013	2012		2011
Average general fund revenues of the three preceding fiscal years	\$	6,294,642	\$	5,987,800	\$ 5,659,152	\$ 5,197,547	\$	4,992,943
Constitutional debt limit percentage		18.5%	_	18.5%	18.5%	18.5%	_	18.5%
Constitutional debt limit for total principal and interest payable in a current or future year		1,164,509		1,107,743	1,046,943	961,546		923,694
Less: Total principal and interest payable on outstanding general obligation bonds in highest debt service		(602 024)		(602 677)	(602 502)	(667.041)		(610.711)
year (fiscal year ended June 30, 2012)	_	(693,934)	_	(693,677)	 (693,592)	 (667,041)	_	(618,711)
Legal debt margin	\$	470,575	\$	414,066	\$ 353,351	\$ 294,505	\$	304,983
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit		40.4%		37.4%	33.8%	30.6%		33.0%

The formula for the legal debt limit is contained in Article VII, Section 13 of the State Constitution.

_	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$	5,032,973 18.5%	\$ 5,126,782 18.5%	\$ 5,083,126 18.5%	\$ 4,832,700 18.5%	\$ 4,423,191 18.5%
	931,100	948,455	940,378	894,050	818,290
\$	(610,255) 320,845	\$ (563,266) 385,189	\$ (540,348) 400,030	\$ (550,696) 343,354	\$ (533,810) 284,480
	34.5%	40.6%	42.5%	38.4%	34.8%

### State of Hawaii Debt Capacity Information Pledge Revenue Coverage Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts in thousands)

									Fi	scal Year E	nde	ed June 30,								
	Ξ	2015	_	2014		2013	_	2012		2011		2010		2009		2008	_	2007		2006
Revenue bonds - Airports																				
Gross revenue (1)	\$	355,948	\$	341,155	\$	385,841	\$	319,542	\$	322,639	\$	295,087	\$	288,583	\$	307,418	\$	286,838	\$	267,927
Less: Operating expenses (2)		253,581		246,982	_	244,328	_	230,224		218,290		214,208	_	233,896		239,667		211,119		171,990
Net available revenue		102,367		94,173		141,513		89,318		104,349		80,879		54,687		67,751		75,719		95,937
Debt services																				
Principal		35,725		34,210		40,305		30,579		25,370		23,615		22,310		21,140		32,250		30,565
Interest (3)		41,671	_	23,414	_	40,705	_	34,440	_	35,319	_	21,300	_	17,453		26,076	_	10,868		11,557
Total debt services		77,396		57,624		81,010		65,019	_	60,689	_	44,915		39,763		47,216		43,118		42,122
Coverage (4)		132%	_	163%		175%		137%	_	172%		180%		138%	_	143%		176%		228%
Revenue bonds – Harbors																				
Gross revenue (5)	\$	124,663	\$		\$	114,640	\$	104,678	\$	88,018	\$	74,155	\$	80,896	\$	96,256	\$	97,414	\$	89,402
Less: Operating expenses (6)	_	43,132	_	43,837	_	44,048	_	41,202	_	37,650	_	36,930	_	47,814	_	49,229	_	42,967	_	35,140
Net available revenue		81,531		78,542		70,592		63,476		50,368		37,225		33,082		47,027		54,447		54,262
Debt services		31,176		31,528	_	31,531		27,770	_	27,965	_	23,226		23,167		24,290		25,364		19,265
Coverage (4)	_	262%	_	249%	_	224%	_	229%	_	180%		160%		143%	_	194%	_	215%	_	282%
Revenue bonds - Highways																				
Gross revenue		N/A	\$	255,431	\$	256,102	\$	232,543	\$	197,142	\$	184,852	\$	189,498	\$	213,378	\$	210,989	\$	204,287
Less: Operating expenses		N/A		205,872		184,696	_	173,811		165,857	_	179,400		189,987		184,097		172,167		172,633
Net available revenue		N/A	_	49,559		71,406		58,732		31,285		5,452		(489)		29,281		38,822		31,654
Debt services																				
Principal		31,890		28,825		27,170		22,465		21,570		20,535		16,150		15,495		14,885		14,295
Interest		19,402		19,036	_	20,245		18,906		17,195		18,028	_	15,823		12,930		12,988		14,096
Total debt services	_	51,292	_	47,861	_	47,415	_	41,371	_	38,765	_	38,563	_	31,973		28,425	_	27,873		28,391
Coverage (7)	_	N/A	_	104%		151%	_	142%	_	81%		14%	_	-2%		103%		139%		111%
Revenue bonds – Department of Hawaiian Home Lands																				
Revenue	\$	15,230	\$	15,763	\$	12,585	\$	12,078	\$	12,036	\$	11,939	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,289
Less: Operating expenses		-		-	_	-	_	-	_	-		-	_					-		6,321
Net available revenue		15,230		15,763		12,585		12,078		12,036		11,939	_				_			3,968
Debt services																				
Principal		775		740		710		680		655		640		-		-		-		1,250
Interest		2,237		2,270	_	2,301	_	2,328	_	2,254	_	2,370	_				_	-		391
Total debt services	_	3,012	_	3,010	_	3,011	_	3,008	_	2,909	_	3,010		-				-	_	1,641
Coverage (4)	_	506%	_	524%	_	418%	_	402%	_	414%	_	397%	_	0%	_	0%	_	0%	_	242%

- (1) Total operating revenues plus interest income and federal operating grants, exclusive of interest earned on investment in financing leases.
- (2) Total operating expenses other than depreciation less (plus) excess of actual disbursements over (under) required reserve for major maintenance, renewal and replacement plus amounts required to be paid into the General Fund for general obligation bond requirements.
- (3) For purposes of calculating the debt service requirement, interest payment for airports system revenue bonds exclude the amortization of the deferred loss on refunding and original issue discount and premium, which are reported as interest expense for financial statement reporting purposes.

For fiscal 2008, Airports deposited \$10,000,000 of available funds into the Airport Revenue Fund for credit to the interest account in the current year to reduce the amount required pursuant to the provisions of Section 6.01 to be paid or credited during fiscal 2008 to the interest account as required in the "Certificate of the Director of Transportation Providing for the Issuance of State of Hawaii Airports System Revenue Bonds."

For fiscals 2015 and 2014, Airports transferred \$18,500,000 and \$19,000,000, respectively, of available funds from the Prepaid Airport Use Charge Fund into the Airport Revenue Fund for credit to the interest account in the current year to reduce the amount required to be deposited to the interest account, pursuant to the provisions of Section 6.01 in the "Certificate of the Director of Transportation Providing for the Issuance of State of Hawaii Airports System Revenue Bonds."

- (4) Revenue bond indentures require a minimum debt service coverage percentage of 125%.
- (5) Total operating and nonoperating revenues exclusive of interest income on investment in financing leases and special facility construction fund and revenue fund investments.
- (6) Total operating expenses other than depreciation, less State of Hawaii surcharge for central service expenses.
- (7) Highways revenue bond indentures require a minimum debt service coverage percentage of 100% during a routine year, 200% during the year bonds are issued, and 135% is required for any year Highways' funds are transferred out (i.e., General Fund).
- N/A Not available

Coverage equals net available revenue divided by debt services.

Source:

Airports Audited Financial Statements and Schedules of the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Airports Division. Harbors Financial Statements and Schedules of the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Harbors Division. Highways Financial Statements and Schedules of the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation, Highways Division. DHHL Audited Financial Statements and Schedules of the State of Hawaii, Department of Hawaiian Home Lands.

### State of Hawaii Demographic and Economic Information Demographic and Economic Statistics Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,																			
		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	_	2010		2009		2008	_	2007		2006
Population (in thousands)																				
State		1,432		1,420		1,404		1,392		1,375		1,300		1,298		1,287		1,276		1,285
Percentage change		0.85%		1.14%		0.85%		1.22%		5.77%		0.15%		0.46%		0.54%		1.09%		1.50%
National Percentage change		321,419 0.80%		318,857 0.86%		316,129 0.70%		313,914 0.74%		311,592 0.92%		308,746 0.57%		307,007 0.86%		304,375 0.93%		301,580 1.00%		285,593 0.96%
Total personal income (in millions)																				
State Percentage change	\$	66,763 3.32%	\$	64,620 2.23%	\$	63,209 5.19%	\$	59,928 3.00%	\$	58,129 3.34%	\$	56,248 3.37%	\$	54,413 0.43%	\$	54,181 8.08%	\$	50,131 5.90%	\$	47,339 7.32%
National Percentage change	\$ 1	4,991,944 3.97%	\$ 1	4,420,041 3.71%	\$ '	13,904,502 5.42%	\$ 1	3,150,560 3.49%	\$ 1	1.29%	\$ 1	2,530,101 4.28%	\$ 1	2,015,535 (1.72%)	\$ 1	2,225,589 2.91%	\$ 1	1,879,836 5.54%	\$ 1	1,256,516 7.44%
Per capita personal income (in thousands)																				
State Percentage change	\$	46,622 2.45%	\$	45,507 1.08%	\$	45,021 4.37%	\$	43,052 1.80%	\$	42,276 (2.29%)	\$	43,268 2.97%	\$	42,018 (0.19%)	\$	42,099 7.74%	\$	39,073 5.57%	\$	37,013 6.40%
National Percentage change	\$	46,643 3.14%	\$	45,224 2.82%	\$	43,984 4.75%	\$	41,892 2.77%	\$	40,731 0.36%	\$	40,584 3.69%	\$	39,138 (2.56%)	\$	40,166 1.96%	\$	39,392 4.49%	\$	37,698 6.42%
Resident civilian labor force and employment																				
Civilian labor force employed Unemployed Unemployment rate		645,092 27,729 4.10%		624,638 30,142 4.60%		615,546 33,913 5.20%		615,333 43,321 6.60%		591,329 39,941 6.30%		587,304 41,600 6.60%		594,500 43,250 6.80%		620,000 26,000 4.00%		623,150 17,000 2.70%		622,300 15,800 2.50%

**Source:** State of Hawaii, Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism – QSER.

Bureau of Economic Analysis – Regional Economic Accounts. State of Hawaii, Department of Labor and Industrial Relations –

Hawaii Workforce Infonet (HWI).

**Note:** The Per Capita Personal Income amount is computed by dividing Personal Income by

Population, multiplied by 1,000.

### State of Hawaii Demographic and Economic Information Ten Largest Private Sector Employers June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2006

2019	5		2006							
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total State Employment	Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total State Employment					
AHR Hospitality Partners, Inc.	3,000	0.4%	Aloha Airgroup Inc.	3,375	0.5%					
Bank of Hawaii Corp	2,161	0.3%	Hawaii Pacific Health	5,500	0.9%					
Hawaii Pacific Health	6,441	1.0%	Hawaiian Airlines	3,300	0.5%					
Hawaiian Electric Industries, Inc.	3,965	0.6%	Hawaiian Electric Industries, Inc.	3,383	0.5%					
Hawaiian Holdings, Inc.	5,379	0.8%	Kaiser Permanente Medical Care Program	3,969	0.6%					
Kaiser Permanente Hawaii	4,314	0.6%	Kyo-ya Co., Ltd	3,807	0.6%					
Kamehameha Schools	2,391	0.4%	Marriott International	5,835	0.9%					
Kyo-ya Hotels & Resorts LP	3,006	0.4%	McDonald's Restaurants of Hawaii	3,775	0.6%					
Outrigger Enterprises Inc.	3,757	0.6%	NCL America	3,515	0.6%					
The Queen's Health Systems	6,942	1.0%	The Queen's Health Systems	4,351	0.7%					

Source: Hawaii Business, Annual August Issue.

State of Hawaii, Department of Labor and Industrial Relations – HWI – Labor

(Total State Employees).

**Note:** Total Annual Average Employment for Hawaii for fiscal year 2015 – 673,000 and for

fiscal year 2006 – 631,000.

Listed alphabetically.

### State of Hawaii Demographic and Economic Information State Employees by Function Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,												
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006			
General government	4,571	4,572	4,419	4,394	4,381	4,381	4,752	4,720	4,523	4,638			
Public safety	3,197	3,175	2,981	2,903	2,864	2,880	3,089	3,011	2,889	2,881			
Transportation	2,295	2,254	2,275	2,202	2,160	2,158	2,290	2,229	2,222	2,287			
Conservation of natural resources	1,007	1,007	972	929	941	983	1,146	1,126	1,041	1,040			
Health	6,731	6,813	7,136	6,919	6,876	6,863	7,266	6,730	6,909	6,906			
Welfare	1,927	1,941	1,940	1,800	1,788	1,848	2,404	2,312	2,242	2,386			
Lower education	21,707	21,797	21,976	22,065	21,917	22,090	22,675	22,620	23,521	22,771			
Higher education	8,802	9,080	8,978	8,795	8,687	8,732	9,066	8,705	8,619	8,375			
Other education	488	492	-	454	473	482	516	518	509	523			
Urban redevelopment and housing	123	127	116	127	130	146	154	150	147	136			
Economic development and assistance	761	759	781	815	816	835	1,141	865	850	864			
Total	51,609	52,017	51,574	51,403	51,033	51,398	54,499	52,986	53,472	52,807			

Source: State of Hawaii, Department of Human Resources Development.

		Fiscal Year E						l Year En	nded June 30,		
		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	
General government											
Tax Commission											
Total individual net income returns		715,706		737,205		612,373		703,262		747,237	
Number of individual net income		E00 400		402 047		207 170		420 424		200 462	
returns filed electronically Percentage of individual net income	;	509,409		483,817		397,178		430,421		388,463	
returns transmitted electronically		71.18%		65.63%		64.86%		61.20%		51.99%	
Public safety											
Inmate population											
In-state facilities		4,683		4,456		4,438		4,396		4,423	
Out-of-state facilities		1,341		1,363		1,415		1,677		1,667	
Total		6,024		5,819		5,853		6,073		6,090	
Conservation and natural resources											
Parks and Recreation											
Number of state-owned parks		52		51		53		53		53	
Health											
Environmental health											
Air quality sites monitored		14		13		14		12		14	
Water quality stations		161		173		173		193		201	
Revolving loan funds		159		149		133		120		109	
Mental health				40.400		40 =00		44.000		44.404	
Adult consumers served		8,282		10,408		10,728		11,062		11,194	
Individuals with developmental disabilities served		2,705		2,615		2,599		2,558		2,438	
		2,703		2,013		2,599		2,550		2,430	
Welfare Temporary assistance to needy families											
recipients/temporary assistance to other											
needy families recipients (TANF/TAONF)											
Families per-month average		8,102		8,927		10,075		10,300		10,014	
Average time on assistance		17.5		N/A		14.6		13.5		13.0	
Monthly benefits paid for the											
month of July (in millions)	\$	3.60	\$	4.10	\$	5.47	\$	6.42	\$	6.17	
General assistance											
Individuals per month		5,699		5,598		5,687		5,633		5,298	
Food stamp program		404040		100 505		407.000		4=0.0=0		454 400	
Number of persons participating		191,918		193,565		187,062		172,676		154,496	
Number of households participating	\$	96,502 49.90	¢	98,440 43.39	¢	94,649 40.33	¢	86,418 37.18	ď	77,133 33.42	
Benefits issued (in millions)	Ф	49.90	\$	43.39	\$	40.33	\$	31.10	\$	33.42	
Medicaid programs  Med-Quest enrollment		332,197		325,510		292,423		287,902		272,218	
Med-Adest emonifient	•	JJZ, 197		J25,5 10		232,423		201,302		Z1 Z,Z 10	

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
665,057	682,178	678,305	667,297	602,375
322,515	308,366	271,212	231,154	196,959
48.49%	45.20%	39.98%	34.64%	32.70%
4,047 1,940	3,928 2,077	6,014 2,014	6,045 2,009	6,251 1,844
5,987	6,005	8,028	8,054	8,095
53	53	53	53	53
13	14	14	16	16
290 107	349 102	271 90	363 73	363 65
14,633	15,772	15,586	13,545	12,245
2,661	2,879	2,821	3,360	2,300
9,448	8,661	8,358	8,381	9,837
15.0	14.0	13.0	16.0	15.0
\$ 5.29	\$ 3.46	\$ 4.75	\$ 4.60	\$ 5.09
5,068	5,014	4,458	3,955	3,917
133,043	109,268	93,956	88,847	88,967
66,885 \$ 28.74	54,925 \$ 20.22	47,545 \$ 14.64	45,026 \$ 12.89	46,285 \$ 12.49
·	•		,	•
259,307	235,203	211,105	202,126	203,345

(continued)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 3								
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011				
Lower education									
Number of schools	289	288	286	286	287				
Number of students	182,384	185,273	183,251	181,213	178,208				
Staff	. 02,00	.00,2.0	.00,20.	,	,				
Classroom teachers	11,663	11,781	11,632	11,458	11,046				
Librarians	173	185	192	199	204				
Counselors	623	625	629	627	618				
Administrators	914	833	823	806	734				
Other support staff	9,052	9,014	8,987	8,975	8,408				
Total	22,425	22,438	22,263	22,065	21,010				
Higher education									
Enrollment									
Number of credit students	55,756	57,052	58,941	60,295	60,330				
Degrees earned		-							
Certificates/Associate Degrees/Advanced	4,830	5,158	4,097	3,638	3,324				
Professional certificates	4,000	3,130	4,097	3,030	3,324				
Bachelor's degrees	4,599	4,408	4,236	4,055	3,796				
Master's degrees/Professional diploma	1,035	1,179	1,095	1,287	1,269				
Doctor's degrees/First Professional	579	467	508	494	496				
Other	61	66	65	154	103				
Total	11,104	11,278	10,001	9,628	8,988				
Degrees by semple/sellege		<u> </u>							
Degrees by campus/college University of Hawaii at Manoa	4,923	4,949	4,737	4,767	4,675				
University of Hawaii at Hilo	4,923 905	806	809	915	731				
University of Hawaii at West Oahu	439	352	349	301	255				
Hawaii Community College	569	669	552	452	405				
Honolulu Community College	725	683	551	565	559				
Kapiolani Community College	1,335	1,513	1,193	987	851				
Kauai Community College	264	203	216	196	208				
Leeward Community College	1,000	1,090	770	721	657				
Maui Community College	575	660	601	560	482				
Windward Community College	369	353	223	164	165				
Total	11,104	11,278	10,001	9,628	8,988				

N/A Not available.

**Note:** Migration to new registration system at the UH Community Colleges, UH at Mānoa, UH at Hilo, and

UH at West Oahu in Fall 2006.

**Source:** General Government – State of Hawaii, Department of Taxation.

Public Safety – State of Hawaii, Department of Public Safety.

Conservation of Natural Resources – State of Hawaii, Department of Land and Natural Resources.

Health – State of Hawaii, Department of Health.

Welfare – State of Hawaii, Department of Human Services.

Lower Education – State of Hawaii, Department of Education.

Higher Education - University of Hawaii.

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2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	
286	289	287	286	285	
178,649	177,871	178,369	179,234	181,406	
11,262	11,294	11,396	11,270	11,226	
225	249	257	272	292	
646	660	660	670	671	
728	747	773	746	706	
8,607	8,654	8,566	8,103	8,164	
21,468	21,604	21,652	21,061	21,059	
60,090	57,945	53,526	50,454	49,990	
3,025	2,785	2,660	2,710	2,637	
3,593	3,705	3,698	3,586	3,639	
1,216	1,185	1,269	1,219	1,320	
351	354	369	320	321	
106	55				
8,291	8,084	7,996	7,835	7,917	
4,414	4,496	4,566	4,313	4,401	
601	614	588	592	614	
242	221	180	217	265	
426	386	346	311	339	
486	504	520	537	515	
783	702	685	757	641	
162 608	163 503	139 475	135 514	114 533	
416	364	475 367	336	360	
153	131	130	123	135	
8,291	8,084	7,996	7,835	7,917	
0,231	0,00	1,000	7,000	1,511	

(concluded)

### State of Hawaii Operating Information Capital Assets Statistics by Function Ten Years Ended June 30, 2015

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,											
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006		
General government				·	·				·			
Department of Accounting and												
General Services	79	78	74	74	74	74	74	72	71	10		
Buildings	650	650	608	600	592	582	602	571	553	581		
Vehicles												
Department of the Attorney General												
Buildings	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Vehicles	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	1		
The Judiciary												
Buildings	19	19	19	18	18	18	18	17	17	17		
Vehicles	18	18	18	18	17	16	15	13	14	15		
Other departments												
Buildings	23	23	22	24	24	24	23	23	23	21		
Vehicles	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	6	6		
Public Safety												
Department of Public Safety												
Buildings and correction facilities	77	75	74	74	74	73	72	71	71	71		
Vehicles	306	279	274	277	278	277	262	260	245	241		
Department of Defense												
Buildings	99	98	98	97	97	96	96	96	100	98		
Vehicles	96	128	118	112	81	79	79	79	84	77		
Department of Commerce and												
Consumer Affairs												
Buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-		
Highways												
Department of Transportation												
Highway lane miles	2,477	2,488	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,497	2,479	2,478	2,466	2,433		
Highway bridges	752	752	N/A	N/A	N/A	752	752	752	752	752		
Buildings	39	37	36	36	34	34	34	29	26	26		
Vehicles	971	982	984	951	958	968	963	949	932	918		
venicies	9/1	982	984	951	958	968	963	949	932	918		

N/A Not available

**Source:** Buildings and Vehicles – State of Hawaii, Department of Accounting and General Services.

Lane Miles – State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation.

Land Area and Highway Bridges – State of Hawaii, Data Book 2014.

				Fisc	cal Year E	nded June	30,			
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Conservation of natural resources										
Department of Land and Natural Resources										
Land area (in square miles)	6,423	6,423	6,423	6,423	6,423	6,423	6,423	6,423	6,423	6,423
Buildings	97	96	94	93	95	95	95	74	76	75
Vehicles	824	785	788	756	758	732	731	706	681	597
Department of Agriculture										
Buildings	33	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	31	27
Vehicles	164	166	167	170	176	186	186	184	166	167
Health										
Department of Health										
Buildings	74	74	74	74	74	74	72	71	75	69
Vehicles	230	227	238	252	259	280	284	295	292	283
Welfare										
Department of Human Services										
Buildings	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Vehicles	104	116	110	107	111	111	117	128	126	134
Lower education										
Department of Education										
Buildings	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	O	0	O	O	0	O	O	O	0	O
Other education										
Department of Education – libraries										
Buildings	38	38	38	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
Vehicles	29	25	27	28	27	28	28	30	31	33
Urban redevelopment and housing										
Department of Hawaiian Home Lands										
Buildings	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	16	18	15
Vehicles	36	33	37	33	34	34	34	33	30	29
Economic development and assistance										
Department of Business, Economic										
Development and Tourism										
Buildings	32	32	32	33	33	33	33	32	27	30
Vehicles	32	28	30	32	33	34	34	39	37	36
Department of Labor and Industrial Relations										
Buildings	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2